

# Qualcomm Application Programming Interface for MDM9206 TX3.0

## Interface Specification

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# Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
A	Jan 2018	Initial release
B	May 2018	Changed document title, removed use cases information. Updated Sections 4.1.1, 4.1.2, 5.1.1, 5.1.2.11, 17.1.1.1, 17.1.1.7, 17.1.4.18, 17.1.4.19, 21.1.3.1, and 22.1. Added Sections 5.1.2.2, 5.1.2.9, 5.2.1.4, 5.10, 5.19, 17.1.1.2, 17.1.3.6, 20.2.1.3, and 24.2.
C	Oct 2018	Changes have occurred in the following sections: HTTP(S) API, I2C Master APIs, MQTT Data Types, PMIC Battery Status Information, Library Functions for Accessing the QSEECOM Drivers, QAPI Socket Macros and Data Structures, SPI Master APIs, Timer and Battery Modules, UART APIs, Wired Connectivity Module.

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# 1 Introduction

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## 1.1 Purpose

This document is the reference specification for the Qualcomm Application Programming Interface (QAPI) for the MDM9206 ThreadX (TX) OS version 3.0.

The QAPIs are designed to facilitate the development of IoT applications.

This document provides the public interfaces necessary to use the features provided by the QAPIs. A functional overview and information on leveraging the interface functionality are also provided.

## 1.2 Conventions

Function declarations, function names, type declarations, and code samples appear in a different font, e.g., `#include`.

## 1.3 Technical Assistance

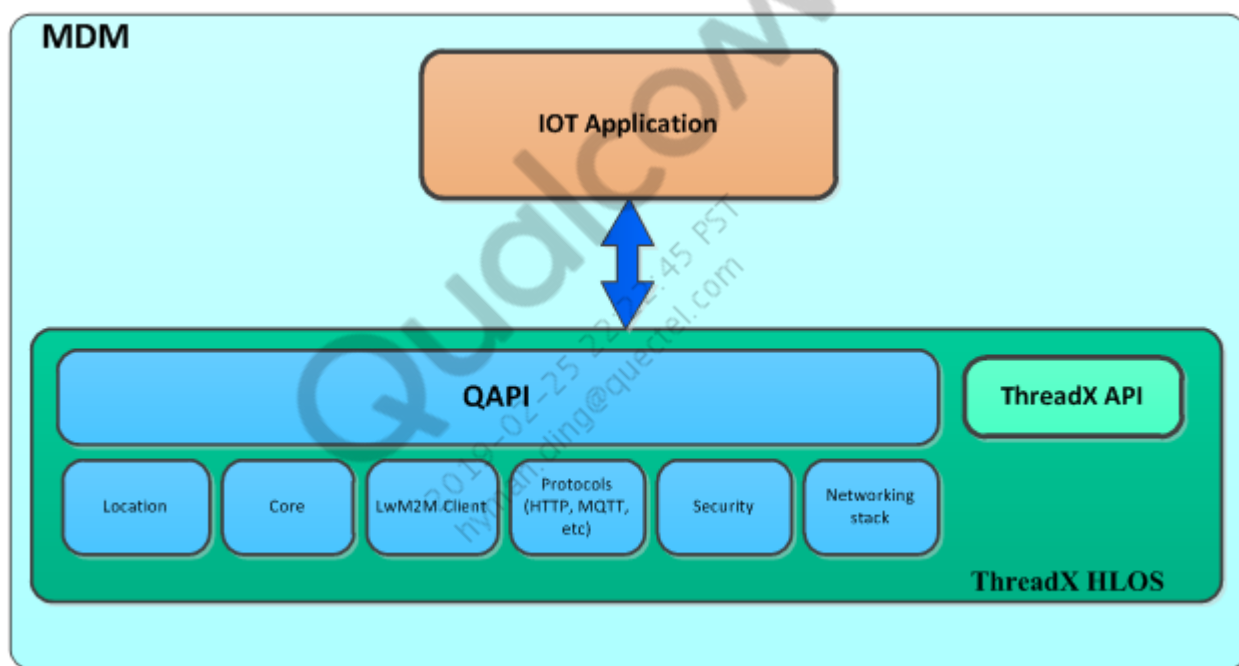
For assistance or clarification on information in this document, submit a case to Qualcomm Technologies, Inc. (QTI) at <https://support.cdmatech.com>.

If you do not have access to the CDMATech Support website, register for access or send email to [support.cdmatech@qti.qualcomm.com](mailto:support.cdmatech@qti.qualcomm.com).

## 2 Functional Overview

The QAPIs are designed to facilitate the development of IoT applications. Chapter 3 contains details on each of the QAPIs.

Figure 2-1 illustrates the high level IOT application architecture in ThreadX. The QAPIs enable the application to use the features provided by the HLOS and modem on the MDM.



**Figure 2-1 High level IOT application architecture in ThreadX**

For use cases pertaining to these QAPIs, refer to *MDM9206 ThreadX QAPI Usage Guide* (80-P8101-35).

# 3 DSS Net Control APIs

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This chapter provides the APIs for DSS netctrl to interact with the underlying data control plane:

- [DSS Netctrl Macros, Data Structures, and Enumerations](#)
- [Initialize the DSS Netctrl Library](#)
- [Release the DSS Netctrl Library](#)
- [Get the Data Service Handle](#)
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- [Set the Data Call Parameter](#)
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- [Get the IP Address Information Structure](#)
- [Get the Link MTU Information](#)
- [Add Filters for an MO Exception IP Data Call](#)
- [Remove Filters for an MO Exception IP Data Call](#)
- [Send Non-IP UL Data](#)

## 3.1 DSS Netctrl Macros, Data Structures, and Enumerations

This section contains the DSS netctrl constants and macros, enumerations, and data structures.

### Unique Radio Technology Bitmasks

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_UNKNOWN 0x00000000
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_MIN 0x00000001
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_UMTS QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_MIN
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_CDMA 0x00000002
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_1X 0x00000004
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_DO 0x00000008
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_LTE 0x00000010
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_TDSCDMA 0x00000020

### Supported Radio Technologies

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_MAX 6

### Extended Radio Technology

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_EXT\_RADIO\_TECH\_UNKNOWN 0x00
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_EXT\_RADIO\_TECH\_MIN 0x01
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_EXT\_RADIO\_TECH\_NONIP QAPI\_DSS\_EXT\_RADIO\_TECH\_MIN

### Supported Extended Radio Technologies

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_EXT\_RADIO\_TECH\_MAX 1

### MO Exception Data

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_MO\_EXCEPTION\_NONE 0x00
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_MO\_EXCEPTION\_IP\_DATA 0x01
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_MO\_EXCEPTION\_NONIP\_DATA 0x02

### Call Information

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_USERNAME\_MAX\_LEN 127
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_PASSWORD\_MAX\_LEN 127
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_APN\_MAX\_LEN 150



**Device Name**

For example, rmnet\_sdioxx, rmnet\_xx, etc.

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_DEVICE\_NAME\_MAX\_LEN 12

**Maximum Client Handles Supported**

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_MAX\_DATA\_CALLS 20

**QAPI\_DSS Error Codes**

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_SUCCESS 0
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_ERROR -1

**IP Versions**

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IP\_VERSION\_4 4
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IP\_VERSION\_6 6
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IP\_VERSION\_4\_6 10

**Supported Modes of Operation**

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_MODE\_GENERAL 0

**Maximum Supported MO Exception Filters**

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_MAX\_EXCEPTION\_FILTERS 255

**Maximum IPv6 Address Length**

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV6\_ADDR\_LEN 16

**MO Exception Data Filter Error Mask**

- typedef uint64\_t qapi\_DSS\_MO\_Filter\_Error\_Mask\_t
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_NONE\_V01 0x00000000
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IP\_VERSION\_V01 0x00000001
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV4\_SRC\_ADDR\_V01 0x00000002
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV4\_DEST\_ADDR\_V01 0x00000004
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV4\_TOS\_V01 0x00000008
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV6\_SRC\_ADDR\_V01 0x00000010
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV6\_DEST\_ADDR\_V01 0x00000020
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV6\_TRF\_CLS\_V01 0x00000040
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV6\_FLOW\_LABEL\_V01 0x00000080

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_XPORT\_PROT\_V01 0x00000100
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_TCP\_SRC\_PORT\_V01 0x00000200
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_TCP\_DEST\_PORT\_V01 0x00000400
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_UDP\_SRC\_PORT\_V01 0x00000800
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_UDP\_DEST\_PORT\_V01 0x00001000
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_ICMP\_TYPE\_V01 0x00002000
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_ICMP\_CODE\_V01 0x00004000
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_ESP\_SPI\_V01 0x00008000
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_AH\_SPI\_V01 0x00010000

#### MO Exception Data IPv4 Filter Mask

- typedef uint64\_t qapi\_DSS\_IPv4\_Filter\_Mask\_t
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV4\_FILTER\_MASK\_NONE 0x00000000
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV4\_FILTER\_MASK\_SRC\_ADDR 0x00000001
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV4\_FILTER\_MASK\_DEST\_ADDR 0x00000002
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV4\_FILTER\_MASK\_TOS 0x00000004

#### MO Exception Data IPv6 Filter Mask

- typedef uint64\_t qapi\_DSS\_IPv6\_Filter\_Mask\_t
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV6\_FILTER\_MASK\_NONE 0x00000000
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV6\_FILTER\_MASK\_SRC\_ADDR 0x00000001
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV6\_FILTER\_MASK\_DEST\_ADDR 0x00000002
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV6\_FILTER\_MASK\_TRAFFIC\_CLASS 0x00000004
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV6\_FILTER\_MASK\_FLOW\_LABEL 0x00000008

#### Transport Port Filter Mask Information

- typedef uint64\_t qapi\_DSS\_Port\_Info\_Filter\_Mask\_t
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_PORT\_INFO\_FILTER\_MASK\_NONE 0x00000000
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_PORT\_INFO\_FILTER\_MASK\_SRC\_PORT 0x00000001
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_PORT\_INFO\_FILTER\_MASK\_DEST\_PORT 0x00000002

#### ICMP Filter Mask Information

- typedef uint64\_t qapi\_DSS\_ICMP\_Info\_Filter\_Mask\_t
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_ICMP\_FILTER\_MASK\_NONE 0x00000000
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_ICMP\_FILTER\_MASK\_MSG\_TYPE 0x00000001

- #define QAPI\_DSS\_ICMP\_FILTER\_MASK\_MSG\_CODE 0x00000002

### IPSec Filter Mask Information

- typedef uint64\_t qapi\_DSS\_IPSec\_Info\_Filter\_Mask\_t
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPSEC\_FILTER\_MASK\_NONE 0x00000000
- #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPSEC\_FILTER\_MASK\_SPI 0x00000001

## 3.1.1 Define Documentation

### 3.1.1.1 #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_UNKNOWN 0x00000000

Technology is unknown.

### 3.1.1.2 #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_MIN 0x00000001

Start.

### 3.1.1.3 #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_UMTS QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_MIN

UMTS.

### 3.1.1.4 #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_CDMA 0x00000002

CDMA.

### 3.1.1.5 #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_1X 0x00000004

1X.

### 3.1.1.6 #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_DO 0x00000008

DO.

### 3.1.1.7 #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_LTE 0x00000010

LTE.

### 3.1.1.8 #define QAPI\_DSS\_RADIO\_TECH\_TDSCDMA 0x00000020

TDSCDMA.

### 3.1.1.9 #define QAPI\_DSS\_MO\_EXCEPTION\_NONE 0x00

None.

**3.1.1.10 #define QAPI\_DSS\_MO\_EXCEPTION\_IP\_DATA 0x01**

MO exception IP data.

**3.1.1.11 #define QAPI\_DSS\_MO\_EXCEPTION\_NONIP\_DATA 0x02**

MO exception non-IP data.

**3.1.1.12 #define QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_USERNAME\_MAX\_LEN 127**

Maximum length of the username.

**3.1.1.13 #define QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_PASSWORD\_MAX\_LEN 127**

Maximum length of the password.

**3.1.1.14 #define QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_APN\_MAX\_LEN 150**

Maximum length of the APN.

**3.1.1.15 #define QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_DEVICE\_NAME\_MAX\_LEN 12**

Maximum length of the device name.

**3.1.1.16 #define QAPI\_DSS\_SUCCESS 0**

Indicates that the operation was successful.

**3.1.1.17 #define QAPI\_DSS\_ERROR -1**

Indicates that the operation was not successful.

**3.1.1.18 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IP\_VERSION\_4 4**

IP version v4.

**3.1.1.19 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IP\_VERSION\_6 6**

IP version v6.

**3.1.1.20 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IP\_VERSION\_4\_6 10**

IP version v4v6.

**3.1.1.21 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_NONE\_V01 0x00000000**

No errors.

**3.1.1.22 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IP\_VERSION\_V01 0x00000001**

IP version.

**3.1.1.23 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV4\_SRC\_ADDR\_V01 0x00000002**

IPv4 source address.

**3.1.1.24 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV4\_DEST\_ADDR\_V01 0x00000004**

IPv4 destination address.

**3.1.1.25 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV4\_TOS\_V01 0x00000008**

IPv4 type of service.

**3.1.1.26 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV6\_SRC\_ADDR\_V01 0x00000010**

IPv6 source address.

**3.1.1.27 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV6\_DEST\_ADDR\_V01 0x00000020**

IPv6 destination address.

**3.1.1.28 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV6\_TRF\_CLS\_V01 0x00000040**

IPv6 traffic class.

**3.1.1.29 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_IPV6\_FLOW\_LABEL\_V01 0x00000080**

IPv6 flow label.

**3.1.1.30 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_XPORT\_PROT\_V01 0x00000100**

Transport protocol.

**3.1.1.31 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_TCP\_SRC\_PORT\_V01 0x00000200**

TCP source port.

**3.1.1.32 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_TCP\_DEST\_PORT\_V01 0x00000400**

TCP destination port.

**3.1.1.33 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_UDP\_SRC\_PORT\_V01 0x00000800**

UDP source port.

**3.1.1.34 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_UDP\_DEST\_PORT\_V01 0x00001000**

UDP destination port.

**3.1.1.35 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_ICMP\_TYPE\_V01 0x00002000**

ICMP type.

**3.1.1.36 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_ICMP\_CODE\_V01 0x00004000**

ICMP code.

**3.1.1.37 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_ESP\_SPI\_V01 0x00008000**

Encapsulating SPI.

**3.1.1.38 #define QAPI\_DSS\_FILTER\_PARAM\_AH\_SPI\_V01 0x00010000**

Authentication header SPI.

**3.1.1.39 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV4\_FILTER\_MASK\_NONE 0x00000000**

No parameters.

**3.1.1.40 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV4\_FILTER\_MASK\_SRC\_ADDR 0x00000001**

IPv4 source address.

**3.1.1.41 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV4\_FILTER\_MASK\_DEST\_ADDR 0x00000002**

IPv4 destination address.

**3.1.1.42 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV4\_FILTER\_MASK\_TOS 0x00000004**

IPv4 traffic class.

**3.1.1.43 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV6\_FILTER\_MASK\_NONE 0x00000000**

No parameters.

**3.1.1.44 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV6\_FILTER\_MASK\_SRC\_ADDR 0x00000001**

IPv6 source address.

**3.1.1.45 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV6\_FILTER\_MASK\_DEST\_ADDR 0x00000002**

IPv6 destination address.

**3.1.1.46 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV6\_FILTER\_MASK\_TRAFFIC\_CLASS 0x00000004**

IPv6 traffic class.

**3.1.1.47 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPV6\_FILTER\_MASK\_FLOW\_LABEL 0x00000008**

IPv6 flow label.

**3.1.1.48 #define QAPI\_DSS\_PORT\_INFO\_FILTER\_MASK\_NONE 0x00000000**

No parameters.

**3.1.1.49 #define QAPI\_DSS\_PORT\_INFO\_FILTER\_MASK\_SRC\_PORT 0x00000001**

Source port.

**3.1.1.50 #define QAPI\_DSS\_PORT\_INFO\_FILTER\_MASK\_DEST\_PORT 0x00000002**

Destination port.

**3.1.1.51 #define QAPI\_DSS\_ICMP\_FILTER\_MASK\_NONE 0x00000000**

No parameters.

**3.1.1.52 #define QAPI\_DSS\_ICMP\_FILTER\_MASK\_MSG\_TYPE 0x00000001**

Message type.

**3.1.1.53 #define QAPI\_DSS\_ICMP\_FILTER\_MASK\_MSG\_CODE 0x00000002**

Message code.

**3.1.1.54 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPSEC\_FILTER\_MASK\_NONE 0x00000000**

No parameters.

**3.1.1.55 #define QAPI\_DSS\_IPSEC\_FILTER\_MASK\_SPI 0x00000001**

Security parameter index.

**3.1.1.56 #define qapi\_DSS\_Pass\_Pool\_Ptr( a, b ) dss\_set\_byte\_pool(a,b)**

Macro that passes a Byte Pool pointer for the DSS application.

Parameter a – Handle.

Parameter b – Pointer to the Byte Pool.

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

**Note:** This macro is only used in the DAM space.

**3.1.1.57 #define qapi\_DSS\_Release( a ) dss\_release\_byte\_pool\_release\_handle(a)**

Macro that releases a Byte Pool pointer for the DSS application.

Parameter a – Handle.

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

**Note:** This macro is only used in the DAM space.

**3.1.2 Data Structure Documentation****3.1.2.1 struct qapi\_DSS\_CE\_Reason\_s**

Call end (CE) reason.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_CE_Reason_Type_t	reason_type	Discriminator for reason codes.
int	reason_code	Overloaded cause codes discriminated by reason type.

**3.1.2.2 struct qapi\_DSS\_Call\_Param\_Value\_s**

Specifies call parameter values.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
char *	buf_val	Pointer to the buffer containing the parameter value that is to be set.
int	num_val	Size of the parameter buffer.

**3.1.2.3 struct qapi\_DSS\_Addr\_s**

Structure to represent the IP address.



**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
char	valid_addr	Indicates whether a valid address is available.
union <a href="#">qapi_dss-ip_address_u</a>	addr	Union of DSS IP addresses.

**3.1.2.4 union qapi\_DSS\_Addr\_s::qapi\_dss\_ip\_address\_u**

Union of DSS IP addresses.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	v4	Used to access the IPv4 address.
uint64_t	v6_addr64	Used to access the IPv6 address.
uint32_t	v6_addr32	Used to access the IPv6 address as four 32-bit integers.
uint16_t	v6_addr16	Used to access octets of the IPv6 address.
uint8_t	v6_addr8	Used to access octets of the IPv6 address as 16 8-bit integers.

**3.1.2.5 struct qapi\_DSS\_Addr\_Info\_s**

IP address-related information.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_Addr_t	iface_addr_s	Network interface address.
unsigned int	iface_mask	Interface subnet mask.
qapi_DSS_Addr_t	gtwy_addr_s	Gateway server address.
unsigned int	gtwy_mask	Gateway subnet mask.
qapi_DSS_Addr_t	dnsp_addr_s	Primary DNS server address.
qapi_DSS_Addr_t	dnss_addr_s	Secondary DNS server address.

**3.1.2.6 struct qapi\_DSS\_Data\_Pkt\_Stats\_s**

Packet statistics.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
unsigned long	pkts_tx	Number of packets transmitted.
unsigned long	pkts_rx	Number of packets received.
long long	bytes_tx	Number of bytes transmitted.
long long	bytes_rx	Number of bytes received.

Type	Parameter	Description
unsigned long	pkts_dropped_tx	Number of transmit packets dropped.
unsigned long	pkts_dropped_rx	Number of receive packets dropped.

### 3.1.2.7 struct qapi\_DSS\_Evt\_Payload\_s

Event payload sent with event callbacks.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t *	data	Payload data.
uint32_t	data_len	Payload data length.

### 3.1.2.8 struct qapi\_DSS\_IPv4\_Filter\_Address\_Type\_s

IPv4 address filter type.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	ipv4_addr	IPv4 address.
uint32_t	subnet_mask	IPv4 subnet mask.

### 3.1.2.9 struct qapi\_DSS\_IPv4\_Filter\_TOS\_Type\_s

IPv4 TOS filter type.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	val	Type of service value.
uint8_t	mask	Type of service mask.

### 3.1.2.10 struct qapi\_DSS\_IPv4\_Filter\_Info\_s

IPv4 filter rule information.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_IPv4_Filter_Mask_t	valid_params	Bitmask that denotes which parameters contain valid values.

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_I-Pv4_Filter_Address_Type_t	src_addr	IPv4 source address.
qapi_DSS_I-Pv4_Filter_Address_Type_t	dest_addr	IPv4 destination address.
qapi_DSS_I-Pv4_Filter_TOS_Type_t	tos	IPv4 type of service.

### 3.1.2.11 struct qapi\_DSS\_IPv6\_Filter\_Address\_Type\_s

IPv6 address filter type.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	ipv6_address	IPv6 address.
uint8_t	prefix_len	IPv6 address prefix length.

### 3.1.2.12 struct qapi\_DSS\_IPv6\_Filter\_Traffic\_Type\_s

IPv6 traffic class filter type.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	val	Traffic class value.
uint8_t	mask	Traffic class mask.

### 3.1.2.13 struct qapi\_DSS\_IPv6\_Filter\_Info\_s

IPv6 filter rule information.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_I-Pv6_Filter_Mask_t	valid_params	Bitmask that denotes which parameters contain valid values.
qapi_DSS_I-Pv6_Filter_Address_Type_t	src_addr	IPv6 source address.

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_IPv6_Filter_Address_Type_t	dest_addr	IPv6 destination address.
qapi_DSS_IPv6_Filter_Traffic_Type_t	trf_cls	IPv6 traffic class.
uint32_t	flow_label	IPv6 flow label.

### 3.1.2.14 struct qapi\_DSS\_IP\_Header\_Filters\_s

Internet protocol filter rule parameters.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	ip_version	Depending on the IP version set, either the IPv4 or the IPv6 information is valid. Values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• QAPI_DSS_IP_VERSION_4 (0x04) – IPv4</li> <li>• QAPI_DSS_IP_VERSION_6 (0x06) – IPv6</li> </ul>
qapi_DSS_IPv4_Filter_Info_t	v4_info	Filter parameters for IPv4.
qapi_DSS_IPv6_Filter_Info_t	v6_info	Filter parameters for IPv6.

### 3.1.2.15 struct qapi\_DSS\_Port\_Type\_s

DSS port type.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16_t	port	Port.
uint16_t	range	Range.

### 3.1.2.16 struct qapi\_DSS\_Port\_Filter\_Info\_s

TCP and UDP port filter rule parameters.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_Port_Filter_Mask_t	valid_params	Bitmask that denotes which parameters contain valid values.

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_Port_Type_t	src_port_info	Source port information.
qapi_DSS_Port_Type_t	dest_port_info	Destination port information.

### 3.1.2.17 struct qapi\_DSS\_ICMP\_Info\_Filter\_Type\_s

ICMP filter rule parameters.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_ICMP_Info_Filter_Mask_t	valid_params	Bitmask that denotes which parameters contain valid values.
uint8_t	type	ICMP type.
uint8_t	code	ICMP code.

### 3.1.2.18 struct qapi\_DSS\_IPSec\_Info\_Filter\_Type\_s

IPSec filter rule parameters.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_IPSec_Info_Filter_Mask_t	valid_params	Bitmask that denotes which parameters contain valid values.
uint32_t	spi	Security parameter index for IPSec.

### 3.1.2.19 struct qapi\_DSS\_Xport\_Header\_Filters\_s

Transport protocol filter rule parameters.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_XPORT_Protocol_t	xport_protocol	Depending on the value in xport_protocol, only one field of icmp_info, tcp_info, udp_info, esp_info, or ah_info is valid. QAPI_DSS_XPORT_PROTO_NONE implies that no transport level protocol parameters are valid.
qapi_DSS_Port_Filter_Info_t	tcp_info	Filter parameters for TCP.
qapi_DSS_Port_Filter_Info_t	udp_info	Filter parameters for UDP.

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_I-CMP_Info_-Filter_Type_t	icmp_info	Filter parameters for ICMP.
qapi_DSS_I-PSec_Info_-Filter_Type_t	esp_info	Filter parameters for ESP.
qapi_DSS_I-PSec_Info_-Filter_Type_t	ah_info	Filter parameters for AH.

### 3.1.2.20 struct qapi\_DSS\_Filter\_Rule\_Type\_s

MO exception data filter rules.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_DSS_IP_-Header_Filters-_t	ip_info	Internet protocol filter parameters.
qapi_DSS_-Xport_Header-_Filters_t	xport_info	Transport level protocol filter parameters.

### 3.1.2.21 struct qapi\_DSS\_Add\_MO\_Exception\_Filters\_Req\_s

Add an MO exception data filters request.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	filter_rules_-valid	Set to TRUE if filter rules are being passed.
uint32_t	filter_rules_len	Set to the number of elements in the filter rules.
qapi_DSS_-Filter_Rule_-Type_t	filter_rules	List of filter rules.

### 3.1.2.22 struct qapi\_DSS\_Add\_MO\_Exception\_Filters\_Rsp\_s

Add an MO exception data filters response.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	filter_handles_-valid	Set to TRUE if filter handles are being passed.

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	filter_handles_len	Set to the number of elements in the filter handles.
uint32_t	filter_handles	List of handles that uniquely identify added filter rules.
uint8_t	filter_rule_error_valid	Set to TRUE if filter rule errors are being passed.
uint32_t	filter_rule_error_len	Set to the number of elements in the filter rule error.
qapi_DSS_MO_Filter_Error_Mask_t	filter_rule_error	Error mask list for filter rule errors.

### 3.1.2.23 struct qapi\_DSS\_Remove\_MO\_Exceptional\_Filters\_s

Remove MO exception data filters.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	filter_handles_len	Set to the number of elements in the filter handles.
uint32_t	filter_handles	List of handles to the filter rules to remove.

## 3.1.3 Typedef Documentation

### 3.1.3.1 typedef void(\* qapi\_DSS\_Net\_Ev\_CB\_t)(qapi\_DSS\_Hndl\_t hndl,void \*user\_data,qapi\_DSS\_Net\_Evt\_t evt,qapi\_DSS\_Evt\_Payload\_t \*payload\_ptr)

Callback function prototype for DSS events.

#### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle to which this event is associated.
in	<i>user_data</i>	Application-provided user data.
in	<i>evt</i>	Event identifier.
in	<i>payload_ptr</i>	Pointer to associated event information.

#### Returns

None.

## 3.1.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 3.1.4.1 enum qapi\_DSS\_Auth\_Pref\_e

Authentication preference for a PDP connection.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_DSS\_AUTH\_PREF\_PAP\_CHAP\_NOT\_ALLOWED\_E** Neither of the authentication protocols (PAP, CHAP) are allowed.

**QAPI\_DSS\_AUTH\_PREF\_PAP\_ONLY\_ALLOWED\_E** Only PAP authentication protocol is allowed.

**QAPI\_DSS\_AUTH\_PREF\_CHAP\_ONLY\_ALLOWED\_E** Only CHAP authentication protocol is allowed.

**QAPI\_DSS\_AUTH\_PREF\_PAP\_CHAP\_BOTH\_ALLOWED\_E** Both PAP and CHAP authentication protocols are allowed.

**3.1.4.2 enum qapi\_DSS\_CE\_Reason\_Type\_e**

Call end reason type.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_DSS\_CE\_TYPE\_UNINIT\_E** No specific call end reason was received from the modem.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CE\_TYPE\_INVALID\_E** No valid call end reason was received.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CE\_TYPE\_MOBILE\_IP\_E** Mobile IP error.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CE\_TYPE\_INTERNAL\_E** Data services internal error was sent by the modem.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CE\_TYPE\_CALL\_MANAGER\_DEFINED\_E** Modem Protocol internal error.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CE\_TYPE\_3GPP\_SPEC\_DEFINED\_E** 3GPP specification defined error.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CE\_TYPE\_PPP\_E** Error during PPP negotiation.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CE\_TYPE\_EHRPD\_E** Error during EHRPD.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CE\_TYPE\_IPV6\_E** Error during IPv6 configuration.

**3.1.4.3 enum qapi\_DSS\_Call\_Info\_Enum\_e**

Call parameter identifier.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_UMTS\_PROFILE\_IDX\_E** UMTS profile ID.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_APN\_NAME\_E** APN name.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_USERNAME\_E** APN user name.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_PASSWORD\_E** APN password.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_AUTH\_PREF\_E** Authentication preference.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_CDMA\_PROFILE\_IDX\_E** CDMA profile ID.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_TECH\_PREF\_E** Technology preference.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_IP\_VERSION\_E** Preferred IP family for the call.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_EXT\_TECH\_E** Extended technology preference.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_MO\_EXCEPTION\_DATA\_E** MO exception data.

**3.1.4.4 enum qapi\_DSS\_Net\_Evt\_e**

QAPI DSS event names. Event names are sent along with the registered user callback.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_DSS\_EVT\_INVALID\_E** Invalid event.

**QAPI\_DSS\_EVT\_NET\_IS\_CONN\_E** Call connected.

**QAPI\_DSS\_EVT\_NET\_NO\_NET\_E** Call disconnected.



**QAPI\_DSS\_EVT\_NET\_RECONFIGURED\_E** Call reconfigured.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_EVT\_NET\_NEWADDR\_E** New address generated.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_EVT\_NET\_DELADDR\_E** Delete generated.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_EVT\_NIPD\_DL\_DATA\_E** Non-IP downlink data.

### 3.1.4.5 enum qapi\_DSS\_IP\_Family\_e

IP families.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_DSS\_IP\_FAMILY\_V4\_E** IPV4 address family.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_IP\_FAMILY\_V6\_E** IPV6 address family.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_NON\_IP\_FAMILY\_E** Non-IP family.

### 3.1.4.6 enum qapi\_DSS\_Data\_Bearer\_Tech\_e

Bearer technology types.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_UNKNOWN\_E** Unknown bearer.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_CDMA\_1X\_E** 1X technology.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_EVDO\_REV0\_E** CDMA Rev 0.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_EVDO\_REVA\_E** CDMA Rev A.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_EVDO\_REVB\_E** CDMA Rev B.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_EHRPD\_E** EHRPD.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_FMC\_E** Fixed mobile convergence.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_HRPD\_E** HRPD.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_3GPP2\_WLAN\_E** IWLAN.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_WCDMA\_E** WCDMA.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_GPRS\_E** GPRS.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_HSDPA\_E** HSDPA.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_HSUPA\_E** HSUPA.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_EDGE\_E** EDGE.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_LTE\_E** LTE.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_HSDPA\_PLUS\_E** HSDPA+.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_DC\_HSDPA\_PLUS\_E** DC HSDPA+.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_HSPA\_E** HSPA.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_64\_QAM\_E** 64 QAM.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_TDSCDMA\_E** TD-SCDMA.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_GSM\_E** GSM.  
**QAPI\_DSS\_DATA\_BEARER\_TECH\_3GPP\_WLAN\_E** IWLAN.

### 3.1.4.7 enum qapi\_DSS\_Call\_Tech\_Type\_e

Call technology.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_TECH\_INVALID\_E** Invalid technology.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_TECH\_CDMA\_E** CDMA.

**QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_TECH\_UMTS\_E** UMTS.

### 3.1.4.8 enum qapi\_DSS\_XPORT\_Protocol\_e

MO exception data transport protocol information.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_DSS\_XPORT\_PROTO\_NONE** No transport protocol.

**QAPI\_DSS\_XPORT\_PROTO\_ICMP** Internet Control Messaging Protocol.

**QAPI\_DSS\_XPORT\_PROTO\_TCP** Transmission Control Protocol.

**QAPI\_DSS\_XPORT\_PROTO\_UDP** User Datagram Protocol.

**QAPI\_DSS\_XPORT\_PROTO\_ESP** Encapsulating Security Payload protocol.

**QAPI\_DSS\_XPORT\_PROTO\_AH** Authentication Header Protocol.

**QAPI\_DSS\_XPORT\_PROTO\_ICMP6** ICMPv6 Protocol.

**QAPI\_DSS\_XPORT\_PROTO\_TCPUDP** TCP and UDP protocol; only applicable for remote socket requests.

## 3.2 Initialize the DSS Netctrl Library

### 3.2.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.2.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Init ( int mode )`

Initializes the DSS netctrl library for the specified operating mode. This function must be invoked once per process, typically on process startup.

**Note:** Only QAPI\_DSS\_MODE\_GENERAL is to be used by applications.

##### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>mode</code>	Mode of operation in which to initialize the library.
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##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Initialization was successful.

QAPI\_ERROR – Initialization failed.

##### Dependencies

None.

## 3.3 Release the DSS Netctrl Library

### 3.3.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.3.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Release ( int mode )`

Cleans up the DSS netctrl library. This function must be invoked once per process, typically at the end to clean up the resources.

**Note:** Only QAPI\_DSS\_MODE\_GENERAL is to be used by applications.

##### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>mode</code>	Mode of operation in which to de-initialize the library.
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##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Cleanup was successful.

QAPI\_ERROR – Cleanup failed.

##### Dependencies

None.

## 3.4 Get the Data Service Handle

### 3.4.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.4.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl ( qapi_DSS_Net_Ev_CB_t user_cb_fn, void * user_data, qapi_DSS_Hndl_t * hndl )`

Gets an opaque data service handle. All subsequent functions use this handle as an input parameter.

**Note:** DSS netctrl library waits for initialization from the lower layers (QMI ports being opened, the RmNet interfaces being available, etc.) to support data services functionality. During initial bootup scenarios, these dependencies may not be available, which will cause an error to be returned by `dss_get_data_srvc_hndl`. In such cases, clients are asked to retry this function call repeatedly using a 500 ms timeout interval. Once a non-NULL handle is returned, clients can exit out of the delayed retry loop.

#### Parameters

in	<i>user_cb_fn</i>	Client callback function used to post event indications.
in	<i>user_data</i>	Pointer to the client context block (cookie). The value may be NULL.
in	<i>hndl</i>	Pointer to data service handle.

#### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Operation was successful.  
QAPI\_ERROR – Operation failed.

#### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

## 3.5 Release the Data Service Handle

### 3.5.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.5.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Rel_Data_Srvc_Hndl ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl )`

Releases a data service handle. All resources associated with the handle in the library are released.

**Note:** If the user starts an interface with this handle, the corresponding interface is stopped before the DSS handle is released.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()</a> .
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##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Operation was successful.

QAPI\_ERROR – Operation failed.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srvc\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.6 Set the Data Call Parameter

### 3.6.1 Function Documentation

**3.6.1.1** `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Set_Data_Call_Param ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl,  
qapi_DSS_Call_Param_Identifier_t identifier, qapi_DSS_Call_Param_Value_t *  
info )`

Sets the data call parameter before trying to start a data call. Clients may call this function multiple times with various types of parameters that need to be set.

#### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()</a> .
in	<i>identifier</i>	Identifies the parameter information.
in	<i>info</i>	Parameter value that is to be set.

#### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Data call parameter was set successfully.

QAPI\_ERROR – Data call parameter was not set successfully.

#### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srvc\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.7 Start a Data Call

### 3.7.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.7.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Start_Data_Call ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl )`

Starts a data call.

An immediate call return value indicates whether the request was sent successfully. The client receives asynchronous notifications via a callback registered with `qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()` indicating the data call bring-up status.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <code>qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()</code> .
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##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Data call start request was sent successfully.

QAPI\_ERROR – Data call start request was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

`qapi_DSS_Init()` must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by `qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()`.



## 3.8 Stop a Data Call

### 3.8.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.8.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Stop_Data_Call ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl )`

Stops a data call.

An immediate call return value indicates whether the request was sent successfully. The client receives asynchronous notification via a callback registered with `qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()` indicating the data call tear-down status.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <code>qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()</code> .
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##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Data call stop request was sent successfully.

QAPI\_ERROR – Data call stop request was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

`qapi_DSS_Init()` must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by `qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()`.

The data call must have been brought up using `qapi_DSS_Start_Data_Call()`.

## 3.9 Get Packet Data Transfer Statistics

### 3.9.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.9.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Get_Pkt_Stats ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, qapi_DSS_Data_Pkt_Stats_t * dss_data_stats )`

Queries the packet data transfer statistics from the current packet data session.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srv_Hndl()</a> .
in	<i>dss_data_stats</i>	Buffer to hold the queried statistics details.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Packet data transfer statistics were queried successfully.

QAPI\_ERROR – Packet data transfer statistics query was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srv\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.10 Reset Packet Data Transfer Statistics

### 3.10.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.10.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Reset_Pkt_Stats ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl )`

Resets the packet data transfer statistics.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()</a> .
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##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Packet data transfer statistics were reset successfully.

QAPI\_ERROR – Packet data transfer statistics reset was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srvc\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.11 Get the Data Call End Reason

### 3.11.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.11.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Get_Call_End_Reason ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, qapi_DSS_CE_Reason_t * ce_reason, qapi_DSS_IP_Family_t ip_family )`

Queries for the reason a data call was ended.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srv_Hndl()</a> .
out	<i>ce_reason</i>	Buffer to hold data call ending reason information.
in	<i>ip_family</i>	IP family for which the call end reason was requested.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Data call end reason was queried successfully.

QAPI\_ERROR – Data call end reason query was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srv\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.12 Get the Data Call Technology

### 3.12.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.12.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Get_Call_Tech ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, qapi_DSS_Call_Tech_Type_t * call_tech )`

Gets the technology on which the call was brought up. This function can be called any time after the client receives the QAPI\_DSS\_EVT\_NET\_IS\_CONN event and before the client releases the dss handle.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srv_Hndl()</a> .
out	<i>call_tech</i>	Buffer to hold the call technology.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Data call bring-up technology was queried successfully.

QAPI\_ERROR – Data call bring-up technology query was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srv\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.13 Get the Data Bearer Technology

### 3.13.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.13.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Get_Current_Data_Bearer_Tech ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, qapi_DSS_Data_Bearer_Tech_t * bearer_tech )`

Queries the data bearer technology on which the call was brought up. This function can be called any time after QAPI\_DSS\_EVT\_NET\_IS\_CONN event is received by the client and before the client releases the dss handle.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srv_Hndl()</a> .
in	<i>bearer_tech</i>	Pointer to where to retrieve the data bearer technology.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Data bearer technology was returned successfully.

QAPI\_ERROR – Data bearer technology was not returned successfully.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srv\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.14 Get the Device Name

### 3.14.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.14.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Get_Device_Name ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, char * buf, int len )`

Queries the data interface name for the data call associated with the specified data service handle.

**Note:** *len* must be at least QAPI\_DSS\_CALL\_INFO\_DEVICE\_NAME\_MAX\_LEN + 1 long.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()</a> .
out	<i>buf</i>	Buffer to hold the data interface name string.
in	<i>len</i>	Length of the buffer allocated by the client.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Data interface name was returned successfully.

QAPI\_ERROR – Data interface name was not returned successfully.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srvc\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.15 Get the QMI Port Name

### 3.15.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.15.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Get_Qmi_Port_Name ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, char * buf, int len )`

Queries the QMI port name for the data call associated with the specified data service handle.

**Note:** *len* must be at least DSI\_CALL\_INFO\_DEVICE\_NAME\_MAX\_LEN + 1 long.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srv_Hndl()</a> .
out	<i>buf</i>	Buffer to hold the QMI port name string.
in	<i>len</i>	Length of the buffer allocated by the client.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Port name was returned successfully.

QAPI\_ERROR – Port name was not returned successfully.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srv\\_Hndl\(\)](#).



## 3.16 Get the IP Address Count

### 3.16.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.16.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Get_IP_Addr_Count ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, unsigned int * ip_addr_cnt )`

Queries the number of IP addresses (IPv4 and global IPv6) associated with the DSS interface.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()</a> .
in	<i>ip_addr_cnt</i>	Pointer to where to retrieve the number of IP addresses associated with the DSS interface.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – IP address count query was successful.

QAPI\_ERROR – IP address count query was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srvc\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.17 Get the IP Address Information

### 3.17.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.17.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Get_IP_Addr ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, qapi_DSS_Addr_Info_t * info_ptr, int len )`

Queries the IP address information structure (network order).

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()</a> .
out	<i>info_ptr</i>	Buffer containing the IP address information.
in	<i>len</i>	Number of IP address buffers

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – IP address query was successful.

QAPI\_ERROR – IP address query was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srvc\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

The length parameter can be obtained by calling [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_IP\\_Addr\\_Count\(\)](#).

It is assumed that the client has allocated memory for enough structures specified by the len field.

## 3.18 Get the IP Address Information Structure

### 3.18.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.18.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Get_IP_Addr_Per_Family ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, qapi_DSS_Addr_Info_t * info_ptr, unsigned int addr_family )`

Queries the IP address information structure (network order).

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()</a> .
out	<i>info_ptr</i>	Buffer containing the IP address information.
in	<i>addr_family</i>	IPv4 / IPv6

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – IP address query was successful.

QAPI\_ERROR – IP address query was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srvc\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

The length parameter can be obtained by calling [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_IP\\_Addr\\_Count\(\)](#).

It is assumed that the client has allocated memory for enough structures specified by the len field.

## 3.19 Get the Link MTU Information

### 3.19.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.19.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Get_Link_Mtu ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, unsigned int * mtu )`

Queries the MTU information associated with the link.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srv_Hndl()</a> .
out	<i>mtu</i>	Buffer containing the MTU information.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – MTU query was successful.

QAPI\_ERROR – MTU query was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srv\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.20 Add Filters for an MO Exception IP Data Call

### 3.20.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.20.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Add_MO_Exception_IPdata_Filters ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, qapi_DSS_Add_MO_Exception_Filters_Req_t * filter_req, qapi_DSS_Add_MO_Exception_Filters_Rsp_t * filter_rsp )`

Adds filters for an MO exception IP data call.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srv_Hndl()</a> .
in	<i>filter_req</i>	Filter rules information to be added.
out	<i>filter_rsp</i>	Filter rules handles and error information.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Adding filter rules was successful.

QAPI\_ERROR – Adding filter rules was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srv\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.21 Remove Filters for an MO Exception IP Data Call

### 3.21.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.21.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Remove_MO_Exception_IPdata_Filters ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, qapi_DSS_Remove_MO_Exception_Filters_t * filter_req )`

Removes filters for an MO exception IP data call.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()</a> .
in	<i>filter_req</i>	Filter rules information to be removed.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Removing filter rules was successful.

QAPI\_ERROR – Removing filter rules was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srvc\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 3.22 Send Non-IP UL Data

### 3.22.1 Function Documentation

#### 3.22.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_DSS_Nipd_Send ( qapi_DSS_Hndl_t hndl, uint8_t * data, uint32_t data_len, uint8_t ex_data )`

Sends non-IP UL data. In the DL, non-IP data received by the DSS module is passed to the application using the registered application callback.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_DSS_Get_Data_Srvc_Hndl()</a> .
in	<i>data</i>	Non-IP data payload buffer that is to be sent.
in	<i>data_len</i>	Length of the data payload to be sent.
in	<i>ex_data</i>	MO exception, non-IP or not: QAPI_DSS_MO_EXCEPTION_NONIP_DATA or QAPI_DSS_MO_EXCEPTION_NONE.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Send Data was successful.

QAPI\_ERROR – Send Data was unsuccessful.

##### Dependencies

[qapi\\_DSS\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called first.

A valid handle must be obtained by [qapi\\_DSS\\_Get\\_Data\\_Srvc\\_Hndl\(\)](#).

## 4 QAPI Networking Socket

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The QAPI networking socket API is a collection of standard functions that allow the application to include Internet communications capabilities. The sockets are based on the Berkeley Software Distribution (BSD) sockets. In general, the BSD socket interface relies on Client-Server architecture and uses a socket object for every operation. The interface supports TCP (SOCK\_STREAM) and UDP (SOCK\_DGRAM), Server mode and Client mode, as well as IPv4 and IPv6 communication.

A socket can be configured with specific options (see [Socket Options](#)). Due to the memory-constrained properties of the device, it is mandatory to follow the BSD socket programming guidelines, and in particular, check for return values of each function. There is a chance that an operation may fail due to resource limitations. For example, the send function may be able to send only some of the data and not all of it in a single call. A subsequent call with the rest of the data is then required. In some other cases, an application thread may need to sleep in order to allow the system to clear its queues, process data, and so on.

- [QAPI Socket Macros and Data Structures](#)
- [Create a Socket](#)
- [Bind a Socket](#)
- [Make a Socket Passive](#)
- [Accept a Socket Connection Request](#)
- [Connect to a Socket](#)
- [Set Socket Options](#)
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- [Receive a Message from a Socket](#)
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- [Send a Message on a Connected Socket](#)
- [Select a Socket](#)
- [Initialize a Socket](#)
- [Clear a Socket from a Socket Set](#)
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- [Get the Address of a Connected Peer](#)
- [Get the Address to Which the Socket is Bound](#)

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## 4.1 QAPI Socket Macros and Data Structures

This section provides the QAPI socket macros and data structures.

The BSD socket interface API is a collection of standard functions that allow the application to include Internet communications capabilities. In general, the BSD socket interface relies on Client-Server architecture, and uses a Socket object for every operation. The interface supports TCP (SOCK\_STREAM) and UDP (SOCK\_DGRAM), Server mode and Client mode, as well as IPv4 and IPv6 communication. A socket can be configured with specific options (see Socket Options). Due to the memory constrained properties of the device, it is mandatory to follow the BSD socket programming guidelines and in particular, check for return values of each function. There is a chance that an operation may fail due to resource limitations. For example, the send function may be able to send only some of the data and not all of it in a single call. A subsequent call with the rest of the data is required. In some other cases, an application thread may need to sleep in order to allow the system to clear its queues, process data, and so on.

### BSD Socket Error Codes

- #define ENOBUFS 1
- #define ETIMEDOUT 2
- #define EISCONN 3
- #define EOPNOTSUPP 4
- #define ECONNABORTED 5
- #define EWOULDBLOCK 6
- #define ECONNREFUSED 7
- #define ECONNRESET 8
- #define EBADF 9
- #define EALREADY 10
- #define EMSGSIZE 12
- #define EPIPE 13
- #define EDESTADDRREQ 14
- #define ESHUTDOWN 15
- #define ENOPROTOOPT 16
- #define EHAVEOOB 17
- #define EADDRNOTAVAIL 19
- #define EADDRINUSE 20
- #define EAFNOSUPPORT 21
- #define EINPROGRESS 22
- #define ELOWER 23
- #define ENOTSOCK 24

- #define [EIEIO](#) 27
- #define [ETOOMANYREFS](#) 28
- #define [EFAULT](#) 29
- #define [ENETUNREACH](#) 30
- #define [ENOTCONN](#) 31

## Socket Options

- #define [SOL\\_SOCKET](#) -1
- #define [SOL\\_SOCKET](#) -1
- #define [SO\\_ACCEPTCONN](#) 0x00002
- #define [SO\\_REUSEADDR](#) 0x00004
- #define [SO\\_KEEPALIVE](#) 0x00008
- #define [SO\\_DONTROUTE](#) 0x00010
- #define [SO\\_BROADCAST](#) 0x00020
- #define [SO\\_USELOOPBACK](#) 0x00040
- #define [SO\\_LINGER](#) 0x00080
- #define [SO\\_OOBINLINE](#) 0x00100
- #define [SO\\_TCPACK](#) 0x00200
- #define [SO\\_WINSIZE](#) 0x00400
- #define [SO\\_TIMESTAMP](#) 0x00800
- #define [SO\\_BICWIND](#) 0x01000
- #define [SO\\_HDRINCL](#) 0x02000
- #define [SO\\_NOSLOWSTART](#) 0x04000
- #define [SO\\_FULLMSS](#) 0x08000
- #define [SO\\_SNDTIMEO](#) 0x1005
- #define [SO\\_RCVTIMEO](#) 0x1006
- #define [SO\\_ERROR](#) 0x1007
- #define [SO\\_RXDATA](#) 0x1011
- #define [SO\\_TXDATA](#) 0x1012
- #define [SO\\_MYADDR](#) 0x1013
- #define [SO\\_NBIO](#) 0x1014
- #define [SO\\_BIO](#) 0x1015
- #define [SO\\_NONBLOCK](#) 0x1016
- #define [SO\\_CALLBACK](#) 0x1017

- #define `SO_UDPCALLBACK` 0x1019
- #define `IPPROTO_IP` 0
- #define `IP_HDRINCL` 2
- #define `IP_MULTICAST_IF` 9
- #define `IP_MULTICAST_TTL` 10
- #define `IP_MULTICAST_LOOP` 11
- #define `IP_ADD_MEMBERSHIP` 12
- #define `IP_DROP_MEMBERSHIP` 13
- #define `IPV6_MULTICAST_IF` 80
- #define `IPV6_MULTICAST_HOPS` 81
- #define `IPV6_MULTICAST_LOOP` 82
- #define `IPV6_JOIN_GROUP` 83
- #define `IPV6_LEAVE_GROUP` 84
- #define `IP_EXCLUDE_LIST` 17
- #define `IP_OPTIONS` 1
- #define `IP_TOS` 3
- #define `IP_TTL_OPT` 4
- #define `IPV6_SCOPEID` 14
- #define `IPV6_UNICAST_HOPS` 15
- #define `IPV6_TCLASS` 16

#### Flags for `recv()` and `send()`

- #define `MSG_OOB` 0x1
- #define `MSG_PEEK` 0x2
- #define `MSG_DONTROUTE` 0x4
- #define `MSG_DONTWAIT` 0x20
- #define `MSG_ZEROCOPYSEND` 0x1000

### 4.1.1 Define Documentation

#### 4.1.1.1 #define `AF_UNSPEC` 0

Address family is unspecified.

**4.1.1.2 #define AF\_INET 2**

Address family is IPv4.

**4.1.1.3 #define AF\_INET6 3**

Address family is IPv6.

**4.1.1.4 #define AF\_INET\_DUAL46 4**

Address family is IPv4 and IPv6.

**4.1.1.5 #define SOCK\_STREAM 1**

Socket stream (TCP).

**4.1.1.6 #define SOCK\_DGRAM 2**

Socket datagram (UDP).

**4.1.1.7 #define SOCK\_RAW 3**

Raw socket.

**4.1.1.8 #define ENOBUFS 1**

No buffer space is available.

**4.1.1.9 #define ETIMEDOUT 2**

Operation timed out.

**4.1.1.10 #define EISCONN 3**

Socket is already connected.

**4.1.1.11 #define EOPNOTSUPP 4**

Operation is not supported.

**4.1.1.12 #define ECONNABORTED 5**

Software caused a connection abort.

**4.1.1.13 #define EWOULDBLOCK 6**

Socket is marked nonblocking and the requested operation will block.

**4.1.1.14 #define ECONNREFUSED 7**

Connection was refused.

**4.1.1.15 #define ECONNRESET 8**

Connection was reset by peer.

**4.1.1.16 #define EBADF 9**

An invalid descriptor was specified.

**4.1.1.17 #define EALREADY 10**

Operation is already in progress.

**4.1.1.18 #define EMSGSIZE 12**

Message is too long.

**4.1.1.19 #define EPIPE 13**

The local end has been shut down on a connection-oriented socket.

**4.1.1.20 #define EDESTADDRREQ 14**

Destination address is required.

**4.1.1.21 #define ESHUTDOWN 15**

Cannot send after a socket shutdown.

**4.1.1.22 #define ENOPROTOOPT 16**

Protocol is not available.

**4.1.1.23 #define EHAVEOOB 17**

Out of band.

**4.1.1.24 #define EADDRNOTAVAIL 19**

Cannot assign the requested address.

**4.1.1.25 #define EADDRINUSE 20**

Address is already in use.

**4.1.1.26 #define EAFNOSUPPORT 21**

Address family is not supported by the protocol family.

**4.1.1.27 #define EINPROGRESS 22**

Operation is in progress.

**4.1.1.28 #define ELOWER 23**

Lower layer (IP) error.

**4.1.1.29 #define ENOTSOCK 24**

Socket operation on nonsocket.

**4.1.1.30 #define EIEIO 27**

I/O error.

**4.1.1.31 #define ETOOMANYREFS 28**

Too many references.

**4.1.1.32 #define EFAULT 29**

Bad address.

**4.1.1.33 #define ENETUNREACH 30**

Network is unreachable.

**4.1.1.34 #define ENOTCONN 31**

Socket is not connected.

**4.1.1.35 #define SOL\_SOCKET -1**

For use with [gs]etsockopt() at the socket level.

**4.1.1.36 #define SOL\_SOCKET -1**

For use with [gs]etsockopt() at the socket level.

**4.1.1.37 #define SO\_ACCEPTCONN 0x00002**

Socket has had listen().

**4.1.1.38 #define SO\_REUSEADDR 0x00004**

Allow local address reuse.

**4.1.1.39 #define SO\_KEEPALIVE 0x00008**

Keep connections alive.

**4.1.1.40 #define SO\_DONTROUTE 0x00010**

Not used.

**4.1.1.41 #define SO\_BROADCAST 0x00020**

Not used.

**4.1.1.42 #define SO\_USELOOPBACK 0x00040**

Not used.

**4.1.1.43 #define SO\_LINGER 0x00080**

Linger on close if data is present.

**4.1.1.44 #define SO\_OOBINLINE 0x00100**

Leave the received OOB data in line.

**4.1.1.45 #define SO\_TCP\_SACK 0x00200**

Allow TCP SACK (selective acknowledgment).

**4.1.1.46 #define SO\_WINSIZE 0x00400**

Set the scaling window option.

**4.1.1.47 #define SO\_TIMESTAMP 0x00800**

Set the TCP timestamp option.

**4.1.1.48 #define SO\_BICWND 0x01000**

Large initial TCP congestion window.

**4.1.1.49 #define SO\_HDRINCL 0x02000**

User access to IP header for SOCK\_RAW.



**4.1.1.50 #define SO\_NOSLOWSTART 0x04000**

Suppress slowstart on this socket.

**4.1.1.51 #define SO\_FULLMSS 0x08000**

Not used.

**4.1.1.52 #define SO\_SNDTIMEO 0x1005**

Send a timeout.

**4.1.1.53 #define SO\_RCVTIMEO 0x1006**

Receive a timeout.

**4.1.1.54 #define SO\_ERROR 0x1007**

Socket error.

**4.1.1.55 #define SO\_RXDATA 0x1011**

Get a count of bytes in sb\_rcv.

**4.1.1.56 #define SO\_TXDATA 0x1012**

Get a count of bytes in sb\_snd.

**4.1.1.57 #define SO\_MYADDR 0x1013**

Return my IP address.

**4.1.1.58 #define SO\_NBIO 0x1014**

Set socket to Nonblocking mode.

**4.1.1.59 #define SO\_BIO 0x1015**

Set socket to Blocking mode.

**4.1.1.60 #define SO\_NONBLOCK 0x1016**

Set/get blocking mode via the optval parameter.

**4.1.1.61 #define SO\_CALLBACK 0x1017**

Set/get the TCP zero\_copy callback routine.

**4.1.1.62 #define SO\_UDPCALLBACK 0x1019**

Set/get the UDP zero\_copy callback routine.

**4.1.1.63 #define IPPROTO\_IP 0**

For use with [gs]etsockopt() at IPPROTO\_IP level.

**4.1.1.64 #define IP\_HDRINCL 2**

IP header is included with the data.

**4.1.1.65 #define IP\_MULTICAST\_IF 9**

Set/get the IP multicast interface.

**4.1.1.66 #define IP\_MULTICAST\_TTL 10**

Set/get the IP multicast TTL.

**4.1.1.67 #define IP\_MULTICAST\_LOOP 11**

Set/get the IP multicast loopback.

**4.1.1.68 #define IP\_ADD\_MEMBERSHIP 12**

Add an IPv4 group membership.

**4.1.1.69 #define IP\_DROP\_MEMBERSHIP 13**

Drop an IPv4 group membership.

**4.1.1.70 #define IPV6\_MULTICAST\_IF 80**

Set the egress interface for multicast traffic.

**4.1.1.71 #define IPV6\_MULTICAST\_HOPS 81**

Set the number of hops.

**4.1.1.72 #define IPV6\_MULTICAST\_LOOP 82**

Enable/disable loopback for multicast.

**4.1.1.73 #define IPV6\_JOIN\_GROUP 83**

Join an IPv6 MC group.

**4.1.1.74 #define IPV6\_LEAVE\_GROUP 84**

Leave an IPv6 MC group.

**4.1.1.75 #define IP\_EXCLUDE\_LIST 17**

Set/get the exclude list for 255 RAW socket.

**4.1.1.76 #define IP\_OPTIONS 1**

For use with [gs]etsockopt() at IP\_OPTIONS level.

**4.1.1.77 #define IP\_TOS 3**

IPv4 type of service and precedence.

**4.1.1.78 #define IP\_TTL\_OPT 4**

IPv4 time to live.

**4.1.1.79 #define IPV6\_SCOPEID 14**

IPv6 IF scope ID.

**4.1.1.80 #define IPV6\_UNICAST\_HOPS 15**

IPv6 hop limit.

**4.1.1.81 #define IPV6\_TCLASS 16**

IPv6 traffic class.

**4.1.1.82 #define MSG\_OOB 0x1**

Send/receive out-of-band data.

**4.1.1.83 #define MSG\_PEEK 0x2**

Peek at the incoming message.

**4.1.1.84 #define MSG\_DONTROUTE 0x4**

Send without using routing tables.

**4.1.1.85 #define MSG\_DONTWAIT 0x20**

Send/receive is nonblocking.

**4.1.1.86 #define MSG\_ZEROCOPYSEND 0x1000**

Send with zero-copy.

**4.1.1.87 #define QAPI\_NET\_WAIT\_FOREVER (0xFFFFFFFF)**

Infinite time for the timeout\_ms argument in [qapi\\_select\(\)](#).

**4.1.1.88 #define FD\_ZERO( set ) qapi\_fd\_zero((set))**

Clears a set.

**4.1.1.89 #define FD\_CLR( handle, set ) qapi\_fd\_clr((handle), (set))**

Removes a given file descriptor from a set.

**4.1.1.90 #define FD\_SET( handle, set ) qapi\_fd\_set((handle), (set))**

Adds a given file descriptor from a set.

**4.1.1.91 #define FD\_ISSET( handle, set ) qapi\_fd\_isset((handle), (set))**

Tests to see if a file descriptor is part of the set after select() returns.

**4.1.2 Data Structure Documentation****4.1.2.1 struct in\_addr**

IPv4 Internet address.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	s_addr	IPv4 address in network order.

**4.1.2.2 struct sockaddr\_in**

BSD-style socket IPv4 Internet address.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16_t	sin_family	AF_INET.
uint16_t	sin_port	UDP/TCP port number in network order.
struct <a href="#">in_addr</a>	sin_addr	IPv4 address in network order.
uint8_t	sin_zero	Reserved – must be zero.

#### 4.1.2.3 struct in6\_addr

IPv6 Internet address.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	s_addr	128-bit IPv6 address.

#### 4.1.2.4 struct ip46addr\_n

BSD-style socket IPv6 Internet address.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16_t	type	AF_INET or AF_INET6.
union ip46addr_n	a	Address union.
union ip46addr_n	g	Gateway union.
uint32_t	subnet	Subnet.

#### 4.1.2.5 union ip46addr\_n.a

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
unsigned long	addr4	IPv4 address.
uint8_t	addr6	IPv6 address.

#### 4.1.2.6 union ip46addr\_n.g

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
unsigned long	gtwy4	IPv4 gateway.
uint8_t	gtwy6	IPv6 gateway.

#### 4.1.2.7 struct sockaddr\_in6

Socket address information.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16_t	sin_family	AF_INET6.
uint16_t	sin_port	UDP/TCP port number in network order.
uint32_t	sin_flowinfo	IPv6 flow information.

Type	Parameter	Description
struct <a href="#">in6_addr</a>	sin_addr	IPv6 address.
int32_t	sin_scope_id	Set of interfaces for a scope.

#### 4.1.2.8 struct ip46addr

Socket IPv4/IPv6 Internet address union.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16_t	type	AF_INET or AF_INET6.
union <a href="#">ip46addr</a>	a	Address union.

#### 4.1.2.9 union ip46addr.a

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
unsigned long	addr4	IPv4 address.
ip6_addr	addr6	IPv6 address.

#### 4.1.2.10 struct sockaddr

Generic socket Internet address.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16_t	sa_family	Address family.
uint16_t	sa_port	Port number in network order.
uint8_t	sa_data	Big enough for 16-byte IPv6 address.

#### 4.1.2.11 struct sockaddr\_ep

Exclude list endpoint.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
struct <a href="#">sockaddr_ep</a> *	sockaddr_ep_next	Next endpoint.
struct <a href="#">sockaddr</a> *	sockaddr_ep_addr	Endpoint address in exclude list.

#### 4.1.2.12 struct fd\_set

File descriptor sets for [qapi\\_select\(\)](#).

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	fd_count	File descriptor count.
uint32_t	fd_array	File descriptor array.

#### 4.1.2.13 struct linger

This option is used to set the linger time that the socket will remain in the TCP FIN WAIT 1 state before closing the socket and cleaning up the resources.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
int	l_onoff	
int	l_linger	option on/off.

## 4.2 Create a Socket

### 4.2.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.2.1.1 `int qapi_socket ( int32_t family, int32_t type, int32_t protocol )`

Creates an endpoint for communication.

##### Parameters

in	<i>family</i>	Protocol family used for communication. The supported families are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AF_INET – IPv4 Internet protocols</li> <li>• AF_INET6 – IPv6 Internet protocols</li> </ul>
in	<i>type</i>	Transport mechanism used for communication. The supported types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SOCK_STREAM – TCP</li> <li>• SOCK_DGRAM – UDP</li> </ul>
in	<i>protocol</i>	Must be set to 0.

##### Returns

On success, a handle for the new socket is returned.

On error, -1 is returned.



## 4.3 Bind a Socket

### 4.3.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.3.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_bind ( int32_t handle, struct sockaddr * addr, int32_t addrlen )`

Assigns an address to the socket created by [qapi\\_socket\(\)](#).

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
in	<i>addr</i>	Pointer to an address to be assigned to the socket. The actual address structure passed for the <i>addr</i> argument will depend on the address family.
in	<i>addrlen</i>	Specifies the size, in bytes, of the address pointed to by <i>addr</i> .

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 4.4 Make a Socket Passive

### 4.4.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.4.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_listen ( int32_t handle, int32_t backlog )`

Marks the socket as a passive socket.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle (returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> ) that refers to a SOCK_STREAM socket.
in	<i>backlog</i>	Define the maximum length to which the queue of pending connections for the handle may grow.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 4.5 Accept a Socket Connection Request

### 4.5.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.5.1.1 `int qapi_accept ( int32_t handle, struct sockaddr * cliaddr, int32_t * addrlen )`

Accepts a connection request from the peer on a SOCK\_STREAM socket.

This function is used with a SOCK\_STREAM socket. It extracts the first connection request on the queue of pending connections for the listening socket (i.e., handle), creates a new connected socket, and returns a new socket handle referring to that socket. The newly created socket is in the Established state. The original socket (i.e., handle) is unaffected by this call. If no pending connections are present on the queue, and the socket is not marked as nonblocking, `qapi_accept()` blocks the caller until a connection is present. If the socket is marked nonblocking and no pending connections are present on the queue, `qapi_accept()` fails with the error EAGAIN or EWOULDBLOCK.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle that has been created with <code>qapi_socket()</code> , bound to a local address with <code>qapi_bind()</code> , and listens for connections after <code>qapi_listen()</code> .
in	<i>cliaddr</i>	Pointer to a sockaddr structure. This structure is filled in with the address of the peer socket. The exact format of the address returned (i.e., *cliaddr) is determined by the socket's address family. When cliaddr is NULL, nothing is filled in; in this case, addrlen should also be NULL.
in	<i>addrlen</i>	Value-result argument: The caller must initialize it to contain the size (in bytes) of the structure pointed to by cliaddr. On return, it will contain the actual size of the peer address.

#### Returns

On success, the call returns a positive integer that is a handle for the accepted socket.

On error, -1 is returned.

## 4.6 Connect to a Socket

### 4.6.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.6.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_connect ( int32_t handle, struct sockaddr * srvaddr, int32_t addrlen )`

Initiates a connection on a socket

If the socket is of type SOCK\_DGRAM, \*srvaddr is the address to which datagrams are sent by default, and the only address from which datagrams are received. If the socket is of type SOCK\_STREAM, this call attempts to make a connection to the socket that is bound to the address specified by \*srvaddr.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
in	<i>srvaddr</i>	Pointer to the peer's address to which the socket is connected.
in	<i>addrlen</i>	Specify the size (in bytes) of *srvaddr.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 4.7 Set Socket Options

### 4.7.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.7.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_setsockopt ( int32_t handle, int32_t level, int32_t optname, void * optval, int32_t optlen )`

Sets the options for a socket.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
in	<i>level</i>	Protocol level at which the option exists.
in	<i>optname</i>	Name of the option.
in	<i>optval</i>	Pointer to the option value to be set.
in	<i>optlen</i>	Option length in bytes.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 4.8 Get Socket Options

### 4.8.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.8.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_getsockopt ( int32_t handle, int32_t level, int32_t optname, void * optval, int32_t optlen )`

Gets the options for a socket.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
in	<i>level</i>	Protocol level at which the option exists.
in	<i>optname</i>	Name of the option.
in	<i>optval</i>	Pointer to a buffer in which the value for the requested option is to be returned.
in	<i>optlen</i>	Option length in bytes.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 4.9 Close a Socket

### 4.9.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.9.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_socketclose ( int32_t handle )`

Closes a socket.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
----	---------------	---

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

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## 4.10 Get a Socket Error Code

### 4.10.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.10.1.1 `int qapi_errno ( int32_t handle )`

Gets the last error code on a socket.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
----	---------------	---

##### Returns

Socket error code or ENOTSOCK if socket is not found

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## 4.11 Receive a Message from a Socket

### 4.11.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.11.1.1 `int qapi_rcvfrom ( int32_t handle, char * buf, int32_t len, int32_t flags, struct sockaddr * from, int32_t * fromlen )`

Receives a message from a socket.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
in	<i>buf</i>	Pointer to a buffer for the received message.
in	<i>len</i>	Number of bytes to receive.
in	<i>flags</i>	0, or it is formed by ORing one or more of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MSG_PEEK – Causes the receive operation to return data from the beginning of the receive queue without removing that data from the queue. Thus, a subsequent receive call will return the same data.</li> <li>MSG_OOB – Requests receipt of out-of-band data that would not be received in the normal data stream.</li> <li>MSG_DONTWAIT – Enables a nonblocking operation; if the operation blocks, the call fails with the error EAGAIN or EWOULDBLOCK.</li> </ul>
in	<i>from</i>	If not NULL, and the underlying protocol provides the source address, this source address is filled in. When NULL, nothing is filled in; in this case, <i>fromlen</i> is not used, and should also be NULL.
in	<i>fromlen</i>	This is a value-result argument, which the caller should initialize before the call to the size of the buffer associated with <i>from</i> , and modified on return to indicate the actual size of the source address.

##### Returns

The number of bytes received, or -1 if an error occurred.

## 4.12 Receive a Message from a Connected Socket

### 4.12.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.12.1.1 `int qapi_rcv ( int32_t handle, char * buf, int32_t len, int32_t flags )`

Receives a message from a socket.

The `qapi_rcv()` call is normally used only on a connected socket and is identical to `qapi_rcvfrom(handle, buf, len, flags, NULL, NULL)`

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <code>qapi_socket()</code> .
in	<i>buf</i>	Pointer to a buffer for the received message.
in	<i>len</i>	Number of bytes to receive.
in	<i>flags</i>	0, or it is formed by ORing one or more of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MSG_PEEK – Causes the receive operation to return data from the beginning of the receive queue without removing that data from the queue. Thus, a subsequent receive call will return the same data.</li> <li>MSG_OOB – Requests receipt of out-of-band data that would not be received in the normal data stream.</li> <li>MSG_DONTWAIT – Enables a nonblocking operation; if the operation blocks, the call fails with the error EAGAIN or EWOULDBLOCK.</li> </ul>

#### Returns

The number of bytes received, or -1 if an error occurred.

## 4.13 Send a Message on a Socket

### 4.13.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.13.1.1 `int qapi_sendto ( int32_t handle, char * buf, int32_t len, int32_t flags, struct sockaddr * to, int32_t tolen )`

Sends a message on a socket to a target.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
in	<i>buf</i>	Pointer to a buffer containing the message to be sent.
in	<i>len</i>	Number of bytes to send.
in	<i>flags</i>	0, or it is formed by ORing one or more of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MSG_OOB – Sends out-of-band data on sockets that support this notion (e.g., of type SOCK_STREAM); the underlying protocol must also support out-of-band data.</li> <li>MSG_DONTWAIT – Enables a nonblocking operation; if the operation blocks, the call fails with the error EAGAIN or EWOULDBLOCK.</li> <li>MSG_DONTROUTE – Don not use a gateway to send the packet; only send it to hosts on directly-connected networks. This is usually used only by diagnostic or routing programs.</li> </ul>
in	<i>to</i>	Pointer to the address of the target.
in	<i>tolen</i>	Size in bytes of the target address.

##### Returns

The number of bytes sent, or -1 if an error occurred and errno is set appropriately.

## 4.14 Send a Message on a Connected Socket

### 4.14.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.14.1.1 `int qapi_send ( int32_t handle, char * buf, int32_t len, int32_t flags )`

Send a message on a socket.

The call may be used only when the socket is in a connected state (so that the intended recipient is known). It is equivalent to `qapi_sendto(handle, buf, len, flags, NULL, 0)`

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
in	<i>buf</i>	Pointer to a buffer containing message to be sent.
in	<i>len</i>	Number of bytes to send.
in	<i>flags</i>	0, or it is formed by ORing one or more of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MSG_OOB – Sends out-of-band data on sockets that support this notion (e.g., of type SOCK_STREAM); the underlying protocol must also support out-of-band data.</li> <li>• MSG_DONTWAIT – Enables a nonblocking operation; if the operation blocks, the call fails with the error EAGAIN or EWOULDBLOCK.</li> <li>• MSG_DONTROUTE – Do not use a gateway to send the packet; only send it to hosts on directly-connected networks. This is usually used only by diagnostic or routing programs.</li> </ul>

##### Returns

The number of bytes sent, or -1 if an error occurred and `errno` is set appropriately.

## 4.15 Select a Socket

### 4.15.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.15.1.1 `int qapi_select ( fd_set * rd, fd_set * wr, fd_set * ex, int32_t timeout_ms )`

Monitors multiple socket handles, waiting until one or more of them become "ready" for some class of I/O operation (e.g., read, write, etc.).

The call causes the calling process to block waiting for activity on any of a list of sockets. Arrays of socket handles are passed for read, write, and exception events. A timeout in milliseconds is also passed.

#### Parameters

in	<i>rd</i>	Pointer to a list of read socket handles.
in	<i>wr</i>	Pointer to a list of write socket handles.
in	<i>ex</i>	Pointer to a list of exception socket handles.
in	<i>timeout_ms</i>	Timeout values in milliseconds.

#### Returns

The number of sockets that had an event occur and became ready.

## 4.16 Initialize a Socket

### 4.16.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.16.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_fd_zero ( fd_set * set )`

Initializes a socket that is set to zero.

##### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>set</code>	Pointer to a list of sockets.
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##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

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## 4.17 Clear a Socket from a Socket Set

### 4.17.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.17.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_fd_clr ( int32_t handle, fd_set * set )`

Removes a socket from the socket set.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
in	<i>set</i>	Pointer to a list of sockets.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

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## 4.18 Add a Socket to a Socket Set

### 4.18.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.18.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_fd_set ( int32_t handle, fd_set * set )`

Adds a socket to the socket set.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
in	<i>set</i>	Pointer to a list of sockets.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.



## 4.19 Check Whether a Socket is in a Socket Set

### 4.19.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.19.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_fd_isset ( int32_t handle, fd_set * set )`

Checks whether a socket is a member of a socket set.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a> .
in	<i>set</i>	Pointer to a list of sockets.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned if the socket is not a member; 1 is returned if the socket is a member.  
On error, -1 is returned.

## 4.20 Get the Address of a Connected Peer

### 4.20.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.20.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_getpeername ( int32_t handle, struct sockaddr * addr, int * addrlen )`

Returns the address of the peer connected to the socket in the buffer pointed by the *addr*.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a>
in	<i>addr</i>	Pointer to a user buffer of sockaraddr type which is filled by the API with the peer addr information.
in	<i>addrlen</i>	Specifies the size, in bytes, of the address pointed to by <i>addr</i>

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 4.21 Get the Address to Which the Socket is Bound

### 4.21.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.21.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_getsockname ( int32_t handle, struct sockaddr * addr, int * addrlen )`

Returns current address to which the socket is bound in the user provided buffer *addr*.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Socket handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_socket()</a>
in	<i>addr</i>	Pointer to a user buffer of <code>sockaraddr</code> type which is filled by the API with the peer <i>addr</i> info.
in	<i>addrlen</i>	Specifies the size, in bytes, of the address pointed to by <i>addr</i>

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

# 5 QAPI Network Security APIs

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This chapter describes the QAPIs used for transport layer security (TLS) and datagram transport layer security (DTLS). See Appendix A for TLS/DTLS supported ciphersuites.

TLS and DTLS are used to provide security and data integrity between two peers communicating over TCP or UDP. After a TCP/UDP connection is established, the two peers use a handshake mechanism to establish the keys used for encryption/decryption and data verification. Once the handshake is successful, data can be transmitted/received over the TLS/DTLS connection.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [QAPI SSL Data Types](#)
- [QAPI SSL Typedefs](#)
- [Create an SSL Object](#)
- [Create an SSL Connection Handle](#)
- [Configure an SSL Connection](#)
- [Delete an SSL Certificate](#)
- [Store an SSL Certificate](#)
- [Convert and Store an SSL Certificate](#)
- [Load an SSL Certificate](#)
- [Load an SSL Certificate and Return the Identifier](#)
- [Get a List of SSL Certificates](#)
- [Attach a Socket Descriptor to the SSL Connection](#)
- [Accept an SSL Connection From the Client](#)
- [Initiate an SSL Handshake](#)
- [Close an SSL Connection](#)
- [Free an SSL Object Handle](#)
- [Read SSL Data](#)
- [Write SSL Data](#)
- [Determine Whether a Certificate File Exists](#)

## 5.1 QAPI SSL Data Types

This section provides the macros and constants, data structures, and enumerations for the networking SSL module.

### 5.1.1 Define Documentation

#### 5.1.1.1 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_MAX\_CERT\_NAME\_LEN (64)

Maximum number of characters in a certificate or CA list name.

#### 5.1.1.2 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_MAX\_DOMAIN\_NAME\_LEN (64)

Maximum number of characters in a domain name for the certificates.

#### 5.1.1.3 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_MAX\_NUM\_CERTS (10)

Maximum number of file names returned in the [qapi\\_Net\\_SSL\\_Cert\\_List\(\)](#) API.

#### 5.1.1.4 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_CIPHERSUITE\_LIST\_DEPTH 8

Maximum number of cipher suites that can be configured.

#### 5.1.1.5 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0)

Invalid handle.

#### 5.1.1.6 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_PROTOCOL\_UNKNOWN 0x00

Unknown SSL protocol version.

#### 5.1.1.7 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_PROTOCOL\_TLS\_1\_0 0x31

TLS version 1.0.

#### 5.1.1.8 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_PROTOCOL\_TLS\_1\_1 0x32

TLS version 1.1.

#### 5.1.1.9 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_PROTOCOL\_TLS\_1\_2 0x33

TLS version 1.2.

#### 5.1.1.10 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_PROTOCOL\_DTLS\_1\_0 0xEF

DTLS version 1.0.

**5.1.1.11 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_PROTOCOL\_DTLS\_1\_2 0xED**

DTLS version 1.2.

**5.1.1.12 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_PSK\_WITH\_RC4\_128\_SHA 0x008A**

TLS PSK with RC4 128 SHA.

**5.1.1.13 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_PSK\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA 0x008B**

TLS PSK with 3DES EDE CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.14 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_PSK\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA 0x008C**

TLS PSK with AES 128 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.15 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_PSK\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA 0x008D**

TLS PSK with AES 256 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.16 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_PSK\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256 0x00A8**

TLS PSK with AES\_128 GCM SHA256.

**5.1.1.17 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_PSK\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384 0x00A9**

TLS PSK with AES 256 GCM SHA384.

**5.1.1.18 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_PSK\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 0x00AE**

TLS PSK with AES 128 CBC SHA256.

**5.1.1.19 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_PSK\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA384 0x00AF**

TLS PSK with AES 256 CBC SHA384.

**5.1.1.20 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA 0x002F**

Cipher TLS RSA with AES 128 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.21 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA 0x0033**

Cipher TLS DHE RSA with AES 128 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.22 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA 0x0035**

Cipher TLS RSA with AES 256 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.23 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA 0x0039**

Cipher TLS DHE RSA with AES 256 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.24 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 0x003C**

Cipher TLS RSA with AES 128 CBC SHA256.

**5.1.1.25 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256 0x003D**

Cipher TLS RSA with AES 256 CBC SHA256.

**5.1.1.26 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 0x0067**

Cipher TLS DHE RSA with AES 128 CBC SHA256.

**5.1.1.27 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256 0x006B**

Cipher TLS DHE RSA with AES 256 CBC SHA256.

**5.1.1.28 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256 0x009C**

Cipher TLS RSA with AES 128 GCM SHA256.

**5.1.1.29 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384 0x009D**

Cipher TLS RSA with AES 256 GCM SHA384.

**5.1.1.30 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256 0x009E**

Cipher TLS DHE RSA with AES 128 GCM SHA256.

**5.1.1.31 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384 0x009F**

Cipher TLS DHE RSA with AES 256 GCM SHA384.

**5.1.1.32 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA 0xC004**

Cipher TLS ECDH ECDSA with AES 128 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.33 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA 0xC005**

Cipher TLS ECDH ECDSA with AES 256 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.34 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA 0xC009**

Cipher TLS ECDHE ECDSA with AES 128 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.35 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA 0xC00A**

Cipher TLS ECDHE ECDSA with AES 256 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.36 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA 0xC00E**

Cipher TLS ECDH RSA with AES 128 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.37 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA 0xC00F**

Cipher TLS ECDH RSA with AES 256 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.38 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA 0xC013**

Cipher TLS ECDHE RSA with AES 128 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.39 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA 0xC014**

Cipher TLS ECDHE RSA with AES 256 CBC SHA.

**5.1.1.40 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 0xC023**

Cipher TLS ECDHE ECDSA with AES 128 CBC SHA256.

**5.1.1.41 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA384 0xC024**

Cipher TLS ECDHE ECDSA with AES 256 CBC SHA384.

**5.1.1.42 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 0xC025**

Cipher TLS ECDH ECDSA with AES 128 CBC SHA256.

**5.1.1.43 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA384 0xC026**

Cipher TLS ECDH ECDSA with AES 256 CBC SHA384.

**5.1.1.44 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 0xC027**

Cipher TLS ECDHE RSA with AES 128 CBC SHA256.

**5.1.1.45 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA384 0xC028**

Cipher TLS ECDHE RSA with AES 256 CBC SHA384.



**5.1.1.46 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 0xC029**

Cipher TLS ECDH RSA with AES 128 CBC SHA256.

**5.1.1.47 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA384 0xC02A**

Cipher TLS ECDH RSA with AES 256 CBC SHA384.

**5.1.1.48 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256 0xC02B**

Cipher TLS ECDHE ECDSA with AES 128 GCM SHA256.

**5.1.1.49 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384 0xC02C**

Cipher TLS ECDHE ECDSA with AES 256 GCM SHA384.

**5.1.1.50 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256 0xC02D**

Cipher TLS ECDH ECDSA with AES 128 GCM SHA256.

**5.1.1.51 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384 0xC02E**

Cipher TLS ECDH ECDSA with AES 256 GCM SHA384.

**5.1.1.52 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256 0xC02F**

Cipher TLS ECDHE RSA with AES 128 GCM SHA256.

**5.1.1.53 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384 0xC030**

Cipher TLS ECDHE RSA with AES 256 GCM SHA384.

**5.1.1.54 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256 0xC031**

Cipher TLS ECDH RSA with AES 128 GCM SHA256.

**5.1.1.55 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDH\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384 0xC032**

Cipher TLS ECDH RSA with AES 256 GCM SHA384.

**5.1.1.56 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CCM 0xC09C**

Cipher TLS RSA with AES 128 CCM.

**5.1.1.57 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CCM 0xC09D**

Cipher TLS RSA with AES 256 CCM.

**5.1.1.58 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CCM 0xC09E**

Cipher TLS DHE RSA with AES 128 CCM.

**5.1.1.59 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CCM 0xC09F**

Cipher TLS DHE RSA with AES 256 CCM.

**5.1.1.60 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CCM\_8 0xC0A0**

Cipher TLS RSA with AES 128 CCM 8.

**5.1.1.61 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CCM\_8 0xC0A1**

Cipher TLS RSA with AES 256 CCM 8.

**5.1.1.62 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CCM\_8 0xC0A2**

Cipher TLS DHE RSA with AES 128 CCM 8.

**5.1.1.63 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CCM\_8 0xC0A3**

Cipher TLS DHE RSA with AES 256 CCM 8.

**5.1.1.64 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_CHACHA20\_POLY1305\_SHA256 0xCC13**

Cipher TLS ECDHE RSA with CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256.

**5.1.1.65 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_CHACHA20\_POLY1305\_SHA256 0xCC14**

Cipher TLS ECDHE ECDSA with CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256.

**5.1.1.66 #define QAPI\_NET\_TLS\_DHE\_RSA\_WITH\_CHACHA20\_POLY1305\_SHA256 0xCC15**

Cipher TLS DHE RSA with CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256.

**5.1.1.67 #define QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_MAX\_CA\_LIST 10**

Maximum certificate authority list entries allowed for conversion to binary format.

## 5.1.2 Data Structure Documentation

### 5.1.2.1 struct qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Verify\_Policy\_t

Structure to specify the certificate verification policy.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	domain	TRUE to verify certificate commonName against the peer's domain name.
uint8_t	time_Velocity	TRUE to verify certificate time validity.
uint8_t	send_Alert	TRUE to immediately send a fatal alert on detection of an untrusted certificate.
char	match_Name	Name to match against the common name or altDNSNames of the certificate. See <a href="#">QAPI_NET_SSL_MAX_CERT_NAME_LEN</a> .

### 5.1.2.2 struct qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Identifier\_t

Structure to get the identifier from the certificate.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_Net_SS- L_Identifier_- Type_t	identifier_Type	Type of identifier to extract from the certificate.
char	identifier_- Name	Name (altDNSNames, altURIs, or common name of the certificate. See <a href="#">QAPI_NET_SSL_MAX_CERT_NAME_LEN</a> .

### 5.1.2.3 struct qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Config\_t

Structure to configure an SSL connection.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16_t	protocol	Protocol to use. See <a href="#">QAPI_NET_SSL_PROTOCOL_*</a> .
uint16_t	cipher	Cipher to use. See SSL cipher suites <a href="#">QAPI_NET_TLS*</a> and <a href="#">QAPI_NET_SSL_CIPHERSUITE_LIST_DEPTH</a> .
<a href="#">qapi_Net_SSL- _Verify_Policy- _t</a>	verify	Certificate verification policy.
uint16_t	max_Frag_Len	Maximum fragment length in bytes.
uint16_t	max_Frag_Len- _Neg_Disable	Whether maximum fragment length negotiation is allowed. See RFC 6066.
uint16_t	sni_Name_Size	Length of the SNI server name.
char *	sni_Name	Server name for SNI.

### 5.1.2.4 struct qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Cert\_List\_t

Structure to get a list of certificates stored in nonvolatile memory.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
char	name	Certificate name. See <a href="#">QAPI_NET_SSL_MAX_NUM_CERTS</a> and <a href="#">QAPI_NET_SSL_MAX_CERT_NAME_LEN</a> .

### 5.1.2.5 struct qapi\_Net\_SSL\_CERT\_t

SSL client certificate info for conversion and storage.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t *	cert_Buf	Client certificate buffer.
uint32_t	cert_Size	Client certificate buffer size.
uint8_t *	key_Buf	Private key buffer.
uint32_t	key_Size	Private key buffer size.
uint8_t *	pass_Key	Password phrase.

### 5.1.2.6 struct qapi\_NET\_SSL\_CA\_Info\_t

SSL certificate authority list information.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t *	ca_Buf	Certificate authority list buffer.
uint32_t	ca_Size	Certificate authority list buffer size.

### 5.1.2.7 struct qapi\_Net\_SSL\_CA\_List\_t

SSL certificate authority information for conversion and storage.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	ca_Cnt	Certificate authority list count.
<a href="#">qapi_NET_SS-L_CA_Info_t</a> *	ca_Info	Certificate authority list info.

### 5.1.2.8 struct qapi\_Net\_SSL\_PSK\_Table\_t

SSL PSK table information for conversion and storage.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	psk_Size	PSK table buffer size.
uint8_t *	psk_Buf	PSK table buffer.

**5.1.2.9 struct qapi\_Net\_SSL\_DI\_Cert\_t**

SSL domain-issued certificate information for conversion and storage.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	di_Cert_Size	Domain-issued certificate buffer size.
uint8_t *	di_Cert_Buf	Domain-issued certificate buffer.

**5.1.2.10 struct \_\_qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Cert\_Info\_s**

SSL general certification information for conversion and storage for client certificates, CA lists, and PSK tables.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_Net_SSL-_Cert_Type_t	cert_Type	Certification type.
union __qapi_Net_SSL_Cert-_Info_s	info	Certificate information.

**5.1.2.11 union \_\_qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Cert\_Info\_s.info****Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_Net_SSL-_CERT_t	cert	Certificate.
qapi_Net_SSL-_CA_List_t	ca_List	CA list.
qapi_Net_SSL-_PSK_Table_t	psk_Tbl	PSK table.
qapi_Net_SSL-_DI_Cert_t	di_cert	Domain-issued certificate.

## 5.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 5.1.3.1 enum qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Role\_t

SSL object role.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_SERVER\_E** Server role. Not supported.

**QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_CLIENT\_E** Client role.

### 5.1.3.2 enum qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Protocol\_t

SSL protocol.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_TLS\_E** TLS protocol.

**QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_DTLS\_E** DTLS protocol.

### 5.1.3.3 enum qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Cert\_Type\_t

SSL certificate type.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_CERTIFICATE\_E** Certificate type.

**QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_CA\_LIST\_E** CA list type.

**QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_PSK\_TABLE\_E** PSK key table type.

**QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_DI\_CERT\_E** Domain-issued certificate type.

## 5.2 QAPI SSL Typedefs

This section provides the typedefs for the networking SSL.

### 5.2.1 Typedef Documentation

#### 5.2.1.1 typedef uint32\_t qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Obj\_Hdl\_t

Handle to an SSL object.

This is obtained from a call to [qapi\\_Net\\_SSL\\_Obj\\_New\(\)](#). The handle is freed with a call to [qapi\\_Net\\_SSL\\_Obj\\_Free\(\)](#).

#### 5.2.1.2 typedef uint32\_t qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Con\_Hdl\_t

Handle to an SSL connection.

This is obtained from a call to [qapi\\_Net\\_SSL\\_Con\\_New\(\)](#). The handle is freed with a call to [qapi\\_Net\\_SSL\\_Shutdown\(\)](#).

#### 5.2.1.3 typedef const void\* qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Cert\_t

Internal certificate format. The certificate is in a binary format optimized for speed and size. The \*.bin format certificate can be created using the command line tool [SharkSslParseCert].

##### Usage

```
SharkSslParseCert <cert file> <privkey file> [-p <passkey>] [-b <binary output file>]
```

#### 5.2.1.4 typedef const void\* qapi\_Net\_SSL\_DICERT\_t

Internal DI certificate format. The certificate is in a binary format optimized for speed and size.

#### 5.2.1.5 typedef const void\* qapi\_Net\_SSL\_CAList\_t

Internal CA list format. The CA list is in a binary format optimized for speed and size. The list can be created using the command line tool [SharkSSLParseCAList].

##### Usage

```
SharkSSLParseCAList [-b <binary output file>] <certfile> [certfile...] where certfile is a .PEM file containing one or more certificates
```

#### 5.2.1.6 typedef const void\* qapi\_Net\_SSL\_PSKTable\_t

Internal psk\_table format. PSK table is in an optimized binary format. The table can be created by using the command line tool [SharkSslParsePSKTable]. Set the PSK file format before using the tool.

Identity\_1: psk\_key1

Identity\_2: psk\_key2

**Usage**

SharkSslParsePSKTable <PSK file> [-b <binary output file>]

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## 5.3 Create an SSL Object

### 5.3.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.3.1.1 `qapi_Net_SSL_Obj_Hdl_t qapi_Net_SSL_Obj_New ( qapi_Net_SSL_Role_t role )`

Creates a new SSL object (client).

##### Parameters

in	<i>role</i>	Client role. Server is not supported.
----	-------------	---------------------------------------

##### Returns

SSL object handle on success.

QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_HDL\_NULL on error (out of memory).

##### Dependencies

This function must be called before using any other SSL function.

## 5.4 Create an SSL Connection Handle

### 5.4.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.4.1.1 `qapi_Net_SSL_Con_Hdl_t qapi_Net_SSL_Con_New ( qapi_Net_SSL_Obj_Hdl_t hdl, qapi_Net_SSL_Protocol_t prot )`

Creates an SSL connection handle for an SSL object.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hdl</i>	SSL object handle.
in	<i>prot</i>	Protocol to be used for this connection.

##### Returns

SSL connection handle on success.

QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_HDL\_NULL on error (out of memory).

## 5.5 Configure an SSL Connection

### 5.5.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.5.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Configure ( qapi_Net_SSL_Con_Hdl_t ssl, qapi_Net_SSL_Config_t * cfg )`

Configures an SSL connection regarding protocol and cipher, certificate validation criteria, maximum fragment length, and disable fragment length negotiation.

The SSL protocol and up to 8 ciphers can be configured in the client context.

The `SSL_VERIFY_POLICY` verify structure (and `matchName`) specify how the SSL certificate will be verified during the SSL handshake:

- If `verify.domain = 1`, the certificate domain name will be checked against `matchName`
- If `verify.timeValidity = 1`, the certificate will be checked for expiration.
- The certificate itself is always checked against the CAList. If a CAList is not present in the SSL context, the certificate is implicitly trusted.
- If `verify.sendAlert = 1`, an SSL alert is sent if the certificate fails any of the tests. An error is also returned to the application, which subsequently closes the connection. If `verify.sendAlert = 0`, an error is returned by `SSL_connect()`, and it is up to the application to decide what to do.

In SSL, a smaller fragment length helps in efficient memory utilization and to minimize latency. In Client mode, a maximum fragment length of 1 KB is negotiated during handshake using TLS extensions. If the peer server does not support the extension, the default maximum size of 16 KB is used.

`SSL_configure` provides two fields, `max_frag_len` and `max_frag_len_neg_disable`, to override the above behavior. `max_frag_len_neg_disable` applies only in Client mode.

If negotiation is allowed (i.e, `max_frag_len_neg_disable = 0`), `max_frag_len` must be set to one of these four values, according to RFC 6066:

- 1 – 512
- 2 – 1024
- 3 – 2048
- 4 – 4096 Other values are not permitted.

`max_frag_len` is applicable in Client or Server mode. Server mode does not support a maximum fragment length TLS extension.

There can be scenarios where the peer does not support the maximum fragment length TLS extension, but the maximum fragment length is inferred. In that case, the user may choose to configure `max_frag_len` and set `max_frag_len_neg_disable` to 1 to disable negotiation and still get the benefits of a smaller fragment length. When negotiation is disabled, any value < 16 KB can be configured for `max_frag_len`. Then the above limitations do not apply.

An error is returned and the connection is closed if any incoming record exceeds `max_frag_len`.

#### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>ssl</code>	Connection handle.
-----------------	------------------	--------------------

<i>in</i>	<i>cfg</i>	Configuration parameters.
-----------	------------	---------------------------

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success.

QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM\_SSL if an error occurred (configuration is invalid).

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## 5.6 Delete an SSL Certificate

### 5.6.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.6.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_delete ( char * name, qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_Type_t type )`

Deletes an encrypted certificate or CA list, or a PSK table from nonvolatile memory.

##### Parameters

in	<i>name</i>	Name of the certificate, CA list, or PSK table. The maximum length of the name allowed is QAPI_NET_SSL_MAX_CERT_NAME_LE, including the NULL character.
in	<i>type</i>	Type of data (certificate or CA list) to store. Could be either QAPI_NET_SSL_CERTIFICATE_E, QAPI_NET_SSL_CA_LIST_E, or QAPI_NET_SSL_PSK_TABLE_E.

##### Returns

0 on success.

Negative value on error (see SslErrors).

## 5.7 Store an SSL Certificate

### 5.7.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.7.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_Store ( const char * name, qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_Type_t type, qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_t cert, uint32_t size )`

Stores an internal certificate or CA list, or a PSK table in nonvolatile memory in encrypted form.

The certificate is in binary format optimized for speed and size. The \*.bin format certificate can be created using the command line tool [SharkSslParseCert].

The CA list is in binary format optimized for speed and size. The list can be created using the command line tool [SharkSSLParseCAList].

The PSK table is in an optimized binary format. The table can be created using the command line tool [SharkSslParsePSKTable]. Set the table format before using the tool:

Identity\_1: psk\_key1

Identity\_2: psk\_key2

#### Parameters

in	<i>name</i>	Name of the certificate, CA list, or PSK table. The maximum length of the name allowed is QAPI_NET_SSL_MAX_CERT_NAME_LEN, including the NULL character.
in	<i>type</i>	Type of data (certificate, CA list, or PSK table) to store. Could be either QAPI_NET_SSL_CERTIFICATE_E, QAPI_NET_SSL_CA_LIST_E, or QAPI_NET_SSL_PSK_TABLE_E.
in	<i>cert</i>	Address of the file containing the certificate in SSL internal format (*.bin file).
in	<i>size</i>	Size of the certificate file.

#### Returns

0 on success.

Negative value on error (see SslErrors).

## 5.8 Convert and Store an SSL Certificate

### 5.8.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.8.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_Convert_And_Store ( qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_Info_t * cert_info, const uint8_t * cert_name )`

Converts certificates, CA lists from .PEM and PSK tables to binary format and stores them in nonvolatile memory in encrypted form. The certificate is in binary format optimized for speed and size. Only one of these types can be converted and stored at a time.

The maximum number of CA lists that are supported for conversion and storage in binary format is QAPI\_NET\_SSL\_MAX\_CA\_LIST.

The PSK table must be in the following format:

- Identity\_1: psk\_key1
- Identity\_2: psk\_key2

#### Parameters

in	<i>cert_info</i>	Information pertaining to either the client certificate, CA lists in .PEM format or PSK tables.
in	<i>cert_name</i>	Name of the certificate, CA list, or PSK table that the <i>cert_info</i> is to be stored under after the conversion.

#### Returns

0 on success.  
Negative value on error (see SslErrors).

## 5.9 Load an SSL Certificate

### 5.9.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.9.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_Load ( qapi_Net_SSL_Obj_Hdl_t hdl, qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_Type_t type, const char * name )`

Reads an encrypted certificate or CA list, or a PSK table from nonvolatile memory, decrypts it, and then adds it to the SSL object.

- Certificate – Loads a client certificate to the SSL object.
- Certificate Authority (CA) list – Enables the SSL object to perform certificate validation on the peer's certificate. Only one CA list can be set, thus the CA list must include all root certificates required for the Session
- PSK table – Holds a list of preshared keys (PSK) to load SSL context. Only one PSK table can be set, thus the PSK table must include all PSK entries required for the session.

Certificates, CA lists, or a PSK table must be added before the [qapi\\_Net\\_SSL\\_Connect\(\)](#) or [qapi\\_Net\\_SSL\\_Accept\(\)](#) APIs are called.

#### Parameters

in	<i>hdl</i>	SSL object handle.
in	<i>type</i>	Type of data (certificate or CA list) to load. Could be either QAPI_NET_SSL_CERTIFICATE_E, QAPI_NET_SSL_CA_LIST_E, or QAPI_NET_SSL_PSK_TABLE_E.
in	<i>name</i>	Name of the file to load.

#### Returns

- 0 on success.
- Negative value on error (see SslErrors).



## 5.10 Load an SSL Certificate and Return the Identifier

### 5.10.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.10.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_Load_Get_Identifier ( qapi_Net_SSL_Obj_Hdl_t hdl, qapi_Net_SSL_Identifier_t * identifier, const char * name )`

Reads an encrypted domain-issued certificate (RFC6698, mode 3) from nonvolatile memory, decrypts it, and then adds it to the SSL object and returns the identifier.

Domain Issued Certificate: Load a DI certificate to the SSL object.

#### Parameters

in	<i>hdl</i>	SSL object handle.
out	<i>identifier</i>	Type of certificate identifier.
in	<i>name</i>	Name of the file to load.

#### Returns

0 on success,

Negative value on error (see SslErrors).

## 5.11 Get a List of SSL Certificates

### 5.11.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.11.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_List ( qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_Type_t type, qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_List_t * list )`

Gets a list of encrypted certificates or CA lists, or a PSK table stored in nonvolatile memory.

The structure `qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_List_t` must be allocated by the caller.

##### Parameters

in	<i>type</i>	Type of data (certificate or CA list) to store. This can be either QAPI_NET_SSL_CERTIFICATE_E, QAPI_NET_SSL_CA_LIST_E, or QAPI_NET_SSL_PSK_TABLE_E.
in, out	<i>list</i>	List of file names.

##### Returns

Number of files.  
0 on error.

## 5.12 Attach a Socket Descriptor to the SSL Connection

### 5.12.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.12.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Fd_Set ( qapi_Net_SSL_Con_Hdl_t ssl, uint32_t fd )`

Attaches a given socket descriptor to the SSL connection.

The SSL connection inherits the behavior of the socket descriptor (zero-copy/nonzero-copy, blocking/nonblocking, etc.).

#### Parameters

in	<i>ssl</i>	SSL connection handle.
in	<i>fd</i>	FD socket descriptor.

#### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success.

QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM\_SSL on error.

## 5.13 Accept an SSL Connection From the Client

### 5.13.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.13.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Accept ( qapi_Net_SSL_Con_Hdl_t ssl )`

Accepts an incoming SSL connection from the client.

This should be called only by a server SSL object. This will respond to the incoming client Hello message and complete the SSL handshake.

##### Parameters

in	<i>ssl</i>	SSL connection handle.
----	------------	------------------------

##### Returns

QAPI\_SSL\_OK\_HS on success.

QAPI\_ERR\_\* on error.

## 5.14 Initiate an SSL Handshake

### 5.14.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.14.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Connect ( qapi_Net_SSL_Con_Hdl_t ssl )`

Initiates an SSL handshake. Called only by a client SSL object.

##### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>ssl</code>	SSL connection handle.
-----------------	------------------	------------------------

##### Returns

QAPI\_SSL\_OK\_HS on success.

QAPI\_ERR\_\* on error.

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## 5.15 Close an SSL Connection

### 5.15.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.15.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Shutdown ( qapi_Net_SSL_Con_Hdl_t ssl )`

Closes an SSL connection.

The connection handle will be freed in this API. The socket must be closed explicitly after this call. See socket QAPIs.

##### Parameters

in	<i>ssl</i>	SSL connection handle.
----	------------	------------------------

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success.

QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM\_SSL on error (invalid connection handle).

## 5.16 Free an SSL Object Handle

### 5.16.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.16.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Obj_Free ( qapi_Net_SSL_Obj_Hdl_t hdl )`

Frees the SSL object handle.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hdl</i>	SSL object handle.
----	------------	--------------------

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success.

##### Dependencies

All connections belonging to this handle must be closed before calling this API.

## 5.17 Read SSL Data

### 5.17.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.17.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Read ( qapi_Net_SSL_Con_Hdl_t hdl, void * buf, uint32_t size )`

Reads data received over the SSL connection.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hdl</i>	Connection handle.
in, out	<i>buf</i>	Buffer to hold received data. Must be allocated by the application.
in	<i>size</i>	Size of the buffer in bytes.

##### Returns

The number of bytes available in the buffer.

QAPI\_ERR\_\* on error.

##### Dependencies

The SSL handshake must be completed successfully before calling this API. Depending on the underlying socket associated with the SSL connection, the API will be blocking/nonblocking, etc. The select API can be used to check if there is any data available.



## 5.18 Write SSL Data

### 5.18.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.18.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Write ( qapi_Net_SSL_Con_Hdl_t hdl, void * buf, uint32_t size )`

Sends data over the SSL connection.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hdl</i>	Connection handle.
in	<i>buf</i>	Buffer with the data to be sent.
in	<i>size</i>	Size of buf in bytes.

##### Returns

The number of bytes sent.  
QAPI\_ERR\_\* on error.

##### Dependencies

The SSL handshake must be completed successfully before calling this API. Depending on the underlying socket associated with the SSL connection, the API will be blocking/nonblocking, etc.

## 5.19 Determine Whether a Certificate File Exists

### 5.19.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.19.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_File_Exists ( char * file_name, qapi_Net_SSL_Cert_Type_t type )`

Given the certificate name and type, returns whether the file exists in the encrypted location.

##### Parameters

in	<i>file_name</i>	Certificate file name.
in	<i>type</i>	Type of SSL certificate.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success.

QAPI\_ERR\_\* on error.

## 6 Qualcomm Secure/Trusted Execution Environment APIs

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This chapter describes the Qualcomm secure execution environment (QSEE) and Qualcomm trusted execution environment (QTEE) APIs, and the IOpener API.

- [Create an IOpener object](#)
- [Library Functions for Accessing the QSEECOM Drivers](#)
- [IOpener Functions](#)

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## 6.1 Create an IOpener object

### 6.1.1 Function Documentation

#### 6.1.1.1 `int qapi_QTEEInvoke_GetOpener ( Object * ClientOpenerObj )`

Function used by clients to create an IOpener object. The call process is as follows:

```
{.c}
#include <object.h>
#include <stdint.h>

Object openerObj = Object_NULL;
Object myTAObj = Object_NULL;
int32_t err = Object_OK;
int32_t out = 0;

// Start the TA you desire
struct QSEECOM_handle *clnt_handle = NULL;
err = qapi_QSEECOM_start_app(&clnt_handle, "/firmware/image", "my_ta", 0);

// Get the opener object to open TA services with
err = qapi_QTEEInvoke_GetOpener(&openerObj);

// Open an object referencing the TA service of choice
err = qapi_IOpener_open(openerObj, CMyTA_UID, &myTAObj);

// Call TA method using RPC
err = IMyTA_add(myTAObj, 5, 10, &out);

// Release
IMyTA_release(myTAObj);
qapi_IOpener_release(openerObj);

// Unload TA
err = qapi_QSEECOM_shutdown_app(&clnt_handle);
```

#### Parameters

out	<i>ClientOpenerObj</i>	Object to be used with IOpener.
-----	------------------------	---------------------------------

#### Returns

0 on success; -1 on failure.

## 6.2 Library Functions for Accessing the QSEECOM Drivers

### 6.2.1 Data Structure Documentation

#### 6.2.1.1 struct qapi\_QSEECOM\_handle\_t

Handle to the loaded trusted application (TA).

This handle is returned by [qapi\\_QSEECOM\\_start\\_app\(\)](#).

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
unsigned char *	mem_sbuffer	Not used – set to NULL.

### 6.2.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.2.2.1 int qapi\_QSEECOM\_start\_app ( qapi\_QSEECOM\_handle\_t \*\* *clnt\_handle*, const char \* *path*, const char \* *fname*, uint32\_t *sb\_size* )

Starts a trusted application.

Loads and starts a trusted application. The application is verified as secure by digital signature verification.

A trusted application is built using the QTEE tool chain. The binaries are split into multiple files and are saved to the file system.

Example:

The directory "/firmware/image" contains a trusted application named "my\_ta". The trusted application is split into "my\_ta.b00", "my\_ta.b01", "my\_ta.b02", "my\_ta.b03", "my\_ta.b04", "my\_ta.b05", and "my\_ta.mdt".

```
qapi_QSEECOM_handle_t *handle = NULL;
qapi_QSEECOM_start_app(&handle, "/firmware/image", "my_ta", 0);
...
qapi_QSEECOM_shutdown_app(&handle);
```

##### Parameters

in, out	<i>clnt_handle</i>	Handle to the loaded trusted application.
in	<i>path</i>	Name of the directory that contains the trusted application.
in	<i>fname</i>	Name of the trusted application file name without the extension.
in	<i>sb_size</i>	Not used – set to 0.

##### Returns

Zero on success, negative value on failure.

### 6.2.2.2 `int qapi_QSEECOM_start_app_from_buffer ( qapi_QSEECOM_handle_t ** clnt_handle, const char * name, const void * appElf_ptr, size_t appElf_len )`

Starts a trusted application from a HLOS provided buffer.

Buffer(appElf\_ptr) allocated should be a virtual address obtained through QuRT mem region create API, incase this API is intended to be called from kernel space.

Loads and starts a trusted application. The application is verified as secure by digital signature verification.

A trusted application is built using the QTEE tool chain. This function doesn't support split bin contents in the Buffer(appElf\_ptr).

Buffer(appElf\_ptr) should contain the exact contents of the TA mbn.

Example:

```
qapi_QSEECOM_handle_t *handle = NULL;
qapi_QSEECOM_start_app_from_buffer(&handle, "ta_unique_name", &appElf_buf,
    appElf_len);
...
qapi_QSEECOM_shutdown_app(&handle);
```

#### Parameters

in, out	<i>clnt_handle</i>	Handle to the loaded trusted application.
in	<i>name</i>	Unique name of the trusted application.
in	<i>appElf_ptr</i>	Pointer to the buffer holding the the TA.
in	<i>appElf_len</i>	size of the buffer holding the TA.

#### Returns

Zero on success, negative value on failure.

### 6.2.2.3 `int qapi_QSEECOM_shutdown_app ( qapi_QSEECOM_handle_t ** handle )`

Shuts down a started trusted application.

See [qapi\\_QSEECOM\\_start\\_app\(\)](#) for a usage example.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the loaded trusted application.
----	---------------	---

#### Returns

Zero on success, negative on failure.

## 6.3 IOpener Functions

### 6.3.1 Define Documentation

#### 6.3.1.1 #define qapi\_IOpener\_ERROR\_NOT\_FOUND INT32\_C(10)

Error code returned by [qapi\\_IOpener\\_open\(\)](#) if a TA service with a UID specified by the `id_val` parameter is not found.

#### 6.3.1.2 #define qapi\_IOpener\_ERROR\_PRIVILEGE INT32\_C(11)

Error code returned by [qapi\\_IOpener\\_open\(\)](#) if the TA service's UID specified by the `id_val` parameter is other than one of the reserved IDs.

### 6.3.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.3.2.1 static int32\_t qapi\_IOpener\_release ( Object *self* )

Releases an object in the ARM® TrustZone® (TZ) that was opened via [qapi\\_IOpener\\_open\(\)](#).

##### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<i>self</i>	Object to be released.
-----------------	-------------	------------------------

##### Returns

0: success, -1: failure.

##### See also

[IOpener\\_open\(\)](#)

#### 6.3.2.2 static int32\_t qapi\_IOpener\_retain ( Object *self* )

Retains and increments the references on an object.

This is useful if the object is sent to a different thread or process. In that case, the sender can call retain before sending the object.

##### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<i>self</i>	Object to be retained or reference to be incremented.
-----------------	-------------	---

##### Returns

0: success, -1: failure.

### 6.3.2.3 static int32\_t qapi\_IOpener\_open ( Object *self*, uint32\_t *id\_val*, Object \* *obj\_ptr* )

Opens a TZ object to be used for execution.

Allows the user to open a specific class ID or a TA service ID to then be used as desired in asking the TZ to execute on the user's behalf.

#### Parameters

in	<i>self</i>	Object to use for opening. This should be retrieved via <a href="#">qapi_QTEEInvoke_GetOpener()</a> .
in	<i>id_val</i>	ID of the TA service that is to be opened.
out	<i>obj_ptr</i>	Return object representing the requested TA service.

#### Returns

0: success, -1: failure.



# 7 QAPI Networking Services

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This chapter describes the Networking Services and utilities QAPIs.

- Networking Services Macros, Data Types, and Enumerations
- Get the Names of All Network Interfaces
- Parse an Address String into an IPv4/IPv6 Address
- Format an IPv4/IPv6 Address into a NULL-terminated String
- Get the Physical Address and Length of an Interface
- Check Whether an Interface Exists
- IPv4 Network Configuration
- Send an IPv4 Ping
- Send an IPv4 Ping with a Response
- IPv4 Route Commands
- Send an IPv6 Ping
- Send an IPv6 Ping with a Response
- Get the IPv6 Address of an Interface
- IPv6 Route Commands
- Get the Interface Scope ID

## 7.1 Networking Services Macros, Data Types, and Enumerations

This section provides the macros and constant, data structures, and enumerations for the networking services module.

### 7.1.1 Define Documentation

#### 7.1.1.1 **#define QAPI\_IPV4\_IS\_MULTICAST( *ipv4\_Address* ) (((long)(ipv4\_Address) & 0xf0000000) == 0xe0000000)**

Verifies whether the IPv4 address is multicast.

This macro returns 1 if the passed IPv4 address is multicast. IPv4 multicast addresses are in the range 224.0.0.0 through 239.255.255.255.

##### Parameters

in	<i>ipv4_Address</i>	IPv4 address to check; must be in host order.
----	---------------------	---

##### Returns

1 if the IPv4 address is multicast, 0 otherwise.

#### 7.1.1.2 **#define IF\_NAMELEN 20**

Default maximum length for interface names.

#### 7.1.1.3 **#define QAPI\_NET\_IPV4\_MAX\_ROUTES (3)**

Maximum IPv4 routing configurations.

#### 7.1.1.4 **#define QAPI\_IS\_IPV6\_LINK\_LOCAL( *ipv6\_Address* )**

Checks whether the IPv6 address is link local.

This macro returns 1 if the passed IPv6 address is link local. The link local address format is fe80::/64. The first 10 bits of the address are 111111010, followed by 54 zeros, followed by 64 bits of the interface identifier.

##### Parameters

in	<i>ipv6_Address</i>	IPv6 address to check.
----	---------------------	------------------------

##### Returns

1 if the IPv6 address is link local, 0 otherwise.

**7.1.1.5 #define QAPI\_IS\_IPV6\_MULTICAST( *ipv6\_Address* ) (ipv6\_Address[0] == 0xff)**

Checks whether the IPv6 address is multicast.

**Parameters**

in	<i>ipv6_Address</i>	IPv6 address to check.
----	---------------------	------------------------

**Returns**

1 if the IPv6 address is multicast, 0 otherwise.

**7.1.1.6 #define QAPI\_NET\_IPV6\_MAX\_ROUTES (3)**

Maximum IPv6 routing configurations.

**7.1.1.7 #define QAPI\_NET\_IFNAME\_LEN 12**

Maximum length for the interface name.

**7.1.2 Data Structure Documentation****7.1.2.1 struct qapi\_Net\_Ping\_V4\_t**

IPv4 ping input.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	ipv4_addr	Destination to ping.
uint32_t	ipv4_src	Source address.
uint32_t	size	Packet size.
uint32_t	timeout	Timeout value (in ms).

**7.1.2.2 struct qapi\_Net\_IPv4\_Route\_t**

IPv4 routing object.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	RSVD	Reserved.
uint32_t	ipRouteDest	Destination IPv4 address of this route.
uint32_t	ipRouteMask	Indicates the mask to be logically ANDed with the destination address before being compared to the value in the ipRouteDest field.
uint32_t	ipRouteNext-Hop	IPv4 address of the next hop of this route.
uint32_t	ipRouteIfIndex	Index value that uniquely identifies the local interface through which the next hop of this route should be reached.
uint32_t	ipRouteProto	Routing mechanism via which this route was learned.

Type	Parameter	Description
char	ifName	Textual name of the interface.

### 7.1.2.3 struct qapi\_Net\_IPv4\_Route\_List\_t

IPv4 routing objects list.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	route_Count	Number of <a href="#">qapi_Net_IPv4_Route_t</a> arrays in the routing table.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_IPv4_Route_t</a>	route	Array of <a href="#">qapi_Net_IPv4_Route_t</a> types.

### 7.1.2.4 struct qapi\_Net\_Ping\_V6\_s

IPv6 ping input.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	ipv6_addr	Destination to ping.
uint8_t	ipv6_src	Source address.
uint32_t	size	Packet size.
uint32_t	timeout	Timeout value (in ms).
char *	ifname	Interface name.

### 7.1.2.5 struct qapi\_Net\_IPv6\_Route\_t

IPv6 routing object.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	ipv6RouteDest	Destination IPv6 address of this route.
uint32_t	ipv6RoutePfx-Length	Indicates the prefix length of the destination address.
uint8_t	ipv6RouteNext-Hop	Address of the next system en route.
uint32_t	ipv6Route-Protocol	Routing mechanism via which this route was learned.
uint32_t	ipv6RouteIf-Index	Index value that uniquely identifies the local interface through which the next hop of this route should be reached.
char	ifName	Textual name of the interface.

### 7.1.2.6 struct qapi\_Net\_IPv6\_Route\_List\_t

IPv6 routing objects list.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	route_Count	Number of <a href="#">qapi_Net_IPv6_Route_t</a> arrays in the routing table.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_IPv6_Route_t</a>	route	Array of type <a href="#">qapi_Net_IPv6_Route_t</a> .

### 7.1.2.7 struct qapi\_Net\_Ifnameindex\_t

Network interface object.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	if_Index	if_Index in RFC 1213-mib2, which ranges from 1 to the returned value of <a href="#">qapi_Net_Get_Number_of_Interfaces()</a> if the value is $\geq 1$ .
char	interface_Name	Interface name (NULL terminated).
qbool_t	if_Is_Up	TRUE if the interface is up, FALSE if interface is not up (e.g., down or testing).

### 7.1.2.8 struct qapi\_Ping\_Info\_Resp\_s

Ping response structure.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
int	ptype	ICMP type for the ping.
int	pcode	ICMP code for the ping.
char	perror	Response description for the ping.

## 7.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 7.1.3.1 enum qapi\_Net\_Route\_Command\_t

Commands for routing QAPI net services.

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_ROUTE\_ADD\_E** Add route.  
**QAPI\_NET\_ROUTE\_DEL\_E** Delete route.  
**QAPI\_NET\_ROUTE\_SHOW\_E** Show routes.

### 7.1.3.2 enum qapi\_Net\_IPv4cfg\_Command\_t

Commands for the IPv4 configuration QAPI.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_NET\_IPV4CFG\_QUERY\_E** Get the IPv4 parameters of an interface, such as IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway.

**QAPI\_NET\_IPV4CFG\_STATIC\_IP\_E** Assign the IPv4 address, subnet mask, and default gateway.

**QAPI\_NET\_IPV4CFG\_DHCP\_IP\_E** Run the DHCPv4 client to obtain IPv4 parameters from the DHCPv4 server.

**QAPI\_NET\_IPV4CFG\_AUTO\_IP\_E** Run auto-IP (automatic private IP addressing).

Qualcomm  
2019-02-25 22:22:45 PST  
hyman.ding@qcom.com

## 7.2 Get the Names of All Network Interfaces

### 7.2.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.2.1.1 `int32_t qapi_Net_Get_All_Ifnames ( qapi_Net_Ifnameindex_t * if_Name_Index )`

Retrieves the textual names of all network interfaces.

##### Parameters

out	<i>if_Name_Index</i>	Array to contain the retrieved information.
-----	----------------------	---

##### Returns

Number of network interfaces

## 7.3 Parse an Address String into an IPv4/IPv6 Address

### 7.3.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.3.1.1 `int32_t inet_pton ( int32_t af, const char * src, void * dst )`

Parses the passed address string into an IPv4/IPv6 address.

##### Parameters

in	<i>af</i>	Address family. AF_INET for IPv4, AF_INET6 for IPv6.
in	<i>src</i>	IPv4 or IPv6 address string (NULL terminated).
out	<i>dst</i>	Resulting IPv4/IPv6 address.

##### Returns

0 if OK, 1 if bad address format, -1 if *af* is not AF\_INET or AF\_INET6.



## 7.4 Format an IPv4/IPv6 Address into a NULL-terminated String

### 7.4.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.4.1.1 `const char* inet_ntop ( int32_t af, const void * src, char * dst, size_t size )`

Formats an IPv4/IPv6 address into a NULL-terminated string.

##### Parameters

in	<i>af</i>	Address family; AF_INET for IPv4, AF_INET6 for IPv6.
in	<i>src</i>	Pointer to an IPv4 or IPv6 address.
out	<i>dst</i>	Pointer to the output buffer to contain the IPv4/IPv6 address string.
out	<i>size</i>	Size of the output buffer in bytes.

##### Returns

Pointer to the resulting string if OK, otherwise NULL.

## 7.5 Get the Physical Address and Length of an Interface

### 7.5.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.5.1.1 `int32_t qapi_Net_Interface_Get_Physical_Address ( const char * interface_Name, const uint8_t ** address, uint32_t * address_Len )`

Retrieves the physical address and physical address length of an interface.

Note that all arguments must not be 0. Also note that this function does not allocate space for the address, and therefore the caller must not free it.

```
int status;
const char * address = 0;
uint32_t address_length = 0;
status = qapi_Net_Interface_Get_Physical_Address(interface_name, &address
, &address_length);
if ( status == 0 ) {
    // at this point address contains the physical address and
    // address_length contains the physical address length
    // address[0] is the MSB of the physical address
}
```

#### Parameters

in	<i>interface_Name</i>	Name of the interface for which to retrieve the physical address and or physical address length.
out	<i>address</i>	Pointer to where to save the address of the buffer containing the physical address.
out	<i>address_Len</i>	Pointer to where to store the physical address length.

#### Returns

0 on success, or a negative error code on failure.

## 7.6 Check Whether an Interface Exists

### 7.6.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.6.1.1 `qbool_t qapi_Net_Interface_Exist ( const char * interface_Name )`

Checks whether the interface exists.

```
int exist;

exist = qapi_Net_Interface_Exist("rmnet_data0");
if ( exist == 1 )
{
    printf("rmnet_data0 exists\r\n");
}
```

#### Parameters

in	<i>interface_Name</i>	Name of the interface for which to check whether it exists.
----	-----------------------	---

#### Returns

0 if the interface does not exist or 1 if the interface does exist.

## 7.7 IPv4 Network Configuration

### 7.7.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.7.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_IPv4_Config ( const char * interface_Name, qapi_Net_IPv4cfg_Command_t cmd, uint32_t * ipv4_Addr, uint32_t * subnet_Mask, uint32_t * gateway )`

Sets/gets IPv4 parameters, or triggers the DHCP client.

##### Parameters

in	<i>interface_Name</i>	Pointer to the interface name.
in	<i>cmd</i>	Command mode. Possible values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QAPI_NET_IPv4CFG_QUERY_E (0) – Get the IPv4 parameters of an interface.</li> <li>QAPI_NET_IPv4CFG_STATIC_IP_E (1) – Assign the IPv4 address, subnet mask, and default gateway.</li> </ul>
in	<i>ipv4_Addr</i>	Pointer to the IPv4 address in host order.
in	<i>subnet_Mask</i>	Pointer to the IPv4 subnet mask in host order.
in	<i>gateway</i>	Pointer to the IPv4 gateway address in host order.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 7.8 Send an IPv4 Ping

### 7.8.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.8.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_Ping ( uint32_t ipv4_Addr, uint32_t size )`

Sends an IPv4 ping.

##### Parameters

in	<i>ipv4_Addr</i>	IPv4 destination address in network order.
in	<i>size</i>	Size of the ping payload in bytes.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 7.9 Send an IPv4 Ping with a Response

### 7.9.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.9.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_Ping_2 ( qapi_Net_Ping_V4_t * ping_buf, qapi_Ping_Info_Resp_t * ping_resp )`

Sends an IPv4 ping request.

##### Parameters

in	<i>ping_buf</i>	Pointer to IPv4 ping structure. The structure will take the IPv4 destination address in network order, the IPv4 address to which to send the ping via this source, the number of data bytes to send, and a Ping request timeout value (in ms).
out	<i>ping_resp</i>	Pointer to where to store the ping response code and the type for the ICMP echo response received.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Successful ping response is received.

QAPI\_ERROR – The response buffer is filled with an error code.

## 7.10 IPv4 Route Commands

### 7.10.1 Function Documentation

**7.10.1.1** `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_IPv4_Route ( const char * interface_Name, qapi_Net_Route_Command_t cmd, uint32_t * ipv4_Addr, uint32_t * subnet_Mask, uint32_t * gateway, qapi_Net_IPv4_Route_List_t * route_List )`

Adds, deletes, or queries the IPv4 route.

#### Parameters

in	<i>interface_Name</i>	Pointer to the interface name.
in	<i>cmd</i>	Command mode. Possible values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QAPI_NET_ROUTE_ADD_E (0) – Add route.</li> <li>QAPI_NET_ROUTE_DEL_E (1) – Delete route.</li> <li>QAPI_NET_ROUTE_SHOW_E (2) – Show route.</li> </ul>
in	<i>ipv4_Addr</i>	Pointer to the IPv4 address in host order.
in	<i>subnet_Mask</i>	Pointer to the IPv4 subnet mask in host order.
in	<i>gateway</i>	Pointer to the IPv4 gateway address in host order.
in	<i>route_List</i>	Pointer to the buffer to contain the list of routes, returned with the QAPI_NET_ROUTE_SHOW_E command.

#### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 7.11 Send an IPv6 Ping

### 7.11.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.11.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_Ping6 ( uint8_t ipv6_Addr[16], uint32_t size, const char * interface_Name )`

Sends an IPv6 ping request.

##### Parameters

in	<i>ipv6_Addr</i>	IPv6 address to which to send a ping.
in	<i>size</i>	Number of data bytes to send.
in	<i>interface_Name</i>	Pointer to the interface name; the interface name is required when pinging an IPv6 link local address.

##### Returns

- 0 – Ping response is received.
- 1 – Ping request timed out.
- -1 – Error.



## 7.12 Send an IPv6 Ping with a Response

### 7.12.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.12.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_Ping6_2 ( qapi_Net_Ping_V6_t * ping6_buf, qapi_Ping_Info_Resp_t * ping_resp )`

Sends an IPv6 ping request with a response.

##### Parameters

in	<i>ping6_buf</i>	Pointer to the IPv6 ping structure. The structure will take the IPv6 address to which to send a ping, the IPv6 address to send the ping via this source, the number of data bytes to send, the ping request timeout value (in ms), and when pinging an IPv6 link local address interface, a name is required.
out	<i>ping_resp</i>	Pointer to where to store the ping response code and the type for the ICMP echo response received.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – A successful ping response is received.

QAPI\_ERROR – The error and response buffer is filled with the error code.

## 7.13 Get the IPv6 Address of an Interface

### 7.13.1 Function Documentation

**7.13.1.1** `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_IPv6_Get_Address ( const char * interface_Name,  
uint8_t * link_Local, uint8_t * global, uint8_t * default_Gateway, uint8_t *  
global_Second, uint32_t * link_Local_Prefix, uint32_t * global_Prefix,  
uint32_t * default_Gateway_Prefix, uint32_t * global_Second_Prefix )`

Gets the IPv6 addresses of an interface.

#### Parameters

in	<i>interface_Name</i>	Pointer to the name of the network interface.
in	<i>link_Local</i>	Pointer to the first global unicast address.
in	<i>global</i>	Pointer to the link local unicast address.
in	<i>default_Gateway</i>	Pointer to the default gateway address.
in	<i>global_Second</i>	Pointer to the second global unicast address.
in	<i>link_Local_Prefix</i>	Pointer to the prefix length of the link-local address.
in	<i>global_Prefix</i>	Pointer to the prefix length of the first global address.
in	<i>default_Gateway_- Prefix</i>	Pointer to the prefix length of the default gateway address.
in	<i>global_Second_- Prefix</i>	Pointer to the prefix length of the second global address.

#### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 7.14 IPv6 Route Commands

### 7.14.1 Function Documentation

**7.14.1.1** `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_IPv6_Route ( const char * interface_Name, qapi_Net_Route_Command_t cmd, uint8_t * ipv6_Addr, uint32_t * prefix_Length, uint8_t * next_Hop, qapi_Net_IPv6_Route_List_t * route_List )`

Adds, deletes, or queries the IPv6 route.

#### Parameters

in	<i>interface_Name</i>	Pointer to the name of the network interface.
in	<i>cmd</i>	Command mode. Possible values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QAPI_NET_ROUTE_ADD_E (0) – Add route</li> <li>QAPI_NET_ROUTE_DEL_E (1) – Delete route</li> <li>QAPI_NET_ROUTE_SHOW_E (2) – Show route</li> </ul>
in	<i>ipv6_Addr</i>	Pointer to the IPv6 address.
in	<i>prefix_Length</i>	Pointer to the IPv6 prefix length.
in	<i>next_Hop</i>	Pointer to the IPv6 gateway address.
in	<i>route_List</i>	Pointer to the buffer containing a list of routes, returned with the QAPI_NET_ROUTE_SHOW_E command.

#### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 7.15 Get the Interface Scope ID

### 7.15.1 Function Documentation

#### 7.15.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_IPv6_Get_Scope_ID ( const char * interface_Name, int32_t * scope_ID )`

Returns the scope ID for the interface.

When using link-local addressing with the IPv6 protocol, the scope ID must be specified along with the destination address. The application should use this function to retrieve a scope ID based on the interface name.

##### Parameters

in	<i>interface_Name</i>	Pointer to the name of the interface for which to retrieve the scope ID.
out	<i>scope_ID</i>	Pointer to the location store the scope ID.

##### Returns

0 on success, or a negative error code.

# 8 Domain Name System Client Service APIs

---

The Domain Name System (DNS) Client service provides a collection of API functions that allow the application to both configure DNS services in the system as well as translate domain names to their numerical IPv4 or IPv6 (or both) addresses, which is needed for the purpose of initiating communications with a remote server or service. The DNS client service can be either manually configured or automatically configured when the DHCP client is enabled.

This chapter describes the following APIs:

- [DNS Client Service Macros, Data Types, and Enumerations](#)
- [Check Whether the DNS Client has Started](#)
- [Start, Stop, or Disable the DNS Client](#)
- [Convert an IP Address Text String into an IP Address](#)
- [Convert an IP Address Text String for an Interface](#)
- [Get a List of DNS Servers](#)
- [Get Index for Added DNS Server](#)
- [Add a DNS Server](#)
- [Add a DNS Server to an Interface](#)
- [Remove a DNS Server](#)
- [Removes a DNS Server from an Interface](#)
- [Get IPv4 Host Information by Name](#)
- [Get IPv4/IPv6 Host Information by Name](#)

## 8.1 DNS Client Service Macros, Data Types, and Enumerations

This section provides the macros and constant, data structures, and enumerations for the DNS client service module.

### 8.1.1 Define Documentation

#### 8.1.1.1 #define MAX\_DNS\_SVR\_NUM 4

For use with [qapi\\_Net\\_DNSc\\_Get\\_Server\\_List\(\)](#) to get IP addresses of DNS servers.

#### 8.1.1.2 #define QAPI\_DNS\_PORT 53

DNS server port.

#### 8.1.1.3 #define QAPI\_NET\_DNS\_V4\_PRIMARY\_SERVER\_ID 0

DNS IPv4 primary server ID.

#### 8.1.1.4 #define QAPI\_NET\_DNS\_V4\_SECONDARY\_SERVER\_ID 1

DNS IPv4 secondary server ID.

#### 8.1.1.5 #define QAPI\_NET\_DNS\_V6\_PRIMARY\_SERVER\_ID 2

DNS IPv6 primary server ID.

#### 8.1.1.6 #define QAPI\_NET\_DNS\_V6\_SECONDARY\_SERVER\_ID 3

DNS IPv6 secondary server ID.

#### 8.1.1.7 #define gethostbyname( \_\_name ) qapi\_Net\_DNSc\_Get\_Host\_By\_Name(\_\_name)

Macro that returns a pointer to the hostent structure of a host with the given name.

### 8.1.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 8.1.2.1 struct qapi\_Net\_DNS\_Server\_List\_t

Use with [qapi\\_Net\\_DNSc\\_Get\\_Server\\_List\(\)](#) to get IP addresses of DNS servers.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
struct <a href="#">ip46addr</a>	svr	DNS servers IP addresses.

### 8.1.2.2 struct qapi\_hostent\_s

Data structure returned from qapi\_gethostbyname() or qapi\_gethostbyname2(). Same as the UNIX struct hostent{ }.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
char *	h_name	Official name of the host.
char **	h_aliases	Alias list.
int	h_addrtype	Host address type.
int	h_length	Length of the address.
char **	h_addr_list	List of addresses.

## 8.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 8.1.3.1 enum qapi\_Net\_DNS\_Command\_t

Commands to start/stop/disable a DNS client.

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_DNS\_DISABLE\_E** Functionality is deprecated. Do not use.

**QAPI\_NET\_DNS\_START\_E** Allocate space for internal data structures when called for the first time.

For subsequent calls, increases the ref count; DNS query is allowed after the start command.

Processes DNS responses from the server.

**QAPI\_NET\_DNS\_STOP\_E** Stop sending DNS requests and processing DNS responses; keeps internal data structures. Frees the space for internal data structures only when the ref count reaches 0.

## 8.2 Check Whether the DNS Client has Started

### 8.2.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.2.1.1 `int32_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Is_Started ( void )`

Checks whether the DNS client has started.

##### Returns

0 if not started or 1 if started.

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## 8.3 Start, Stop, or Disable the DNS Client

### 8.3.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.3.1.1 `int32_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Command ( qapi_Net_DNS_Command_t cmd )`

Starts, stops, or disables the DNS client.

##### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>cmd</code>	Command to start/stop/disable the DNS client. The supported commands are QAPI_NET_DNS_START_E, QAPI_NET_DNS_STOP_E, and QAPI_NET_DNS_DISABLE_E.
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##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 8.4 Convert an IP Address Text String into an IP Address

### 8.4.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.4.1.1 `int32_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Reshost ( char * hostname, struct ip46addr * ipaddr )`

Resolves an IP address text string into an actual IP address.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hostname</i>	Pointer to an IP address string or host name string.
in	<i>ipaddr</i>	Pointer to struct <code>ip46addr</code> for the resolved IP address. The caller must specify which IP address (v4 or v6) it intends to resolve to: If <code>ipaddr</code> type is <code>AF_INET</code> , resolve to an IPv4 address. If <code>ipaddr</code> type is <code>AF_INET6</code> , resolve to an IPv6 address.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, < 0 is returned.

## 8.5 Convert an IP Address Text String for an Interface

### 8.5.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.5.1.1 `int32_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Reshost_on_iface ( char * hostname, struct ip46addr * addr, char * iface_index )`

Resolves an IP address text string into an actual IP address for an interface.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hostname</i>	Pointer to an IP address string or host name string.
in	<i>addr</i>	Pointer to struct <a href="#">ip46addr</a> for the resolved IP address. The caller must specify which IP address (v4 or v6) it intends to resolve to: If <i>addr</i> type is AF_INET, resolve to an IPv4 address. If <i>addr</i> type is AF_INET6, resolve to an IPv6 address.
in	<i>iface_index</i>	Name of the PDN/APN for which the address text string is to be resolved.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, < 0 is returned.

## 8.6 Get a List of DNS Servers

### 8.6.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.6.1.1 `int32_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Get_Server_List ( qapi_Net_DNS_Server_List_t * svr_list, uint8_t iface_index )`

Gets the list of configured DNS servers.

##### Parameters

in	<i>svr_list</i>	Pointer to a buffer to contain the list.
in	<i>iface_index</i>	Index of the configured DNS servers.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 8.7 Get Index for Added DNS Server

### 8.7.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.7.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Get_Server_Index ( char * svr_addr, uint32_t * id, char * iface )`

Gets the index at which a DNS server is added to the system.

##### Parameters

in	<i>svr_addr</i>	Pointer to the DNS server's IP address string.
in	<i>id</i>	Pointer to the server index. This is filled with the position at which <i>svr_addr</i> is added.
in	<i>iface</i>	Pointer to the interface string on which the server is added.

##### Returns

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

## 8.8 Add a DNS Server

### 8.8.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.8.1.1 `int32_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Add_Server ( char * svr_addr, uint32_t id )`

Adds a DNS server to the system.

##### Parameters

in	<i>svr_addr</i>	Pointer to the DNS server's IP address string.
in	<i>id</i>	Server ID can be QAPI_NET_DNS_V4_PRIMARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V4_SECONDARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V6_PRIMARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V6_SECONDARY_SERVER_ID, or QAPI_NET_DNS_ANY_SERVER_ID.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 8.9 Add a DNS Server to an Interface

### 8.9.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.9.1.1 `int32_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Add_Server_on_iface ( char * svr_addr, uint32_t id, char * iface )`

Adds a DNS server to a PDN interface.

##### Parameters

in	<i>svr_addr</i>	Pointer to DNS server's IP address string.
in	<i>id</i>	Server ID can be QAPI_NET_DNS_V4_PRIMARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V4_SECONDARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V6_PRIMARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V6_SECONDARY_SERVER_ID, or QAPI_NET_DNS_ANY_SERVER_ID.
in	<i>iface</i>	Pointer to the name of the PDN on which the server is to be added.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 8.10 Remove a DNS Server

### 8.10.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.10.1.1 `int32_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Del_Server ( uint32_t id )`

Removes a DNS server from the system.

##### Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code><i>id</i></code>	Server ID, can be: QAPI_NET_DNS_V4_PRIMARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V4_SECONDARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V6_PRIMARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V6_SECONDARY_SERVER_ID, or QAPI_NET_DNS_ANY_SERVER_ID
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##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.



## 8.11 Removes a DNS Server from an Interface

### 8.11.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.11.1.1 `int32_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Del_Server_on_iface ( uint32_t id, char * iface_index )`

Removes a DNS server from an interface.

##### Parameters

in	<i>id</i>	Server ID, can be: QAPI_NET_DNS_V4_PRIMARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V4_SECONDARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V6_PRIMARY_SERVER_ID, QAPI_NET_DNS_V6_SECONDARY_SERVER_ID, or QAPI_NET_DNS_ANY_SERVER_ID
in	<i>iface_index</i>	Name of interface from which to delete a DNS server.

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. On error, -1 is returned.

## 8.12 Get IPv4 Host Information by Name

### 8.12.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.12.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Host_By_Name ( char * name, struct qapi_hostent_s * ipaddr )`

Gets the host information for an IPv4 host by name.

Implements a standard Unix version of [gethostbyname\(\)](#). The returned structure should not be freed by the caller.

##### Parameters

in	<i>name</i>	Pointer to either a host name or an IPv4 address in standard dot notation.
out	<i>ipaddr</i>	Resolved host information.

##### Returns

On success, a pointer to a hostent structure.

On error, NULL is returned.

## 8.13 Get IPv4/IPv6 Host Information by Name

### 8.13.1 Function Documentation

#### 8.13.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_DNSc_Host_By_Name2 ( char * name, int32_t af, struct qapi_hostent_s * ipaddr )`

Get host information for an IPv4/IPv6 host by name.

Implements a standard Unix version of `gethostbyname2()`. The returned `hostent` structure is not thread safe. It can be freed by internal DNS client routines if the entry ages out or if the table becomes full and space is needed for another entry.

#### Parameters

in	<i>name</i>	Pointer to either a host name, an IPv4 address in standard dot notation, or an IPv6 address in colon notation.
in	<i>af</i>	Address family, either <code>AF_INET</code> or <code>AF_INET6</code> .
out	<i>ipaddr</i>	Resolved host information.

#### Returns

On success, a pointer to a `hostent` structure.

On error, `NULL` is returned.

## 9 MQTT API

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This chapter describes the MQTT API.

- [MQTT Data Types](#)
- [MQTT APIs](#)

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## 9.1 MQTT Data Types

### Net MQTT Length Defines

- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_MAX\_CLIENT\_ID\_LEN 128
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_MAX\_TOPIC\_LEN 128

### 9.1.1 Define Documentation

#### 9.1.1.1 #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_MAX\_CLIENT\_ID\_LEN 128

Maximum client ID length. The MQTT stack uses the same value.

#### 9.1.1.2 #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_MAX\_TOPIC\_LEN 128

Maximum topic length.

#### 9.1.1.3 #define qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Pass\_Pool\_Ptr( a, b ) mqtt\_set\_byte\_pool(a,b)

Macro that passes a Byte Pool pointer for the MQTT application.

Parameter a – Handle.

Parameter b – Pointer to the Byte Pool.

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

**Note:** This macro is only used in the DAM space.

#### 9.1.1.4 #define qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Destroy( a ) mqtt\_destroy\_indirection(a)

Macro that releases a Byte Pool pointer for the MQTT application.

Parameter a – Handle.

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

**Note:** This macro is only used in the DAM space.

### 9.1.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 9.1.2.1 struct qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Sock\_Opts\_t

MQTT socket options.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
int32_t	level	Specifies the protocol level at which the option resides.
int32_t	opt_name	Socket option name.
void *	opt_value	Socket option value.
uint32_t	opt_len	Socket option length.

### 9.1.2.2 struct qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_config\_s

MQTT configuration.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
struct <a href="#">sockaddr</a>	local	MQTT client IP address and port number.
struct <a href="#">sockaddr</a>	remote	MQTT server IP address and port number.
bool	nonblocking_ connect	Blocking or nonblocking MQTT connection.
uint8_t	client_id	MQTT vlient ID.
int32_t	client_id_len	MQTT client ID length.
uint32_t	keepalive_ duration	Conection keepalive duration in seconds.
uint8_t	clean_session	Clean session flag; 0 – No clean session, 1 – clean session.
uint8_t *	will_topic	Will topic name.
int32_t	will_topic_len	Will topic length.
uint8_t *	will_message	Will message.
int32_t	will_message_ len	Will message length.
uint8_t	will_retained	Will retain flag.
uint8_t	will_qos	Will QOS.
uint8_t *	username	Client username.
int32_t	username_len	Client user length.
uint8_t *	password	Client password.
int32_t	password_len	Client password length.
uint32_t	connack_timed- out_sec	Timeout value for which the client waits for the CONNACK packet from the server.
uint32_t	sock_options_ cnt	Number of socket options.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_MQ- TT_Sock_Opts- _t *</a>	sock_options	Socket options
<a href="#">qapi_Net_SSL- _Config_t</a>	ssl_cfg	SSL configuration.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_SSL- _CAList_t</a>	ca_list	SSL CA cert details.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_SSL- _Cert_t</a>	cert	SSL cert details.

### 9.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

Reason codes for a subscription callback.

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_SUBSCRIBE\_DENIED\_E** Subscription is denied by the broker.

**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_SUBSCRIBE\_GRANTED\_E** Subscription is granted by the broker.

**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_SUBSCRIBE\_MSG\_E** Message was received from the broker.

### 9.1.3.1 enum QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_CONNECT\_CBK\_MSG

Connection callback messages.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_CONNECT\_SUCCEEDED\_E** MQTT connect succeeded.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_TCP\_CONNECT\_FAILED\_E** TCP connect failed.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_SSL\_CONNECT\_FAILED\_E** SSL connect failed.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_CONNECT\_FAILED\_E** QAPI\_MQTT connect failed.

### 9.1.3.2 enum QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_CONN\_STATE

Connection states.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_DORMANT\_E** Connection is idle.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_TCP\_CONNECTING\_E** TCP is connecting.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_TCP\_CONNECTED\_E** TCP is connected.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_SSL\_CONNECTING\_E** SSL is connecting.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_SSL\_CONNECTED\_E** SSL is connected.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_MQTT\_CONNECTING\_E** MQTT is connecting.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_MQTT\_CONNECTED\_E** MQTT is connected.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_MQTT\_TERMINATING\_E** MQTT connection is terminating.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_SSL\_TERMINATING\_E** SSL connection is terminating.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_TCP\_TERMINATING\_E** TCP connection is terminating.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_DYING\_E** MQTT connection is dying.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ST\_DEAD\_E** MQTT connection is dead.

### 9.1.3.3 enum QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_MSG\_TYPES

MQTT message types.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_CONNECT** Connect.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_CONNACK** Connection acknowledgement.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_PUBLISH** Publish.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_PUBACK** Publish acknowledgement.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_PUBREC** PubRec.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_PUBREL** PubRel.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_PUBCOMP** PubComp.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_SUBSCRIBE** Subscribe.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_SUBACK** Subscribe acknowledgement.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_UNSUBSCRIBE** Unsubscribe.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_UNSUBACK** Unsubscribe acknowledgement.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_PINGREQ** Ping request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_PINGRESP** Ping response.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_DISCONNECT** Disconnect.  
**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_MQTT\_NO\_RESPONSE\_MSG\_REQD** No response message is required.

**QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_INVALID\_RESP** Invalid response.

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## 9.2 MQTT APIs

### 9.2.1 Function Documentation

#### 9.2.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_MQTT_New ( qapi_Net_MQTT_Hndl_t * hndl )`

Creates a new MQTT context.

##### Parameters

out	<i>hndl</i>	Newly created MQTT context.
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##### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success, QAPI\_ERROR on failure.

#### 9.2.1.2 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_MQTT_Destroy ( qapi_Net_MQTT_Hndl_t hndl )`

Destroys an MQTT context.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	Handle for the MQTT context to be destroyed.
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##### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success or QAPI\_ERROR on failure.

#### 9.2.1.3 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_MQTT_Connect ( qapi_Net_MQTT_Hndl_t hndl, const qapi_Net_MQTT_Config_t * config )`

Connects to an MQTT broker.

##### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	MQTT handle.
in	<i>config</i>	MQTT client configuration.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success or < 0 on failure.

### 9.2.1.4 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Disconnect ( qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Hndl\_t *hndl* )

Disconnects from an MQTT broker.

#### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	MQTT handle.
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#### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success or < 0 on failure.

### 9.2.1.5 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Publish ( qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Hndl\_t *hndl*, const uint8\_t \* *topic*, const uint8\_t \* *msg*, int32\_t *msg\_len*, int32\_t *qos*, bool *retain* )

Publishes a message to a particular topic.

#### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	MQTT handle.
in	<i>topic</i>	MQTT topic.
in	<i>msg</i>	MQTT payload.
in	<i>msg_len</i>	MQTT payload length.
in	<i>qos</i>	QOS to be used for the message.
in	<i>retain</i>	Retain flag.

#### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success or <0 on failure.

### 9.2.1.6 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Publish\_Get\_Msg\_Id ( qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Hndl\_t *hndl*, const uint8\_t \* *topic*, const uint8\_t \* *msg*, int32\_t *msg\_len*, int32\_t *qos*, bool *retain*, uint16\_t \* *msg\_id* )

Publishes a message to a particular topic.

#### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	MQTT handle.
in	<i>topic</i>	MQTT topic.
in	<i>msg</i>	MQTT payload.
in	<i>msg_len</i>	MQTT payload length.
in	<i>qos</i>	QOS to be used for the message.
in	<i>retain</i>	Retain flag.
out	<i>msg_id</i>	Message ID of the MQTT publish message.

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success or <0 on failure.

### 9.2.1.7 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Subscribe ( qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Hndl\_t *hndl*, const uint8\_t \* *topic*, int32\_t *qos* )**

Subscribes to a topic.

**Parameters**

in	<i>hndl</i>	MQTT handle.
in	<i>topic</i>	Subscription topic.
in	<i>qos</i>	QOS to be used.

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success or < 0 on failure.

### 9.2.1.8 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Unsubscribe ( qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Hndl\_t *hndl*, const uint8\_t \* *topic* )**

Unsubscribes from a topic.

**Parameters**

in	<i>hndl</i>	MQTT handle
in	<i>topic</i>	Topic from which to unsubscribe.

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success or < 0 on failure.

### 9.2.1.9 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Set\_Connect\_Callback ( qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_- Hndl\_t *hndl*, qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Connect\_CB\_t *callback* )**

Sets a connect callback, which is invoked when the connect is successful.

**Parameters**

in	<i>hndl</i>	MQTT handle.
in	<i>callback</i>	Callback to be invoked.

**Returns**

Success or failure.

### 9.2.1.10 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Set\_Subscribe\_Callback ( qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Hndl\_t *hndl*, qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Subscribe\_CB\_t *callback* )**

Sets a subscribe callback, which is invoked when a subscription is granted or denied.

#### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	MQTT handle.
in	<i>callback</i>	Callback to be invoked.

#### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success or < 0 on failure.

### 9.2.1.11 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Set\_Message\_Callback ( qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Hndl\_t *hndl*, qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Message\_CB\_t *callback* )**

Sets a message callback, which is invoked when a message is received for a subscribed topic.

#### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	MQTT handle.
in	<i>callback</i>	Callback to be invoked.

#### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success or < 0 on failure.

### 9.2.1.12 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Set\_Publish\_Callback ( qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Hndl\_t *hndl*, qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Publish\_CB\_t *callback* )**

Sets a publish callback, which is invoked when PUBACK(QOS1)/PUBREC,PUBCOMP(QOS2).

#### Parameters

in	<i>hndl</i>	MQTT handle.
in	<i>callback</i>	Callback to be invoked.

#### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success or < 0 on failure.

### 9.2.1.13 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_MQTT-Allow\_Unsub\_Publish ( qapi\_Net\_MQTT\_Hndl\_t *hndl*, bool *allow\_unsub\_pub* )**

Sets an unsubscribe callback, which will allow messages to be received for an unsubscribed topic.

**Parameters**

in	<i>hndl</i>	MQTT handle.
in	<i>allow_unsub_pub</i>	condition that allows this behaviour.

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success or < 0 on failure.

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# 10 HTTP(S) APIs

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The HTTP client service provides a collection of API functions that allow the application to enable and configure HTTP client services. The HTTP client can be configured to support IPv4, IPv6, as well as HTTP mode, HTTPS mode (secure), or both.

- [HTTP\(S\) API](#)

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## 10.1 HTTP(S) API

### 10.1.1 Define Documentation

#### 10.1.1.1 #define qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Pass\_Pool\_Ptr( a, b ) httpc\_set\_byte\_pool(a,b)

Macro that passes a Byte Pool pointer for the HTTP client.

Parameter a – Handle.

Parameter b – Pointer to the Byte Pool.

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

**Note:** This macro is only used in the DAM space.

#### 10.1.1.2 #define qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Free\_sess( a ) httpc\_destroy\_indirection(a, TXM\_QAPI\_HTTPC\_FREE\_SESSION)

Macro that releases a Byte Pool pointer for the HTTP client.

Parameter a – Handle.

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

**Note:** This macro is only used in the DAM space.

### 10.1.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 10.1.2.1 struct qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Response\_t

HTTP response data returned by [qapi\\_HTTPc\\_CB\\_t\(\)](#).

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	length	HTTP response data buffer length.
uint32_t	resp_Code	HTTP response code.
const void *	data	HTTP response data.
const void *	rsp_hdr	HTTP response data header.
uint32_t	rsp_hdr_len	HTTP response data header length.

#### 10.1.2.2 struct qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Sock\_Opts\_t

HTTP socket options.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
int32_t	level	Specifies the protocol level at which the option resides.
int32_t	opt_name	Socket option name.
void *	opt_value	Socket option value.
uint32_t	opt_len	Socket option length.

### 10.1.2.3 struct qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Config\_t

Structure to configure an HTTP client session.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16_t	addr_type	Address type AF_UNSPEC, AF_INET or AF_INET6 (used for DNS resolution only).
uint32_t	sock_options_cnt	Number of socket options.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_HTTPc_Sock_Opts_t</a> *	sock_options	Socket options – only the Linger option is currently supported.
uint16_t	max_send_chunk	Maximum send data chunk per transaction.
uint16_t	max_send_chunk_delay_ms	Maximum delay between send data chunks (msec).
uint8_t	max_send_chunk_retries	Maximum send data chunk retries.
uint8_t	max_conn_poll_cnt	Maximum connect polling count.
uint32_t	max_conn_poll_interval_ms	Maximum connect polling interval

### 10.1.3 Typedef Documentation

#### 10.1.3.1 typedef void(\* qapi\_HTTPc\_CB\_t)(void \*arg, int32\_t state, void \*value)

HTTP response user callback registered during [qapi\\_Net\\_HTTPc\\_New\\_sess\(\)](#).

#### Parameters

in	<i>arg</i>	User payload information.
in	<i>state</i>	HTTP response state.
in	<i>value</i>	HTTP response information.

### 10.1.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 10.1.4.1 enum qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Method\_e

HTTP request types supported by [qapi\\_Net\\_HTTPc\\_Request\(\)](#).

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_HTTP\_CLIENT\_GET\_E** HTTP get request.

**QAPI\_NET\_HTTP\_CLIENT\_POST\_E** HTTP post request.



**QAPI\_NET\_HTTP\_CLIENT\_PUT\_E** HTTP put request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTP\_CLIENT\_PATCH\_E** HTTP patch request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTP\_CLIENT\_HEAD\_E** HTTP head request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTP\_CLIENT\_CONNECT\_E** HTTP connect request.

#### 10.1.4.2 enum qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_CB\_State\_e

HTTP callback state returned by [qapi\\_HTTPc\\_CB\\_t\(\)](#).

##### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_HTTPC\_RX\_ERROR\_SERVER\_CLOSED** HTTP response error – the server closed the connection.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTPC\_RX\_ERROR\_RX\_PROCESS** HTTP response error – response is processing.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTPC\_RX\_ERROR\_RX\_HTTP\_HEADER** HTTP response error – header is processing.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTPC\_RX\_ERROR\_INVALID\_RESPONSECODE** HTTP response error – invalid response code.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTPC\_RX\_ERROR\_CLIENT\_TIMEOUT** HTTP response error – timeout waiting for a response.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTPC\_RX\_ERROR\_NO\_BUFFER** HTTP response error – memory is unavailable.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTPC\_RX\_CONNECTION\_CLOSED** HTTP response – connection is closed.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTPC\_RX\_ERROR\_CONNECTION\_CLOSED** HTTP response error – connection is closed.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTPC\_RX\_FINISHED** HTTP response – response was received completely.  
**QAPI\_NET\_HTTPC\_RX\_MORE\_DATA** HTTP response – there is more response data to be received.

### 10.1.5 Function Documentation

#### 10.1.5.1 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Start ( void )

Starts or restarts an HTTP client module.

This function is invoked to start or restart the HTTP client after it is stopped via a call to [qapi\\_Net\\_HTTPc\\_Stop\(\)](#).

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

#### 10.1.5.2 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Stop ( void )

Stops an HTTP client module.

This function is invoked to stop the HTTP client after it was started via a call to [qapi\\_Net\\_HTTPc\\_Start\(\)](#).

##### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

### 10.1.5.3 **qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t** qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_New\_sess ( uint32\_t *timeout*, qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Obj\_Hdl\_t *ssl\_Object\_Handle*, qapi\_HTTPc\_C-B\_t *callback*, void \* *arg*, uint32\_t *httpc\_Max\_Body\_Length*, uint32\_t *httpc\_Max\_Header\_Length* )

Creates a new HTTP client session.

To create a client session, the caller must invoke this function and the handle to the newly created context is returned if successful. As part of the function call, a user callback function is registered with the HTTP client module that gets invoked for that particular session if there is some response data from the HTTP server. Passing in the SSL context information ensures that a secure session is created. Any HTTP connection or security related configuration can be configured using the configuration QAPIs.

#### Parameters

in	<i>timeout</i>	Timeout (in ms) of a session method (zero is not recommended).
in	<i>ssl_Object_Handle</i>	SSL context for HTTPs connect (zero for no HTTPs session support).
in	<i>callback</i>	Register a callback function; NULL for no support for a callback.
in	<i>arg</i>	User data payload to be returned by the callback function.
in	<i>httpc_Max_Body_Length</i>	Maximum body length for this session.
in	<i>httpc_Max_Header_Length</i>	Maximum header length for this session.

#### Returns

On success, [qapi\\_Net\\_HTTPc\\_handle\\_t](#) is returned. NULL otherwise.

### 10.1.5.4 **qapi\_Status\_t** qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Free\_sess ( **qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t** *handle* )

Releases an HTTP client session.

An HTTP client session that is connected to the HTTP server is disconnected before releasing the resources associated with that session.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the HTTP client session.
----	---------------	------------------------------------

#### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

### 10.1.5.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Connect ( qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t *handle*, const char \* *URL*, uint16\_t *port* )**

Connects an HTTP client session to the HTTP server.

The HTTP client session is connected to the HTTP server in blocking mode.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the HTTP client session.
in	<i>URL</i>	Server URL information.
in	<i>port</i>	Server port information.

#### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

### 10.1.5.6 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Proxy\_Connect ( qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t *handle*, const char \* *URL*, uint16\_t *port*, uint8\_t *secure\_proxy* )**

Connects an HTTP client session to the HTTP proxy server.

The HTTP client session is connected to the HTTP server in blocking mode.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the HTTP client session.
in	<i>URL</i>	Server URL information.
in	<i>port</i>	Server port information.
in	<i>secure_proxy</i>	Secure proxy connection.

#### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

### 10.1.5.7 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Disconnect ( qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t *handle* )**

Disconnects an HTTP client session from the HTTP server.

The HTTP client session that is connected to the HTTP server is disconnected from the HTTP server.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the HTTP client session.
----	---------------	------------------------------------

#### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

### 10.1.5.8 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Request ( qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t *handle*, qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Method\_e *cmd*, const char \* *URL* )**

Processes the HTTP client session requests.

HTTP client session requests are processed and sent to the HTTP server.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the HTTP client session.
in	<i>cmd</i>	HTTP request method information.
in	<i>URL</i>	Server URL information.

#### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

### 10.1.5.9 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Set\_Body ( qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t *handle*, const char \* *body*, uint32\_t *body\_Length* )**

Sets an HTTP client session body.

Multiple invocations of this function will result in overwriting the internal data buffer with the content of the last call. Maximum allowed body size is configured at HTTP session creation.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the HTTP client session.
in	<i>body</i>	HTTP body related information buffer.
in	<i>body_Length</i>	HTTP body buffer length.

#### Returns

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

### 10.1.5.10 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Set\_Param ( qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t *handle*, const char \* *key*, const char \* *value* )**

Sets an HTTP client session parameter.

Multiple invocations of this function will result in appending the parameter key-value pair information to the internal data buffer.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the HTTP client session.
in	<i>key</i>	HTTP key related information.
in	<i>value</i>	HTTP value associated with the key.

**Returns**

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

### 10.1.5.11 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Add\_Header\_Field ( qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t *handle*, const char \* *type*, const char \* *value* )**

Adds an HTTP client session header field.

Multiple invocations of this function will result in appending the header type-value pair information to the internal header buffer. Maximum allowed header size is configured at HTTP session creation.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the HTTP client session.
in	<i>type</i>	HTTP header type related information.
in	<i>value</i>	HTTP value associated with the header type.

**Returns**

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

### 10.1.5.12 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Clear\_Header ( qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t *handle* )**

Clears an HTTP client session header.

Invocation of this function clears the entire content associated with the internal header buffer.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the HTTP client session.
----	---------------	------------------------------------

**Returns**

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

### 10.1.5.13 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Configure\_SSL ( qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t *handle*, qapi\_Net\_SSL\_Config\_t \* *ssl\_Cfg* )**

Configures an HTTP client session.

Invocation of this function configures the HTTP client SSL session.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the HTTP client session.
in	<i>ssl_Cfg</i>	SSL configuration information.

**Returns**

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

**10.1.5.14 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Configure ( qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_handle\_t handle, qapi\_Net\_HTTPc\_Config\_t \* httpc\_Cfg )**

Configures the HTTP client session based on the application requirement.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle to the HTTP client session.
in	<i>httpc_Cfg</i>	HTTP client configuration information.

**Returns**

On success, 0 is returned. Other value on error.

# 11 QAPI Status and Error Codes

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This chapter describes common and module-specific status and error codes.

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## 11.1 QAPI Status Codes

### SSL Module Error Codes

- #define [QAPI\\_ERR\\_SSL\\_CERT](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 1)
- #define [QAPI\\_ERR\\_SSL\\_CONN](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 2)
- #define [QAPI\\_ERR\\_SSL\\_HS\\_NOT\\_DONE](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 3)
- #define [QAPI\\_ERR\\_SSL\\_ALERT\\_RECV](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 4)
- #define [QAPI\\_ERR\\_SSL\\_ALERT\\_FATAL](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 5)
- #define [QAPI\\_SSL\\_HS\\_IN\\_PROGRESS](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 6)
- #define [QAPI\\_SSL\\_OK\\_HS](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 7)
- #define [QAPI\\_ERR\\_SSL\\_CERT\\_CN](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 8)
- #define [QAPI\\_ERR\\_SSL\\_CERT\\_TIME](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 9)
- #define [QAPI\\_ERR\\_SSL\\_CERT\\_NONE](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 10)
- #define [QAPI\\_ERR\\_SSL\\_NETBUF](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 11)
- #define [QAPI\\_ERR\\_SSL SOCK](#) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 12)

### Generic Error Codes

- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_ERR\\_INVALID\\_IPADDR](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 21)))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_ERR\\_CANNOT\\_GET\\_SCOPEID](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 22)))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_ERR\\_SOCKET\\_CMD\\_TIME\\_OUT](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 23)))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_ERR\\_MAX\\_SERVER\\_REACHED](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 24)))

### MQTT Error Codes

- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#) 25
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_ALLOC\\_FAILURE](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#)))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_BAD\\_PARAM](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#) + 1))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_BAD\\_STATE](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_



NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START +  
2))

- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_CONN\_CLOSED ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 3))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_MSG\_DESERIALIZATION\_FAILURE ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 4))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_MSG\_SERIALIZATION\_FAILURE ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 5))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NEGATIVE\_CONNACK ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 6))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NO\_DATA ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 7))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NONZERO\_REFCOUNT ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 8))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_PINGREQ\_MSG\_CREATION\_FAILED ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 9))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_PUBACK\_MSG\_CREATION\_FAILED ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 10))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_PUBCOMP\_MSG\_CREATION\_FAILED ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 11))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_PUBLISH\_MSG\_CREATION\_FAILED ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 12))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_PUBREC\_MSG\_CREATION\_FAILED ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 13))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_PUBREL\_MSG\_CREATION\_FAILED ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 14))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_RX\_INCOMPLETE ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 15))
- #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_SOCKET\_FATAL\_ERROR ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 16))

16))

- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_TCP\\_BIND\\_FAILED](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#) + 17))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_TCP\\_CONNECT\\_FAILED](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#) + 18))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_SSL\\_CONN\\_FAILURE](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#) + 19))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_SUBSCRIBE\\_MSG\\_CREATION\\_FAILED](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#) + 21))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_SUBSCRIBE\\_UNKNOWN\\_TOPIC](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#) + 21))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_UNSUBSCRIBE\\_MSG\\_CREATION\\_FAILED](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#) + 22))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_UNEXPECTED\\_MSG](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#) + 23))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_PARTIAL\\_SUBSCRIPTION\\_FAILURE](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#) + 24))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_RESTORE\\_FAILURE](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_NUM\\_START](#) + 25))
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_MQTT\\_ERR\\_MAX\\_NUMS](#) 26
- #define [QAPI\\_NET\\_NIPD\\_FLOW\\_SUSPENDED](#) ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 27))

## QAPI Modules

The following definitions represent the IDs for the various modules of the QAPI.

Note that if OEMs wish to add their own module IDs, it is recommended to start at 100 to avoid possible conflicts with updates to the QAPI that add additional modules.

- #define [QAPI\\_MOD\\_BASE](#) (0)
- #define [QAPI\\_MOD\\_802\\_15\\_4](#) (1)
- #define [QAPI\\_MOD\\_NETWORKING](#) (2)
- #define [QAPI\\_MOD\\_WIFI](#) (3)

- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BT** (4)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP** (5)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_I2C\_MASTER** (6)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_SPI\_MASTER** (7)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_TLMM** (8)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_GPIPOINT** (9)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_PWM** (10)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_ERR** (11)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_DIAG** (12)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_OM\_SMEM** (13)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_CRYPT** (14)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_FS** (15)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_USB** (16)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_FTL** (17)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_RIL** (18)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_ADC** (19)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_TSENS** (20)
- #define **QAPI\_MOD\_BSP\_PMIC** (21)

### Common QAPI Status Codes

The following definitions represent the status codes common to all of the QAPI modules.

- #define **QAPI\_OK** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(0))
- #define **QAPI\_ERROR** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 1)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 2)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_NO\_MEMORY** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 3)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_NO\_RESOURCE** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 4)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_BUSY** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 6)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_NO\_ENTRY** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 7)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 8)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_TIMEOUT** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 9)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_BOUNDS** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 10)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_BAD\_PAYLOAD** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 11)))

- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_EXISTS** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 12)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 13)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_STATE** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 13)))
- #define **QAPI\_ERR\_API\_DEPRECATED** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 14)))

## 11.1.1 Define Documentation

### 11.1.1.1 #define QAPI\_ERR\_SSL\_CERT \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 1)

Error in own certificate.

### 11.1.1.2 #define QAPI\_ERR\_SSL\_CONN \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 2)

Error with the SSL connection.

### 11.1.1.3 #define QAPI\_ERR\_SSL\_HS\_NOT\_DONE \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 3)

Handshake must be completed before the operation can be attempted.

### 11.1.1.4 #define QAPI\_ERR\_SSL\_ALERT\_RECV \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 4)

Received an SSL warning alert message.

### 11.1.1.5 #define QAPI\_ERR\_SSL\_ALERT\_FATAL \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 5)

Received an SSL fatal alert message.

### 11.1.1.6 #define QAPI\_SSL\_HS\_IN\_PROGRESS \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 6)

Handshake is in progress.

### 11.1.1.7 #define QAPI\_SSL\_OK\_HS \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 7)

Handshake was successful.

**11.1.1.8 #define QAPI\_ERR\_SSL\_CERT\_CN \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 8)**

The SSL certificate of the peer is trusted, CN matches the host name, time has expired.

**11.1.1.9 #define QAPI\_ERR\_SSL\_CERT\_TIME \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 9)**

The SSL certificate of the peer is trusted, CN does not match the host name, time is valid.

**11.1.1.10 #define QAPI\_ERR\_SSL\_CERT\_NONE \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 10)**

The SSL certificate of the peer is not trusted.

**11.1.1.11 #define QAPI\_ERR\_SSL\_NETBUF \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 11)**

Connection drops when out of network buffers; usually a resource configuration error.

**11.1.1.12 #define QAPI\_ERR\_SSL SOCK \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 12)**

Socket error; use `qapi_errno.h` to check for the reason code.

**11.1.1.13 #define QAPI\_NET\_ERR\_INVALID\_IPADDR ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 21)))**

IP address is invalid.

**11.1.1.14 #define QAPI\_NET\_ERR\_CANNOT\_GET\_SCOPEID ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 22)))**

Failed to get the scope ID.

**11.1.1.15 #define QAPI\_NET\_ERR\_SOCKET\_CMD\_TIME\_OUT ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 23)))**

Socket command timed out.

**11.1.1.16 #define QAPI\_NET\_ERR\_MAX\_SERVER\_REACHED ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 24)))**

Maximum server address (v4/v6) reached in the server's list.

**11.1.1.17 #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START 25**

MQTT error number start.

**11.1.1.18 #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_ALLOC\_FAILURE ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START)**

MQTT memory allocation failed.

**11.1.1.19 #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_BAD\_PARAM ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 1))**

MQTT bad parameter while invoking the API.

**11.1.1.20 #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_BAD\_STATE ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 2))**

MQTT connection is in a bad state.

**11.1.1.21 #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_CONN\_CLOSED ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 3))**

MQTT connection is closed.

**11.1.1.22 #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_MSG\_DESERIALIZATION\_FAILURE ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 4))**

MQTT packet decode failed.

**11.1.1.23 #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_MSG\_SERIALIZATION\_FAILURE ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 5))**

MQTT packet encode failed.

**11.1.1.24 #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NEGATIVE\_CONNACK ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 6))**

MQTT negative CONNACK received.

**11.1.1.25 #define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NO\_DATA ((qapi\_Status\_t)\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 7))**

MQTT no data.

**11.1.1.26** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NONZERO_REFCOUNT ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 8))`

MQTT no zero reference count while disconnecting.

**11.1.1.27** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_PINGREQ_MSG_CREATION_FAILED ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 9))`

MQTT ping request message creation failed.

**11.1.1.28** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_PUBACK_MSG_CREATION_FAILED ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 10))`

MQTT PUBACK message creation failed.

**11.1.1.29** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_PUBCOMP_MSG_CREATION_FAILED ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 11))`

MQTT PUBCOM message creation failed.

**11.1.1.30** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_PUBLISH_MSG_CREATION_FAILED ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 12))`

MQTT publish message creation failed.

**11.1.1.31** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_PUBREC_MSG_CREATION_FAILED ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 13))`

MQTT PUBREC message creation failed.

**11.1.1.32** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_PUBREL_MSG_CREATION_FAILED ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 14))`

MQTT PUBREL message creation failed.

**11.1.1.33** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_RX_INCOMPLETE ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 15))`

MQTT Rx is incomplete.

**11.1.1.34** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_SOCKET_FATAL_ERROR ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 16))`

MQTT socket fatal error.

**11.1.1.35** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_TCP_BIND_FAILED ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 17))`

MQTT TCP bind error.

**11.1.1.36** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_TCP_CONNECT_FAILED ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 18))`

MQTT TCP connection error.

**11.1.1.37** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_SSL_CONN_FAILURE ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 19))`

MQTT SSL connection failed.

**11.1.1.38** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_SUBSCRIBE_MSG_CREATION_FAILED ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 21))`

MQTT subscribe message creation failed.

**11.1.1.39** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_SUBSCRIBE_UNKNOWN_TOPIC ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 21))`

MQTT subscribe unknown topic.

**11.1.1.40** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_UNSUBSCRIBE_MSG_CREATION_FAILED ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 22))`

MQTT unsubscribe message creation failed.

**11.1.1.41** `#define QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_UNEXPECTED_MSG ((qapi_Status_t) __QAPI_ERROR(QAPI_MOD_NETWORKING, QAPI_NET_MQTT_ERR_NUM_START + 23))`

MQTT unexpected message received.



**11.1.1.42** **#define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_PARTIAL\_SUBSCRIPTION\_FAILURE** ((qapi\_Status\_t) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 24))

MQTT subscription failed.

**11.1.1.43** **#define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_RESTORE\_FAILURE** ((qapi\_Status\_t) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_NUM\_START + 25))

MQTT restore failed.

**11.1.1.44** **#define QAPI\_NET\_MQTT\_ERR\_MAX\_NUMS** 26

MQTT maximum error number.

**11.1.1.45** **#define QAPI\_NET\_NIPD\_FLOW\_SUSPENDED** ((qapi\_Status\_t) \_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_NETWORKING, 27))

Non-IP data flow suspended.

**11.1.1.46** **#define QAPI\_OK** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(0))

Success.

**11.1.1.47** **#define QAPI\_ERROR** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 1)))

General error.

**11.1.1.48** **#define QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 2)))

Invalid parameter.

**11.1.1.49** **#define QAPI\_ERR\_NO\_MEMORY** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 3)))

Memory allocation error.

**11.1.1.50** **#define QAPI\_ERR\_NO\_RESOURCE** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 4)))

Resource allocation error.

**11.1.1.51** **#define QAPI\_ERR\_BUSY** ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 6)))

Operation is busy.

**11.1.1.52 #define QAPI\_ERR\_NO\_ENTRY ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 7)))**

Entry was not found.

**11.1.1.53 #define QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 8)))**

Feature is not supported.

**11.1.1.54 #define QAPI\_ERR\_TIMEOUT ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 9)))**

Operation timed out.

**11.1.1.55 #define QAPI\_ERR\_BOUNDS ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 10)))**

Out of bounds.

**11.1.1.56 #define QAPI\_ERR\_BAD\_PAYLOAD ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 11)))**

Bad payload.

**11.1.1.57 #define QAPI\_ERR\_EXISTS ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 12)))**

Entry already exists.

**11.1.1.58 #define QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 13)))**

Uninitialized.

**11.1.1.59 #define QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_STATE ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 13)))**

Invalid state.

**11.1.1.60 #define QAPI\_ERR\_API\_DEPRECATED ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_MOD\_BASE, 14)))**

QAPI function is deprecated.

# 12 System Drivers APIs

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This chapter describes the GPIO interrupt controller and the pin mode multiplexer (PMM) APIs.

- [GPIO Interrupt Controller APIs](#)
- [PMM APIs](#)

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## 12.1 GPIO Interrupt Controller APIs

The general purpose input/output (GPIO) interrupt controller provides an interface for registering for interrupts for a GPIO. These are generally used for customer-specific use cases in which an entity external to the chip needs to communicate with the chip. This can be done by configuring a GPIO as an input and toggling it externally to the chip. In doing so, this causes a GPIO interrupt to fire, and software will be invoked to handle it. Additionally, the register API will allow clients to register their callback, and the driver will internally configure the hardware to handle the given trigger type. Clients may also force-trigger the interrupt by using the trigger API, as well as check if an interrupt is pending by using the `Is_Interrupt_Pending()` API. The GPIO interrupt may be enabled or disabled at any time using the Enable or Disable API. This ensures that the callback is not removed from the handler, but the interrupt will be unmasked/masked accordingly.

```
* The code snippet below demonstrates the use of this interface. The
* example below includes the qapi_gpioint.h header file. This example
* registers a callback with the GPIO Interrupt driver and manually
* triggers the interrupt. Although this is a manual trigger use-case,
* in practice, the GPIO is usually triggered externally to the chip.
* After triggering the interrupt, it will loop 1000 times and deregister
* the callback from the driver.
*
* This code snippet registers for GPIO 10 specifically and registers
* the callback that will be defined as type qapi_GPIOINT_CB_t.
* The code registers medium priority. It will be a level high trigger
* given the input parameter GPIOINT_TRIGGER_HIGH_LEVEL, meaning that
* when the external signal is high, it will jump to the handler if
* enabled.
```

```
qapi_Status_t      nStatus;
qapi_Instance_Handle_t pH;
uint32_t           nLoopCounter = 0;

nStatus = qapi_GPIOINT_Register_Interrupt(&pH,           // Pass in a pointer
                                           // to the handle
                                           10,           // GPIO 10 is used
                                           pfnCallback, // Callback fn pointer
                                           NULL,         // NULL
                                           callback data
                                           GPIOINT_TRIGGER_HIGH_LEVEL,
                                           // Level high trigger
                                           QAPI_GPIOINT_PRIO_MEDIUM_E,
                                           // Priority of interrupt
                                           false );

Maskable interrupt
if ( nStatus != QAPI_OK )
{
    // Error!
}

// Trigger interrupt for GPIO 10
nStatus = qapi_GPIOINT_Trigger_Interrupt( &pH, 10 );
if ( nStatus != QAPI_OK )
{
    // Error!
}

while ( nLoopCounter++ < 1000 )
{
```

```

}

// Deregister the GPIO Interrupt
nRet = qapi_GPIOWINT_Deregister_Interrupt( &pH, 10 );
if ( nRet != GPIOWINT_SUCCESS )
{
    // Error!
}

```

## 12.1.1 Typedef Documentation

### 12.1.1.1 typedef uint32\_t qapi\_GPIOWINT\_Callback\_Data\_t

GPIO interrupt callback data type.

This is the data type of the argument passed into the callback that is registered with the GPIO interrupt module. The value to pass will be given by the client at registration time.

### 12.1.1.2 typedef void( \* qapi\_GPIOWINT\_CB\_t)(qapi\_GPIOWINT\_Callback\_Data\_t)

GPIO interrupt callback function definition.

GPIO interrupt clients will pass a function pointer of this format into the registration API.

### 12.1.1.3 typedef void\* qapi\_Instance\_Handle\_t

GPIO interrupt handle definition.

## 12.1.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 12.1.2.1 enum qapi\_GPIOWINT\_Trigger\_e

GPIO interrupt trigger type enumeration for supported triggers.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_GPIOWINT\_TRIGGER\_LEVEL\_HIGH\_E** Level triggered active high.  
**QAPI\_GPIOWINT\_TRIGGER\_LEVEL\_LOW\_E** Level triggered active low.  
**QAPI\_GPIOWINT\_TRIGGER\_EDGE\_RISING\_E** Rising edge triggered.  
**QAPI\_GPIOWINT\_TRIGGER\_EDGE\_FALLING\_E** Falling edge triggered.  
**QAPI\_GPIOWINT\_TRIGGER\_EDGE\_DUAL\_E** Dual edge triggered.

### 12.1.2.2 enum qapi\_GPIINT\_Priority\_e

GPIO interrupt priority selection. The priority can determine how the interrupt is configured internally.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_GPIINT\_PRIO\_HIGHEST\_E** Highest priority.  
**QAPI\_GPIINT\_PRIO\_HIGH\_E** Medium-high priority.  
**QAPI\_GPIINT\_PRIO\_MEDIUM\_E** Medium priority.  
**QAPI\_GPIINT\_PRIO\_LOW\_E** Medium-low priority.  
**QAPI\_GPIINT\_PRIO\_LOWEST\_E** Highest priority.

### 12.1.3 Function Documentation

**12.1.3.1 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_GPIINT\_Register\_Interrupt ( qapi\_Instance\_Handle\_t \* *pH*, uint32\_t *nGpio*, qapi\_GPIINT\_CB\_t *pfnCallback*, qapi\_GPIINT\_Callback\_Data\_t *nData*, qapi\_GPIINT\_Trigger\_e *eTrigger*, qapi\_GPIINT\_Priority\_e *ePriority*, qbool\_t *bNmi* )**

Registers a callback for a GPIO interrupt.

Registers a callback function with the GPIO interrupt controller and enables the interrupt. This function configures and routes the interrupt accordingly, as well as enabling it in the underlying layers.

Parameters

in	<i>pH</i>	Input handle to the client context.
in	<i>nGpio</i>	GPIO number to configure for an interrupt.
in	<i>pfnCallback</i>	Callback function pointer.
in	<i>nData</i>	Callback data.
in	<i>eTrigger</i>	Trigger type for the interrupt.
in	<i>ePriority</i>	Priority enumeration to determine the configuration of the GPIO interrupt.
in	<i>bNmi</i>	Boolean value to select whether or not the GPIO interrupt is nonmaskable to the CPU.

Returns

- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – There is an issue with one of the input parameters.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Error in internal registration.
- QAPI\_OK – Successfully registered.

**Note:** QAPI\_ERROR may be returned if there is an invalid handle or an incorrect or invalid GPIO is being used.

### 12.1.3.2 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_GPIOINT\_Deregister\_Interrupt ( qapi\_Instance\_Handle\_t \* *pH*, uint32\_t *nGpio* )**

Deregisters a callback function from the GPIO interrupt controller and disables the interrupt. This function deconfigures the interrupt accordingly, as well as disabling it in the underlying layers.

#### Parameters

in	<i>pH</i>	Input handle to the client context.
in	<i>nGpio</i>	GPIO number to deconfigure.

#### Returns

- QAPI\_ERROR – Error in internal deregistration.
- QAPI\_OK – Successfully deregistered.

**Note:** QAPI\_ERROR may be returned if there is an invalid handle or an incorrect or invalid GPIO is being used.

### 12.1.3.3 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_GPIOINT\_Set\_Trigger ( qapi\_Instance\_Handle\_t \* *pH*, uint32\_t *nGpio*, qapi\_GPIOINT\_Trigger\_e *eTrigger* )**

Dynamically sets the trigger type of a registered GPIO interrupt.

This function configures the underlying layer to capture an interrupt with a given trigger type. This function is only to be used on a currently registered GPIO interrupt and will change the trigger at runtime.

#### Parameters

in	<i>pH</i>	Input handle to the client context.
in	<i>nGpio</i>	GPIO number in which to set the trigger.
in	<i>eTrigger</i>	Trigger type to configure.

#### Returns

- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – *eTrigger* parameter is invalid.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Internal error in setting trigger.
- QAPI\_OK – Successfully set the trigger.

**Note:** QAPI\_ERROR may be returned if there is an invalid handle or an incorrect or invalid GPIO is being used.

### 12.1.3.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_GPIOINT\_Enable\_Interrupt ( qapi\_Instance\_Handle\_t \* *pH*, uint32\_t *nGpio* )**

Enables a currently disabled and registered GPIO interrupt.

This is used primarily to unmask interrupts.

**Parameters**

in	<i>pH</i>	Input handle to the client context.
in	<i>nGpio</i>	GPIO number to enable.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_ERROR – Internal error in enabling interrupt.
- QAPI\_OK – Successfully enabled interrupt.

**Note:** QAPI\_ERROR may be returned if there is an invalid handle or an incorrect or invalid GPIO is being used.

### 12.1.3.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_GPIOINT\_Disable\_Interrupt ( qapi\_Instance\_Handle\_t \* *pH*, uint32\_t *nGpio* )**

Disables a currently enabled and registered GPIO interrupt.

This is used primarily to mask interrupts, still being able to capture them, but not have the callback called.

**Parameters**

in	<i>pH</i>	Input handle to the client context.
in	<i>nGpio</i>	GPIO number to disable.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_ERROR – Internal error in disabling interrupt.
- QAPI\_OK – Successfully disabled interrupt.

**Note:** QAPI\_ERROR may be returned if there is an invalid handle or an incorrect or invalid GPIO is being used.

### 12.1.3.6 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_GPIOINT\_Trigger\_Interrupt ( qapi\_Instance\_Handle\_t \* *pH*, uint32\_t *nGpio* )**

Manually triggers a GPIO interrupt by writing to the appropriate register.

**Parameters**

in	<i>pH</i>	Input handle to the client context.
in	<i>nGpio</i>	GPIO number to trigger.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_ERROR – Internal error in triggering interrupt.
- QAPI\_OK – Successfully triggered interrupt.



**Note:** QAPI\_ERROR may be returned if there is an invalid handle or an incorrect or invalid GPIO is being used.

### 12.1.3.7 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_GPIOINT\_Is\_Interrupt\_Pending ( qapi\_Instance\_Handle\_t \* *pH*, uint32\_t *nGpio*, qbool\_t \* *pbIsPending* )

Queries to see if an interrupt is pending in the hardware by reading the appropriate register.

#### Parameters

in	<i>pH</i>	Input handle to the client context.
in	<i>nGpio</i>	GPIO number to trigger.
out	<i>pbIsPending</i>	Boolean value for whether or not the interrupt is pending in hardware.

#### Returns

- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – pbIsPending pointer is NULL.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Internal error in checking pending.
- QAPI\_OK – Successfully checked pending status.

**Note:** QAPI\_ERROR may be returned if there is an invalid handle or an incorrect or invalid GPIO is being used.

## 12.2 PMM APIs

Modern SoCs pack a lot of functionality but are often pin-limited owing to their shrinking size. This limitation is overcome by incorporating hardware to flexibly mux several different functionalities on a given physical pin under software control.

This module exposes an interface allowing its clients to manage desired functionalities on a set of physical GPIO pins on the SoC. The most common usage of this interface is to configure pins for discrete inputs or outputs to implement handshakes with external peripherals, sensors, or actuators.

The code snippet below shows an example usage of the programming interface. The module requires clients to use physical pin numbers on the SoC. Consult the hardware schematic or use a device configuration database to determine the proper pin number.

```
* The code snippet below demonstrates usage of the PMM interface. The
* example below configures SoC pin-13 to be a discrete GPIO configured
* as an input with a pull-down. Note that drive strength is defaulted
* to be QAPI_GPIO_2MA_E, even though it is not applicable for pins
* configured as discrete inputs.

qapi_GPIO_ID_t      gpio_id;
qapi_TLMM_Config_t  tlmm_config;
qapi_Status_t       status = QAPI_OK;

tlmm_config.pin = 13;
tlmm_config.func = 1 // Using the functionality tied to
                    // pin mux value 1

tlmm_config.dir = QAPI_GPIO_INPUT_E;
tlmm_config.pull = QAPI_GPIO_PULL_DOWN_E;
tlmm_config.drive = QAPI_GPIO_2MA_E; // drive is for output pins, specify
                                    // the default here

status = qapi_TLMM_Get_Gpio_ID( &tlmm_config, &gpio_id);

if (status == QAPI_OK)
{
    status = qapi_TLMM_Config_Gpio(gpio_id, &tlmm_config);

    if (status != QAPI_OK)
    {
        // Handle failed case here
    }
}
```

## 12.2.1 Data Structure Documentation

### 12.2.1.1 struct qapi\_TLMM\_Config\_t

GPIO configuration.

This structure is used to specify the configuration for a GPIO on the SoC. The GPIO can be configured as an Input or Output, which can be driven High or Low by the software. The interface also allows the SoC pins to be configured for alternate functionality.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	pin	Physical pin number.
uint32_t	func	Pin function select.
qapi_GPIO_Direction_t	dir	Direction (input or output).
qapi_GPIO_Pull_t	pull	Pull value.
qapi_GPIO_Drive_t	drive	Drive strength.

## 12.2.2 Typedef Documentation

### 12.2.2.1 typedef uint16\_t qapi\_GPIO\_ID\_t

SoC pin access ID.

Unique ID provided by the module to the client. Clients must pass this ID as a token with subsequent calls. Note that clients should cache the ID.

## 12.2.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 12.2.3.1 enum qapi\_GPIO\_Direction\_t

Pin direction enumeration.

The enumeration is used to specify the direction when configuring a GPIO pin.

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_GPIO\_INPUT\_E** Specify the pin as an input to the SoC.

**QAPI\_GPIO\_OUTPUT\_E** Specify the pin as an output to the SoC.

### 12.2.3.2 enum qapi\_GPIO\_Pull\_t

GPIO pin pull type.

This enumeration specifies the type of pull (if any) to use when specifying the configuration for a GPIO pin.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_GPIO\_NO\_PULL\_E** Specify no pull.  
**QAPI\_GPIO\_PULL\_DOWN\_E** Pull the GPIO down.  
**QAPI\_GPIO\_KEEPER\_E** Keep the GPIO as it is.  
**QAPI\_GPIO\_PULL\_UP\_E** Pull the GPIO up.

**12.2.3.3 enum qapi\_GPIO\_Drive\_t**

GPIO pin drive strength.

This enumeration specifies the drive strength to use when specifying the configuration of a GPIO pin.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_GPIO\_2MA\_E** Specify a 2 mA drive.  
**QAPI\_GPIO\_4MA\_E** Specify a 4 mA drive.  
**QAPI\_GPIO\_6MA\_E** Specify a 6 mA drive.  
**QAPI\_GPIO\_8MA\_E** Specify an 8 mA drive.  
**QAPI\_GPIO\_10MA\_E** Specify a 10 mA drive.  
**QAPI\_GPIO\_12MA\_E** Specify a 12 mA drive.  
**QAPI\_GPIO\_14MA\_E** Specify a 14 mA drive.  
**QAPI\_GPIO\_16MA\_E** Specify a 16 mA drive.

**12.2.3.4 enum qapi\_GPIO\_Value\_t**

GPIO output state specification.

This enumeration specifies the value to write to a GPIO pin configured as an output. This functionality is also known as *bit banging*.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_GPIO\_LOW\_VALUE\_E** Drive the output LOW.  
**QAPI\_GPIO\_HIGH\_VALUE\_E** Drive the output HIGH.

**12.2.4 Function Documentation****12.2.4.1 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_TLMM\_Get\_Gpio\_ID ( qapi\_TLMM\_Config\_t \*  
qapi\_TLMM\_Config, qapi\_GPIO\_ID\_t \* qapi\_GPIO\_ID )**

Gets a unique access ID.

This function provides a unique access ID for a specified GPIO. This is required in order to access GPIO configuration APIs.

**Parameters**

in	<i>qapi_TLMM_Config</i>	Pointer to the pin configuration data.
in	<i>qapi_GPIO_ID</i>	Pointer to a location in which to store the access ID.

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK – Pin GPIO ID was successfully created.

QAPI\_ERR – Pin GPIO is currently in use or not programmable.

#### 12.2.4.2 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_TLMM\_Release\_Gpio\_ID ( qapi\_TLMM\_Config\_t \* qapi\_TLMM\_Config, qapi\_GPIO\_ID\_t qapi\_GPIO\_ID )**

Releases an SoC pin.

This function allows a client to relinquish the lock on a GPIO pin. It facilitates sharing of a pin between two drivers in different system modes where each driver may need to reconfigure the pin. Using this function is not required unless such a condition dictates.

**Parameters**

in	<i>qapi_TLMM_Config</i>	Pointer to pin configuration data.
in	<i>qapi_GPIO_ID</i>	Pin access ID retrieved from the <a href="#">qapi_TLMM_Get_Gpio_ID()</a> call.

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK – Pin was released successfully.

QAPI\_ERR – Pin could not be released.

#### 12.2.4.3 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_TLMM\_Config\_Gpio ( qapi\_GPIO\_ID\_t qapi\_GPIO\_ID, qapi\_TLMM\_Config\_t \* qapi\_TLMM\_Config )**

Changes the SoC pin configuration.

This function configures an SoC pin based on a set of fields specified in the configuration structure reference passed in as a parameter.

**Parameters**

in	<i>qapi_GPIO_ID</i>	Pin access ID retrieved from the <a href="#">qapi_TLMM_Get_Gpio_ID()</a> call.
in	<i>qapi_TLMM_Config</i>	Pin configuration to use.

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK – Pin was configured successfully.

QAPI\_ERR – Pin could not be configured.

#### 12.2.4.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_TLMM\_Drive\_Gpio ( qapi\_GPIO\_ID\_t *qapi\_GPIO\_ID*, uint32\_t *pin*, qapi\_GPIO\_Value\_t *value* )**

Sets the state of an SoC pin configured as an output GPIO.

This function drives the output of an SoC pin that has been configured as a generic output GPIO to a specified value.

##### Parameters

in	<i>qapi_GPIO_ID</i>	Pin access ID retrieved from the <a href="#">qapi_TLMM_Get_Gpio_ID()</a> call.
in	<i>pin</i>	SoC pin number to configure.
in	<i>value</i>	Output value.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Operation completed successfully.

QAPI\_ERR – Operation failed.

#### 12.2.4.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_TLMM\_Read\_Gpio ( qapi\_GPIO\_ID\_t *qapi\_GPIO\_ID*, uint32\_t *pin*, qapi\_GPIO\_Value\_t \* *qapi\_GPIO\_Value* )**

Reads the state of an SoC pin configured as an input GPIO.

##### Parameters

in	<i>qapi_GPIO_ID</i>	Pin access ID retrieved from the <a href="#">qapi_TLMM_Get_Gpio_ID()</a> call.
in	<i>pin</i>	SoC pin number to configure.
out	<i>qapi_GPIO_Value</i>	GIPO pin value.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK – Operation completed successfully.

QAPI\_ERR – Operation failed.

# 13 Diagnostic Services Module

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This chapter describes the diagnostic (Diag) services APIs.

- [QAPI Diag Services APIs](#)

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## 13.1 QAPI Diag Services APIs

### 13.1.1 Define Documentation

#### 13.1.1.1 **#define QAPI\_DIAGPKT\_DISPATCH\_TABLE\_REGISTER( *xx\_subsysid*, *xx\_entry*, *inbuf*, *inbuf\_len*, *outbuf*, *outbuf\_len* )**

Macro to register the user space client's dispatch table with the diagnostics packet dispatching service.

The client must maintain two buffers (inbuf and outbuf) and must pass a pointer to these buffers while registering its user table with Diag. When the command is received from the tool for the user space client, Diag will copy the command to the inbuf of the client and call its handler with the length of the command that was written. The client must copy the response of the command to its outbuf and return the length of the response that was written or commit the response using `qapi_diagpkt_commit` with `IMMEDIATE_RSP_FLAG` and return 0.

**Note:** When a client command handler is processing a response, if `qapi_diagpkt_commit` is used, it returns only 0. For any other valid return length, Diag generates a response other than the one that is already committed.

Parameters:

- `xx_subsysid` – Subsystem ID of the client.
- `xx_entry` – Client registration table of type `diagpkt_user_table_entry_type` with the `func_ptr` field as `NULL` and `user_func_ptr` with the command handler.
- `inbuf` – Client static buffer to which Diag copies the command.
- `inbuf_len` – Client input static buffer length.
- `outbuf` – Client static buffer to which the client is to copy the response to the command.
- `outbuf_len` – Client output static buffer length.

Returns QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

#### 13.1.1.2 **#define QAPI\_DIAGPKT\_DISPATCH\_TABLE\_REGISTER\_V2\_DELAY( *xx\_cmdcode*, *xx\_subsysid*, *xx\_entry*, *inbuf*, *inbuf\_len*, *outbuf*, *outbuf\_len* )**

Macro to register the user space client's dispatch table of the delayed responses type with the diagnostics packet dispatching service.

The client must maintain two buffers (inbuf and outbuf) and must pass the pointers to these buffers while registering its user table with Diag.

When the command is received from the tool for the user space client, Diag copies the command to inbuf of the client and call its handler with the length of the command written. The client must copy the response to its outbuf and commit the immediate response using `qapi_diagpkt_commit` with `IMMEDIATE_RSP_FLAG`. Subsequent delayed responses must be committed using `qapi_diagpkt_commit` with `DELAYED_RSP_FLAG`.

**Note:** When a client command handler is processing a response, if `qapi_diagpkt_commit` is used, it returns only 0. For any other valid return length, Diag generates a response other than the one that is already committed.



Parameters:

- `xx_cmdcode` – Set to `DIAG_SUBSYS_CMD_VER_2_F` to specify that the table is being registered for delayed response functionality.
- `xx_subsysid` – Subsystem ID of the client.
- `xx_entry` – Client registration table of type `diagpkt_user_table_entry_type` with the `func_ptr` field as `NULL` and `user_func_ptr` with the command handler.
- `inbuf` – Client static buffer to which Diag copies the command.
- `inbuf_len` – Client input static buffer length.
- `outbuf` – Client static buffer to which the client is to copy the response to the command.
- `outbuf_len` – Client output static buffer length.

Returns QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

### 13.1.1.3 **#define QAPI\_MSG( xx\_ss\_id, xx\_ss\_mask, xx\_fmt, ... )**

Macro to log a client's `printf_type` messages with 0 to 9 parameters.

Parameters:

- `xx_ss_id` – Subsystem ID of the client.
- `xx_ss_mask` – Subsystem mask for this message (represents the logging level).
- `xx_fmt` – Format string.
- `xx_args` – Integer arguments.

Returns QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

### 13.1.1.4 **#define QAPI\_MSG\_SPRINTF( xx\_ss\_id, xx\_ss\_mask, xx\_fmt, ... )**

Macro to log a client's `sprintf_type` messages with 0 to 9 parameters.

Parameters:

- `xx_ss_id` – Subsystem ID of the client.
- `xx_ss_mask` – Subsystem mask for this message (represents the logging level).
- `xx_fmt` – Format string.
- `xx_args` – Arguments (integer or string type).

Returns QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

## 13.1.2 Function Documentation

### 13.1.2.1 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_user\_space\_tbl\_reg\_append\_proc ( diagpkt\_master\_table\_type \* tbl\_ptr, diagpkt\_user\_space\_table\_type \* user\_space\_tbl\_ptr )**

Registers the user table given to the `diagpkt` master table and creates a new entry in `diagpkt_user_space_table` with `user_space_tbl_ptr`. Updates the `port` field of the master table entry with the index of its entry in `diagpkt_user_space_table`.

**Parameters**

in	<i>tbl_ptr</i>	Structure for the diagnostics packet service master table to hold the client's table entries when the clients registers with the diagnostics packet services.
in	<i>user_space_tbl_ptr</i>	Structure for the diagnostics packet service user space table to hold the client's buffer details when the client registers with the diagnostics packet services.

**Returns**

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

### 13.1.2.2 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_diagpkt\_get\_next\_delayed\_rsp\_id ( uint16\_t \* *delayed\_rsp\_id* )**

Gets a unique delayed response ID that is to be used for the set of delayed responses generated for a single command.

**Parameters**

in	<i>delayed_rsp_id</i>	Address of the variable that will be updated with the delayed response ID from Diag.
----	-----------------------	--

**Returns**

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

### 13.1.2.3 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_diagpkt\_commit ( uint32\_t \* *outbuf*, uint32\_t *rsp\_len*, uint32\_t *rsp\_flag* )**

Processes the user space client's response and commits the response if all the sanity checks are passed. In the case of a failure, it generates an error response.

**Parameters**

in	<i>outbuf</i>	Client static buffer to which the client is to copy the response to the command.
in	<i>rsp_len</i>	Length of the response copied to outbuf.
in	<i>rsp_flag</i>	Flag that represents the type of response (immediate or delayed) or any error code.

**Returns**

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

### 13.1.2.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_user\_space\_tbl\_dereg ( diagpkt\_user\_table\_entry\_type \*tbl\_ptr )**

Deregisters a user table with Diag.

#### Parameters

in	<i>tbl_ptr</i>	Address of the user table that is to be deregistered with Diag.
----	----------------	---

#### Returns

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

### 13.1.2.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_msg\_send ( const msg\_const\_type \* const\_blk, uint32\_t num\_args, ... )**

Internal API that is not to be used by clients directly. Use the [QAPI\\_MSG\(\)](#) macro to log a debug message. There are also arguments under a *va\_args* parameter (integer type) that are not shown in the protocol.

#### Parameters

in	<i>const_blk</i>	Constant information stored for a message.
in	<i>num_args</i>	Number of arguments for the message.

#### Returns

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

### 13.1.2.6 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_msg\_sprintf ( const msg\_const\_type \* const\_blk, uint32\_t num\_args, ... )**

Internal API is not to be used by clients directly. Use the [QAPI\\_MSG\\_SPRINTF\(\)](#) macro to log a debug message. There are also arguments under a *va\_args* parameter (integer or string type) that are not shown in the protocol.

#### Parameters

in	<i>const_blk</i>	Constant information stored for a message.
in	<i>num_args</i>	Number of arguments for the message.

#### Returns

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

**13.1.2.7 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_log\_submit ( void \* *ptr* )**

Logs an accumulated log entry. Header contents must be assigned by the caller before calling this function. Therefore, [qapi\\_log\\_set\\_code\(\)](#), [qapi\\_log\\_set\\_length\(\)](#), and [qapi\\_log\\_set\\_timestamp\(\)](#) must be used before this call.

**Parameters**

in	<i>ptr</i>	Pointer to the client-allocated log packet.
----	------------	---

**Returns**

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

**13.1.2.8 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_log\_set\_length ( void \* *ptr*, log\_code\_type *length* )**

Sets the length field in the specified log record.

**Parameters**

in	<i>ptr</i>	Pointer to the client-allocated log packet.
in	<i>length</i>	Length of the client-allocated log packet.

**Returns**

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

**13.1.2.9 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_log\_set\_code ( void \* *ptr*, log\_code\_type *code* )**

Sets the code field in the specified log record.

**Parameters**

in	<i>ptr</i>	Pointer to the client-allocated log packet.
in	<i>code</i>	Log code of the client-allocated log packet.

**Returns**

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

**13.1.2.10 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_log\_set\_timestamp ( void \* *plog\_hdr\_ptr* )**

Sets the timestamp field in the specified log record.

**Parameters**

in	<i>plog_hdr_ptr</i>	Pointer to the client-allocated log packet.
----	---------------------	---

**Returns**

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

**13.1.2.11 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_log\_status ( log\_code\_type code )**

Checks whether a particular code is enabled for logging.

**Parameters**

in	<i>code</i>	Log code of the client-allocated log packet.
----	-------------	--

**Returns**

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

**13.1.2.12 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_event\_report ( event\_id\_enum\_type event\_id )**

Reports an event without a payload.

**Parameters**

in	<i>event_id</i>	Event ID of the event to be reported.
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**Returns**

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

**13.1.2.13 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_event\_report\_payload ( event\_id\_enum\_type event\_id, uint8\_t length, void \* data )**

Reports an event with a payload.

**Parameters**

in	<i>event_id</i>	Event ID of the event to be reported.
in	<i>length</i>	Length of the event to be reported.
in	<i>data</i>	Payload of the event to be reported.

**Returns**

QAPI status; see [QAPI Status Codes](#).

# 14 Storage Module

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This chapter describes the file system data types and APIs.

- [File System Data Types](#)
- [File System APIs](#)
- [FTL Data Types and APIs](#)

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## 14.1 File System Data Types

### 14.1.1 Data Structure Documentation

#### 14.1.1.1 struct qapi\_FS\_Stat\_Type\_s

Statistics type, used in the [qapi\\_FS\\_Stat\(\)](#) API.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16	st_dev	Unique device ID among the mounted file systems.
uint32	st_ino	INode number associated with the file.
uint16	st_Mode	Mode associated with the file.
uint8	st_nlink	Number of active links that are referencing this file. The space occupied by the file is released after its references are reduced to 0.
uint32	st_size	File size in bytes.
unsigned long	st_blksize	Block size; smallest allocation unit of the file system. The unit in which the block Count is represented.
unsigned long	st_blocks	Number of blocks allocated for this file in st_blksize units.
uint32	st_atime	Last access time. This is not updated, so it might have an incorrect value.
uint32	st_mtime	Last modification time. Currently, this indicates the time when the file was created.
uint32	st_ctime	Last status change time. Currently, this indicates the time when the file was created.
uint32	st_rdev	Major and minor device number for special device files.
uint16	st_uid	Owner or user ID of the file.
uint16	st_gid	Group ID of the file. The stored file data blocks are charged to the quota of this group ID.

#### 14.1.1.2 struct qapi\_FS\_Statvfs\_Type\_s

File system information, used in the [qapi\\_FS\\_Statvfs\(\)](#) API.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
unsigned long	f_bsize	Fundamental file system block size. Minimum allocations in the file system happen at this size.
uint32	f_blocks	Maximum possible number of blocks available in the entire file system.
uint32	f_bfree	Total number of free blocks.
uint32	f_bavail	Number of free blocks currently available.
uint32	f_files	Total number of file serial numbers.
uint32	f_ffree	Total number of free file serial numbers.
uint32	f_favail	Number of file serial numbers available.
unsigned long	f_fsid	File system ID; this varies depending on the implementation of the file system.

Type	Parameter	Description
unsigned long	f_flag	Bitmask of f_flag values.
unsigned long	f_namemax	Maximum length of the name part of the string for a file, directory, or symlink.
unsigned long	f_maxwrite	Maximum number of bytes that can be written in a single write call.
uint32	f_balloc	Blocks allocated in the general pool.
uint32	f_hardalloc	Hard allocation count. Resource intensive, so this is not usually computed.
unsigned long	f_pathmax	Maximum path length, excluding the trailing NULL. The unit here is in terms of character symbols. The number of bytes needed to represent a character will vary depending on the file name encoding scheme. For example, in a UTF8 encoding scheme, representing a single character could take anywhere between 1 to 4 bytes.
unsigned long	f_is_case_-sensitive	Set to 1 if Path is case sensitive.
unsigned long	f_is_case_-preserving	Set to 1 if Path is case preserved.
unsigned long	f_max_file_size	Maximum file size in the units determined by the member f_max_file_size_unit.
unsigned long	f_max_file_-size_unit	Unit type for f_max_file_size.
unsigned long	f_max_open_-files	This member tells how many files can be kept opened for one particular file system. However, there is a global limit on how many files can be kept opened simultaneously across all file systems, which is configured by QAPI_FS_MAX_DESCRIPTORs.
enum <a href="#">qapi_F-S_Filename_-Rule_e</a>	f_name_rule	File naming rule.
enum <a href="#">qapi_F-S_Filename_-Encoding_e</a>	f_name_-encoding	Encoding scheme.

#### 14.1.1.3 struct qapi\_FS\_Iter\_Entry\_s

See the [qapi\\_FS\\_Iter\\_Next\(\)](#) API for information about this structure.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
char	file_Path	Name of the directory component.
struct <a href="#">qapi_FS-Stat_Type_s</a>	SBuf	See <a href="#">qapi_FS_Stat_Type_s</a> for information on this structure.
uint32	qapi_FS_D_-Stats_Present	Bitmask for the <a href="#">qapi_FS_Stat_Type_s</a> structure that defines which fields are filled when the <a href="#">qapi_FS_Iter_Next()</a> API is called.



## 14.1.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

Flag bits to open a file.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_FS\_O\_RDONLY\_E** Open for read only.  
**QAPI\_FS\_O\_WRONLY\_E** Open for write only.  
**QAPI\_FS\_O\_RDWR\_E** Open for read and write.  
**QAPI\_FS\_O\_CREAT\_E** Create the file if it does not exist.  
**QAPI\_FS\_O\_EXCL\_E** Fail if the file exists.  
**QAPI\_FS\_O\_TRUNC\_E** Truncate the file to zero bytes on successful open.  
**QAPI\_FS\_O\_APPEND\_E** All writes will self-seek to the end of the file before writing.

Mode bits to open a file.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_FS\_S\_IRUSR\_E** Read permission for a user.  
**QAPI\_FS\_S\_IWUSR\_E** Write permission for a user.  
**QAPI\_FS\_S\_IXUSR\_E** Execute permission for a user.  
**QAPI\_FS\_S\_IRGRP\_E** Read permission for a group.  
**QAPI\_FS\_S\_IWGRP\_E** Write permission for a group.  
**QAPI\_FS\_S\_IXGRP\_E** Execute permission for a group.  
**QAPI\_FS\_S\_IROTH\_E** Read permission for other.  
**QAPI\_FS\_S\_IWOTH\_E** Write permission for other.  
**QAPI\_FS\_S\_IXOTH\_E** Execute permission for other.  
**QAPI\_FS\_S\_ISUID\_E** Set UID on execution.  
**QAPI\_FS\_S\_ISGID\_E** Set GID on execution.  
**QAPI\_FS\_S\_ISVTX\_E** Sticky bit (hidden attribute in FAT).

Offset bits to seek a file.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_FS\_SEEK\_SET\_E** Set to Offset.  
**QAPI\_FS\_SEEK\_CUR\_E** Set to Offset + current position.  
**QAPI\_FS\_SEEK\_END\_E** Set to Offset + file size.

### 14.1.2.1 enum qapi\_FS\_Filename\_Rule\_e

File name rules.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_FS\_FILENAME\_RULE\_8BIT\_RELAXED** 8-bit relaxed rule.  
**QAPI\_FS\_FILENAME\_RULE\_FAT** FAT rule.  
**QAPI\_FS\_FILENAME\_RULE\_FDI** FDI rule.

#### 14.1.2.2 enum qapi\_FS\_Filename\_Encoding\_e

File name encoding schemes.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_FS\_FILENAME\_ENCODING\_8BIT** 8-bit encoding.

**QAPI\_FS\_FILENAME\_ENCODING\_UTF8** UTF8 encoding.

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## 14.2 File System APIs

### 14.2.1 Function Documentation

#### 14.2.1.1 `qapi_FS_Status_t qapi_FS_Open_With_Mode ( const char * Path, int Oflag, qapi_FS_Mode_t Mode, int * Fd_ptr )`

Opens a file as per the specified Oflag and mode.

##### Parameters

in	<i>Path</i>	Path of the file that is to be opened.
in	<i>Oflag</i>	Argument that describes how this file is to be opened. It contains one of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QAPI_FS_O_RDONLY_E – Open for read only.</li> <li>QAPI_FS_O_WRONLY_E – Open for write only.</li> <li>QAPI_FS_O_RDWR_E – Open for read and write. In addition, the following flags can be bitwise ORed with this value: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QAPI_FS_O_APPEND_E – All writes will self-seek to the end of the file before writing.</li> <li>QAPI_FS_O_CREAT_E – Create the file if it does not exist.</li> <li>QAPI_FS_O_TRUNC_E – Truncate the file to zero bytes on successful open. The following flags can be used to specify common ways of opening files: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QAPI_FS_O_CREAT_E   QAPI_FS_O_TRUNC_E – Normal for writing a file. Creates it if it does not exist. The resulting file is zero bytes long.</li> <li>QAPI_FS_O_CREAT_E   QAPI_FS_O_EXCL_E – Creates a file but fails if it already exists.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>
in	<i>Mode</i>	If QAPI_FS_O_CREAT is a part of Oflag, a third argument (Mode) must be passed to qapi_FS_open() to define the file permissions given to the newly created file. If QAPI_FS_O_CREAT is not a part of flag, set Mode=0. One or more of the following permission bits can be ORed as the Mode parameter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QAPI_FS_S_IRUSR_E – Read permission for a user</li> <li>QAPI_FS_S_IWUSR_E – Write permission for a user</li> <li>QAPI_FS_S_IXUSR_E – Execute permission for a user</li> <li>QAPI_FS_S_IRGRP_E – Read permission for a group</li> <li>QAPI_FS_S_IWGRP_E – Write permission for a group</li> <li>QAPI_FS_S_IXGRP_E – Execute permission for a group</li> <li>QAPI_FS_S_IROTH_E – Read permission for other</li> <li>QAPI_FS_S_IWOTH_E – Write permission for other</li> <li>QAPI_FS_S_IXOTH_E – Execute permission for other</li> <li>QAPI_FS_S_ISUID_E – Set UID on execution</li> <li>QAPI_FS_S_ISGID_E – Set GID on execution</li> <li>QAPI_FS_S_ISVTX_E – Sticky bit (hidden attribute in FAT)</li> </ul>

out	<i>Fd_ptr</i>	Address of the file descriptor variable. On success, the file descriptor of an opened file is written to it. On failure, the variable is set to -1.
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## Returns

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_EEXIST – Cannot create a file with the path name because another file with the same name exists and an exclusive open is requested or a special (exclusive) file with the same path name exists.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENOENT – No entry for the path name is found, the file cannot be opened (and a new file is not created because the QAPI\_FS\_O\_CREAT flag was not supplied).
- QAPI\_ERR\_EMFILE – Maximum number of open descriptors is exceeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_EISDIR – Opening a file with a write flag (QAPI\_FS\_O\_WRONLY or QAPI\_FS\_O\_RDWR) was denied because a directory with the same name exists.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENOSPC – No space is left on the device.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENAMETOOLONG – File/directory name exceeded the NAME\_MAX limit or the path name exceeded the Path\_MAX limit, which is 1024 bytes. The maximum length of a full path name, not including a trailing '\0' character.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENOMEM – No more dynamic memory is available.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENODEV – The device does not exist.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENOTDIR – The file could not be created under a path that is not a directory. Another possibility is an open with the QAPI\_FS\_O\_CREAT flag tried to create a file in the ROM file system.
- QAPI\_ERR\_EINVAL – Invalid parameter or path.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameters must be user space addresses, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

### 14.2.1.2 qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Open ( const char \* *Path*, int *Oflag*, int \* *Fd\_ptr* )

Opens a file as per the specified Oflag.

The parameters, error codes, and return types are the same as in the API [qapi\\_FS\\_Open\\_With\\_Mode\(\)](#). This function does not require the mode as an input argument. It opens the file in Default mode, which gives read and write permissions to the user, but not execute permissions.

## Parameters

in	<i>Path</i>	Path of the file that is to be opened.
in	<i>Oflag</i>	Argument that describes how this file should be opened. See <a href="#">qapi_FS_Open_With_Mode()</a> .
out	<i>Fd_ptr</i>	Address of the file descriptor variable. On success, the file descriptor of an opened file is written to it. On failure, the variable is set to -1.

**Returns**

See [qapi\\_FS\\_Open\\_With\\_Mode\(\)](#).

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameters must be user space addresses, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

#### 14.2.1.3 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Read ( int *Fd*, uint8 \* *Buf*, uint32 *Count*, uint32 \* *Bytes\_Read\_Ptr* )**

Attempts to read *Count* bytes of data from the file associated with the specified file descriptor.

Zero is a valid result and generally indicates that the end of the file has been reached. It is permitted for [qapi\\_FS\\_Read](#) to return fewer bytes than were requested, even if the data is available in the file.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Fd</i>	File descriptor obtained via the <a href="#">qapi_FS_Open()</a> function.
out	<i>Buf</i>	Buffer where the read bytes from the file will be stored.
in	<i>Count</i>	Number of bytes to read from the file.
out	<i>Bytes_Read_Ptr</i>	This is a return from the function with the number of bytes actually read.

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success, and -ve error code is returned on failure.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameters must be user space addresses, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

#### 14.2.1.4 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Write ( int *Fd*, const uint8 \* *Buf*, uint32 *Count*, uint32 \* *Bytes\_Written\_Ptr* )**

Attempts to write '*Count*' bytes of data to the file associated with the specified file descriptor.

The write operation may happen at the current file pointer or at the end of the file if the file is opened with QAPI\_FS\_O\_APPEND. It is permitted for [qapi\\_FS\\_Write](#) to write fewer bytes than were requested, even if space is available. If the number of bytes written is zero, it indicates that the file system is full (writing), which will result in an QAPI\_ERR\_ENOSPC error.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Fd</i>	File descriptor obtained via the <a href="#">qapi_FS_Open()</a> function.
in	<i>Buf</i>	Buffer to which the file is to be written.
in	<i>Count</i>	Number of bytes to write to the file.
out	<i>Bytes_Written_Ptr</i>	This is a return from the function with the number of bytes actually written.

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameters must be user space addresses, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

#### 14.2.1.5 `qapi_FS_Status_t qapi_FS_Close ( int Fd )`

Closes the file descriptor.

The descriptor will no longer refer to any file and will be allocated to subsequent calls to [qapi\\_FS\\_Open\(\)](#).

##### Parameters

in	<i>Fd</i>	File descriptor obtained via the <a href="#">qapi_FS_Open()</a> function.
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##### Returns

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

#### 14.2.1.6 `qapi_FS_Status_t qapi_FS_Rename ( const char * Old_Path, const char * New_Path )`

Renames a file or a directory.

Files and directories (under the same file system) can be renamed. The arguments *Old\_Path* and *New\_Path* do not have to be in the same directory (but must be on the same file system device).

##### Parameters

in	<i>Old_Path</i>	Path name before the rename operation.
in	<i>New_Path</i>	Path name after the rename operation.

**Note:** `qapi_FS_Rename` is atomic and will either successfully rename the file or leave the file in its original location.

##### Returns

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_EINVAL – Invalid operation denied. The reasons can be a possible permission access violation or the creation of cycle symbolic links if the rename succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_EISIR – The *New\_Path* is a directory.
- QAPI\_ERR\_EXDEV – A rename operation across different file systems is not permitted.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENOTEMPTY – The *Old\_Path* directory is not empty.

#### 14.2.1.7 `qapi_FS_Status_t qapi_FS_Truncate ( const char * Path, qapi_FS_Offset_t Length )`

Truncates a file to a specified length.

**Note:** If the supplied length is greater than the current file size, it depends on the underlying file system to determine whether the file can grow in size.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Path</i>	Path of the file whose length is to be truncated.
in	<i>Length</i>	New size of the file. The length is in the range $(-4 * 1024 * 1024 * 1024, + 4 * 1024 * 1024 * 1024 - 1)$ bytes.

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_EINVAL – Truncation is not possible. Invalid operation or parameter.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENOENT – A file with the specified path was not found.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENODEV – The device does not exist.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENAMETOOLONG – File-name or directory name exceeded the QAPI\_FS\_NAME\_MAX limit, or the path name exceeded the Path\_MAX limit. The maximum length of a full path name, not including a trailing '\0' character: Path\_MAX = 1024.
- QAPI\_ERR\_EEOF – Truncation is not allowed beyond End of File (EOF) on this file system.

#### 14.2.1.8 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Seek ( int *Fd*, qapi\_FS\_Offset\_t *Offset*, int *Whence*, qapi\_FS\_Offset\_t \* *Actual\_Offset\_Ptr* )**

Changes the file offset for the opened file descriptor.

Changing the file offset does not modify the file. If you lseek past the end of the file and then write, the gap will be filled with zero bytes. This gap may not actually allocate space. Using this API file can be seeked up to (4 GB -1) offset.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Fd</i>	File descriptor obtained via the <a href="#">qapi_FS_Open()</a> API.
in	<i>Offset</i>	New offset of the file.
in	<i>Whence</i>	Indicates how the new offset is computed: QAPI_FS_SEEK_SET_E – Set to Offset. QAPI_FS_SEEK_CUR_E – Set to Offset + current position. QAPI_FS_SEEK_END_E – Set to Offset + file size.
out	<i>Actual_Offset_Ptr</i>	Upon success, the resulting offset as bytes from the beginning of the file is filled in this parameter. On failure, the variable is set to -1.

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_EINVAL – Invalid operation.
- QAPI\_ERR\_EBADF – File descriptor was not found.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ESPIPE – Some file descriptors (like pipes and FIFOs) are not seekable.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameters must be user space addresses, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

#### 14.2.1.9 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Mk\_Dir ( const char \* *Path*, qapi\_FS\_Mode\_t *Mode* )**

Creates a new directory.

##### Parameters

in	<i>Path</i>	Path for the directory.
in	<i>Mode</i>	Permission bits of the new directory. See the <a href="#">qapi_FS_Open()</a> API for information on Mode bits.

##### Returns

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_ENOENT – No such Path was found.
- QAPI\_ERR\_EINVAL – Invalid operation or parameter.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENOSPC – The operation could not be completed because the device is full.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENAMETOOLONG – File name or directory name exceeded the NAME\_MAX limit, or the path name exceeded the Path\_MAX limit. The maximum length of a full path name, not including a trailing '\0' character: Path\_MAX = 1024.

#### 14.2.1.10 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Rm\_Dir ( const char \* *Path* )**

Removes a directory. Only empty directories can be removed.

##### Parameters

in	<i>Path</i>	Path of the directory that is to be removed.
----	-------------	--

##### Returns

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_ENOTDIR – The parameter Path is not a directory.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ENOTEMPTY – The directory is not empty.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ETXTBSY – The directory is in use or open.
- QAPI\_ERR\_EINVAL – Invalid parameter.

#### 14.2.1.11 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Unlink ( const char \* *Path* )**

Removes a link to a closed file.

If the link Count goes to zero, this will also remove the file. The [qapi\\_FS\\_Unlink\(\)](#) API can be used on all file system objects except for directories. Use [qapi\\_FS\\_Rm\\_Dir\(\)](#) for directories.

**Note:** The file must be closed for unlinking or removing. If it is open, the error QAPI\_ERR\_ETXTBSY is returned, indicating that the file is not closed.



**Parameters**

in	<i>Path</i>	File to which the link is to be removed.
----	-------------	--

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_ENOENT – No such path was found.
- QAPI\_ERR\_EPERM – Permission is denied.
- QAPI\_ERR\_ETXTBSY – The file is in use or open.
- QAPI\_ERR\_EINVAL – Invalid parameter.

#### 14.2.1.12 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Stat ( const char \* *Path*, struct qapi\_FS\_Stat\_Type\_s \* *SBuf* )**

Returns the statistics of a file.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Path</i>	File descriptor of the file.
out	<i>SBuf</i>	For information on what is returned in the structure, see struct <a href="#">qapi_FS_Stat_Type_s</a> .

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameters must be user space addresses, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

#### 14.2.1.13 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Stat\_With\_Handle ( int *Fd*, struct qapi\_FS\_Stat\_Type\_s \* *SBuf* )**

Obtains information about the file with its open file handle.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Fd</i>	Handle to a file obtained using the <a href="#">qapi_FS_Open()</a> API.
out	<i>SBuf</i>	Information is returned in the structure <a href="#">qapi_FS_Stat_Type_s</a> .

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameters must be user space addresses, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

#### 14.2.1.14 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Statvfs ( const char \* *Path*, struct qapi\_FS\_Statvfs\_Type\_s \* *SBuf* )**

Obtains information about an entire file system.

Gets detailed information about the filesystem specified by the path. Root or any mounted path for which to get information can be specified. If the root path is specified, information about the root file system is returned. Otherwise, information about the mounted file system specified by the path or the file system in which the given path exists is returned. The content details are in struct [qapi\\_FS\\_Statvfs\\_Type\\_s](#).

##### Parameters

in	<i>Path</i>	Valid path of a file or directory on the mounted file system.
out	<i>SBuf</i>	Information is returned in the structure <a href="#">qapi_FS_Statvfs_Type_s</a> .

##### Returns

Returns QAPI\_OK on success, and -ve error code is returned on failure.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameters must be user space addresses, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

#### 14.2.1.15 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Iter\_Open ( const char \* *Path*, qapi\_FS\_Iter\_Handle\_t \* *handle* )**

Opens a directory and gets a handle to the directory.

This function opens a directory for iteration and gets an opaque handle that can then be passed to [qapi\\_FS\\_Iter\\_Next\(\)](#) to iterate through the entries of the opened directory. This same pointer must be passed to `closedir` to close the iterator.

##### Parameters

in	<i>Path</i>	Valid path of the directory to iterate.
out	<i>handle</i>	Handle provided by the module to the client.

##### Note

Clients should cache the handle. Once lost, it cannot be queried back from the module.

##### Returns

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameters must be user space addresses, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

#### 14.2.1.16 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Iter\_Next ( qapi\_FS\_Iter\_Handle\_t *Iter\_Hdl*, struct qapi\_FS\_Iter\_Entry\_s \* *Iter\_Entry* )**

Reads the next entry in the directory using the opened directory iterator.

If an entry is present, the structure parameter is filled with details about the entry. Otherwise, a NULL value is filled.

**Note:** Any code that uses [qapi\\_FS\\_Iter\\_Next\(\)](#) must be prepared for [qapi\\_FS\\_D\\_Stats\\_Present\(\)](#) to be zero and call [qapi\\_FS\\_Stat\(\)](#) for each entry.

##### Parameters

in	<i>Iter_Hdl</i>	Handle to directory obtained by the <a href="#">qapi_FS_Iter_Open()</a> API.
out	<i>Iter_Entry</i>	Details about the next entry found is filled in struct qapi_FS_Dirent { char file_Path[QAPI_FS_NAME_MAX+1] struct <a href="#">qapi_FS_Stat_Type_s</a> SBuf uint32 qapi_FS_D_Stats_Present; } 

- file\_Path – Name of the directory component
- SBuf – Information about the component; See [qapi\\_FS\\_Stat\\_Type\\_s](#) for information about this structure
- qapi\_FS\_D\_Stats\_Present – This is a bitmask for the above structure that defines which fields are filled when this this API is called.

Bitmasks for [qapi\\_FS\\_D\\_Stats\\_Present](#) are defined as:

```

::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_DEV      = (1 << 1)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_INO      = (1 << 2)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_Mode     = (1 << 3)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_NLINK    = (1 << 4)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_SIZE     = (1 << 5)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_BLKSIZE  = (1 << 6)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_BLOCKS   = (1 << 7)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_ATIME     = (1 << 8)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_MTIME    = (1 << 9)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_CTIME    = (1 << 10)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_RDEV     = (1 << 11)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_UID      = (1 << 12)
::QAPI_FS_DIRENT_HAS_ST_GID      = (1 << 13)

```

##### Returns

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameters must be user space addresses, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

#### 14.2.1.17 **qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Iter\_Close ( qapi\_FS\_Iter\_Handle\_t *Iter\_Hdl* )**

Closes the directory iterator, releasing the iterator for reuse.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Iter_Hdl</i>	Handle to the directory obtained using the <a href="#">qapi_FS_Iter_Open()</a> API.
----	-----------------	---

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

**14.2.1.18 qapi\_FS\_Status\_t qapi\_FS\_Last\_Error ( void )**

Returns the last error that occurred in current task's context.

If [qapi\\_FS\\_Open\(\)](#) fails, an immediate call to [qapi\\_FS\\_Last\\_Error](#) returns the error for the failure. Otherwise, if another API, e.g., [qapi\\_FS\\_Read\(\)](#), is called after [qapi\\_FS\\_Open](#) failed within the same task, the error will be overwritten with QAPI\_OK or a QAPI error code, depending whether [qapi\\_FS\\_Read\(\)](#) was success or failed.

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success and -ve error code is returned on failure.

## 14.3 FTL Data Types and APIs

The FTL layer is a wrapper on top of the FLASH FTL layer. the FLASH FTL layer provides APIs for raw NAND read/write/erase access and is responsible for bad block management and logical to physical block conversation.

### 14.3.1 Define Documentation

**14.3.1.1 #define \_\_QAPI\_FTL\_ERROR( x ) ((qapi\_Status\_t)(\_\_QAPI\_ERROR(QAPI\_M-OD\_BSP\_FTL, x)))**

Utility macro to define QAPI\_FTL-specific error types.

**14.3.1.2 #define QAPI\_FTL\_NOT\_INIT \_\_QAPI\_FTL\_ERROR(0)**

Error returned if FTL APIs are called without calling FTL init first.

**14.3.1.3 #define QAPI\_FTL\_OUT\_OF\_GOOD\_BLOCKS \_\_QAPI\_FTL\_ERROR(1)**

Error returned if NAND is out of good blocks.

**14.3.1.4 #define QAPI\_FTL\_ERR\_UNKNOWN \_\_QAPI\_FTL\_ERROR(2)**

Error returned if registering QAPI handler fails.

**14.3.1.5 #define QAPI\_FTL\_ERR\_INVLD\_ID \_\_QAPI\_FTL\_ERROR(3)**

Error returned if QAPI handler is called with an invalid ID.

### 14.3.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 14.3.2.1 struct qapi\_FTL\_info\_t

Structure for storing information about a partition.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	device_name	Device name string.
uint32_t	maker_id	Manufacturer ID.
uint32_t	device_id	Device ID.
uint32_t	lpa_count	Number of LPAs in the device.
uint32_t	lpa_size_in_kbytes	LPA size in kB.
uint32_t	erase_block_count	Number of erasable units in the partition.
uint32_t	erase_block_size_in_kbytes	Erase unit size in kB.

### 14.3.3 Typedef Documentation

#### 14.3.3.1 typedef void\* qapi\_FTL\_client\_t

Handle returned to the client. One handle is returned per partition.

### 14.3.4 Function Documentation

#### 14.3.4.1 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_FTL\_Open ( qapi\_FTL\_client\_t \* *handle*, const uint8\_t \* *part\_name* )

Opens an FTL.

This is the first API a client must call before any other call to this module is made.

This API opens the requested partition and returns a handle to that partition. This handle is a void pointer and does not expose any data in and of itself. The handle is to be used with FTL APIs to perform other tasks, e.g., use this handle with [qapi\\_FTL\\_Get\\_info\(\)](#) to get FTL information in the format of [qapi\\_FTL\\_info\\_t](#). As with read and write data functions, this handle must be passed with the correct offset and size.

**Note:** One handle is returned per partition.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameter "handle" must be a user space address, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

##### Parameters

in	<i>part_name</i>	Name of the partition the client wants to use.
out	<i>handle</i>	Handle that is passed to the client for further use. The client must pass the address of the pointer in which this handle is to be stored. If the return status is QAPI_OK, handle will contain the handle to the partition, which is used for any read or write operation on partition <i>part_name</i> .

##### Returns

- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – handle or part\_name is NULL, or part\_name is invalid.
- QAPI\_ERROR – An internal failure occurred.
- QAPI\_FTL\_OUT\_OF\_GOOD\_BLOCKS – The partition is not usable.
- QAPI\_OK – Success.

#### 14.3.4.2 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_FTL\_Close ( qapi\_FTL\_client\_t \* *handle* )

Closes a partition once the client is done with it.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameter "handle" must be a user space address, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle of the partition to be closed.
----	---------------	---------------------------------------

**Returns**

- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – handle is NULL.
- QAPI\_ERROR – An internal failure occurred.
- QAPI\_OK – Success.

#### 14.3.4.3 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_FTL\_Get\_info ( qapi\_FTL\_client\_t *handle*, qapi\_FTL\_info\_t \* *info* )**

Gets partition and client-specific information in a format specified by [qapi\\_FTL\\_info\\_t](#), which can be used to get partition information, such as size.

**Note:** The total usable partition size in kB = lpa\_size\_in\_kbytes\*lpa\_count.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameter "handle" must be a user space address, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_FTL_Open()</a> .
out	<i>info</i>	Pointer to where the information is stored.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – handle or info is NULL.
- QAPI\_OK – Success.

#### 14.3.4.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_FTL\_Read\_lpa ( qapi\_FTL\_client\_t *handle*, uint32\_t *lpa*, uint32\_t *lpa\_count*, uint8\_t \* *buffer* )**

Reads data in multiples of LPA(s) or pages.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameter "buffer" must be a user space address, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_FTL_Open()</a> .
in	<i>lpa</i>	Logical page address (or page number) from which the data is to be read. The LPA is with respect to the start of the partition.
in	<i>lpa_count</i>	Number of LPAs or pages to read.
out	<i>buffer</i>	Pointer to where the read data is stored. It should be an uncached, physically contiguous DMA-BLE.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – handle or lpa is NULL.
- QAPI\_ERROR – An internal failure occurred.
- QAPI\_FTL\_OUT\_OF\_GOOD\_BLOCKS – The partition is not usable.
- QAPI\_OK – Success.

#### 14.3.4.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_FTL\_Write\_lpa ( qapi\_FTL\_client\_t *handle*, uint32\_t *lpa*, uint32\_t *lpa\_count*, uint8\_t \* *buffer* )**

Writes data in multiples of LPA(s) or pages sequentially.

The number of LPAs in a block = (erase\_block\_size\_in\_kbytes/lpa\_size\_in\_kbytes). Data can only be written in an erased block, so before writing in an LPA, the block to which it correspond should be erased by calling [qapi\\_FTL\\_Erase\\_block\(\)](#). For example, if a block has four LPAs, the block is not erased, and the user wants to write in LPA 0, the user must erase the entire block first and then write. Because the entire block is erased, the user does not need to erase before writing in lpa1-lpa3.

**Note:** Only sequential writes are allowed. If the user wants to write in lpa0 after writing in lpa1, the user must erase the entire block. In this case, the data in the entire block is lost. If user wants to write into a previously written LPA, the user must make a back up of the entire block, erase it, and copy in the backed up data. This is the user's responsibility. For example, if the user wants to write in lpa0 after writing in lpa3, the user must follow this sequence:

1. Back up the entire block (if required)
2. Erase the entire block using [qapi\\_FTL\\_Erase\\_block\(\)](#)
3. Write into lpa0
4. Copy lpa1 to lpa3 if a backup was taken before

FTL does not take ownership of a data loss in cases where a sequential write is not followed.

Ideally, the user should erase the whole partition first and then start writing data sequentially.

**Note:** If this API is called from user space with MMU enabled, the parameter "buffer" must be a user space address, otherwise an invalid parameter error will be returned.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_FTL_Open()</a> .
in	<i>lpa</i>	Logical page address (or page number) where the data is to be written. The LPA is with respect to the start of the partition
in	<i>lpa_count</i>	Number of LPAs or pages to write.
in	<i>buffer</i>	Pointer to the buffer to which the data is to be written. It should be an uncached, physically contiguous DMA-BLE.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – handle or lpa is NULL.
- QAPI\_ERROR – An internal failure occurred.
- QAPI\_FTL\_OUT\_OF\_GOOD\_BLOCKS – The partition is not usable.



- QAPI\_OK – Success.

#### 14.3.4.6 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_FTL\_Erase\_block ( qapi\_FTL\_client\_t *handle*, uint32\_t *erase\_block*, uint32\_t *erase\_block\_count* )**

Erases a block.

The block size is defined by `erase_block_size_in_kbytes`. The number of LPAs in a block =  $(\text{erase\_block\_size\_in\_kbytes} / \text{lpa\_size\_in\_kbytes})$ . Data can only be written in an erased block, so before writing in an LPA, the block to which it corresponds to must be erased with this API.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle returned from <a href="#">qapi_FTL_Open()</a> .
in	<i>erase_block</i>	Start erase block.
in	<i>erase_block_count</i>	Number of blocks to be erased from Flash starting at <code>erase_block</code> .

##### Returns

- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – `handle` is NULL.
- QAPI\_ERROR – An internal failure occurred.
- QAPI\_FTL\_OUT\_OF\_GOOD\_BLOCKS – The partition is not usable.
- QAPI\_OK – Success.

# 15 Wired Connectivity Module

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This chapter describes the USB data types and APIs.

- [USB Data Types](#)
- [USB APIs](#)

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## 15.1 USB Data Types

Type definitions for USB QAPIs.

### 15.1.1 Typedef Documentation

#### 15.1.1.1 typedef void(\* qapi\_USB\_App\_Rx\_Cb\_t)(void)

Client callback function type to be called when data is received for the client.

#### 15.1.1.2 typedef void(\* qapi\_USB\_App\_Disconnect\_Cb\_t)(void)

Client callback function type to provide a disconnect notification.

### 15.1.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 15.1.2.1 enum qapi\_USB\_ioctl\_Cmd\_t

IOCTL command type.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_USB\_RX\_CB\_REG\_E** IOCTL command argument to register a client callback.

**QAPI\_USB\_DISCONNECT\_CB\_REG\_E** Command argument to register a disconnect callback.

## 15.2 USB APIs

These USB APIs enable clients to open a USB channel to allow data transfers between the client and the device without a specific packet format.

```
* The code snippet below demonstrates use of this interface. The example
* below opens a USB channel and then the write API helps the client send
* data over USB. The Read API enables clients to get data over USB.
* The client must define a callback function that is called whenever
* there is data for the client, and then the client can call the Read
* function.
*
* Clients can register a disconnect callback if they wish to be notified
* whenever USB is disconnected.

void* Buffer;
uint16 Max_Size;
void* Data_Ptr;
uint16 Len;
void Callback_func(void);
void disconnect_cb(void);

// To open a USB channel
status = qapi_USB_Open();
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

// To read data over USB; buffer to get data and max size it can take
status = qapi_USB_Read(&Buffer, Max_Size);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

// To send data over USB; pointer to data and length of data
status = qapi_USB_Write(Data_Ptr, Len);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

// To register a client callback for getting notified about available data
// for client
status = qapi_USB_Ioctl(QAPI_USB_RX_CB_REG_E, (void*)Callback_func);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

// To register disconnect callback
status = qapi_USB_Ioctl(QAPI_USB_DISCONNECT_CB_REG_E, (void*)disconnect_cb);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }
```

### 15.2.1 Function Documentation

#### 15.2.1.1 qapi\_USB\_Status\_t qapi\_USB\_Open ( void )

Opens a ser3 channel for pure data transfer through USB.

This channel enables a data transfer path for clients without any protocol.

#### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success, a -ve error code on failure.

QAPI\_ERR\_\_ALREADY\_DONE – The ser3 channel is already open.

**15.2.1.2 qapi\_USB\_Status\_t qapi\_USB\_Read ( void \*\* *Buffer*, uint16\_t *Max\_Size* )**

Reads USB data.

This function is to be called after USB sends a callback that the PC has sent data. It can also be called without receiving the callback, but data might not be available with the USB.

**Parameters**

out	<i>Buffer</i>	Buffer to where the data is to be copied.
in	<i>Max_Size</i>	Maximum size of the data that the client can take.

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success, a -ve error code on failure.

QAPI\_ERR\_NO\_DATA – No data is available.

**15.2.1.3 qapi\_USB\_Status\_t qapi\_USB\_Write ( void \* *Data\_Ptr*, uint16\_t *Len* )**

Sends data over USB.

The client must send a data pointer and the length of the data it wishes to send over the channel.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Data_Ptr</i>	Pointer to the data that the client wishes to send.
in	<i>Len</i>	Length of the data to be sent.

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success, a -ve error code on failure.

**15.2.1.4 qapi\_USB\_Status\_t qapi\_USB\_ioctl ( qapi\_USB\_ioctl\_Cmd\_t *Cmd*, void \* *Param* )**

IOCTL for registering the client Rx callback.

This IOCTL is made generic so that it may later be used for some other purposes.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Cmd</i>	Determines for what the IOCTL is called. Currently, only the purpose stated above is valid.
in	<i>Param</i>	Can change based on the command passed. For currently used commands, it is a function pointer.

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success, a -ve error code on failure.

QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – The command received is not supported.

# 16 Buses Module

---

This chapter describes the I2C, SPI, and UART APIs.

- [I2C Master APIs](#)
- [SPI Master APIs](#)
- [UART APIs](#)

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## 16.1 I2C Master APIs

I2C is a 2-wire bus used to connect low speed peripherals to a processor or a microcontroller. Common I2C peripherals include touch screen controllers, accelerometers, gyros, and ambient light and temperature sensors.

The 2-wire bus comprises a data line, a clock line, and basic START, STOP, and acknowledge signals to drive transfers on the bus. An I2C peripheral is also referred to as an I2C slave. The processor or microcontroller implements the I2C master as defined in the I2C specification. This documentation provides the software interface to access the I2C master implementation.

```
//
// The code sample below demonstrates the use of this interface.
//

void sample (void)
{
    void *client_handle = NULL;
    uint32_t transferred1, transferred2;
    uint8_t buffer[4] = { 1, 2, 3, 4 };

    qapi_Status_t res = QAPI_OK;
    qapi_I2CM_Config_t config;
    qapi_I2CM_Descriptor_t desc[2];

    // Obtain a client specific connection handle to the i2c bus instance 1
    res = qapi_I2CM_Open (QAPI_I2CM_INSTANCE_001_E, &client_handle);

    // Configure the bus speed and slave address
    config.bus_Frequency_KHz = 400;
    config.slave_Address      = 0x36;
    config.SMBUS_Mode         = FALSE;

    // <S> - START bit
    // <P> - STOP bit
    // <Sr> - Repeat Start bit
    // <A> - Acknowledge bit
    // <N> - Not-Acknowledge bit
    // <R> - Read Transfer
    // <W> - Write Transfer

    // Single write transfer of N bytes
    // <S><slave_address><W><A><data1><A><data2><A>...<dataN><A><P>
    desc[0].buffer      = buffer;
    desc[0].length      = 4;
    desc[0].transferred = &transferred1;
    desc[0].flags        = QAPI_I2C_FLAG_START | QAPI_I2C_FLAG_WRITE |
        QAPI_I2C_FLAG_STOP;
    res = qapi_I2CM_Transfer (client_handle, &config, &desc[0], 1,
        client_callback, NULL);

    // Single read transfer of N bytes
    // <S><slave_address><R><A><data1><A><data2><A>...<dataN><N><P>
    desc[0].buffer      = buffer;
    desc[0].length      = 4;
    desc[0].transferred = &transferred1;
    desc[0].flags        = QAPI_I2C_FLAG_START | QAPI_I2C_FLAG_READ |
        QAPI_I2C_FLAG_STOP;
    res = qapi_I2CM_Transfer (client_handle, &config, &desc[0], 1,
        client_callback, NULL);
}
```

```

// Read N bytes from a register 0x01 on a sensor device
// <S><slave_address><W><A><0x01><A><S><slave_address><R><A>
//                               <data1><A><data2><A>...<dataN><N><P>
uint8_t reg = 0x01;
desc[0].buffer      = &reg;
desc[0].length      = 1;
desc[0].transferred = &transferred1;
desc[0].flags       = QAPI_I2C_FLAG_START | QAPI_I2C_FLAG_WRITE;

desc[1].buffer      = buffer;
desc[1].length      = 4;
desc[1].transferred = &transferred2;
desc[1].flags       = QAPI_I2C_FLAG_START | QAPI_I2C_FLAG_READ |
    QAPI_I2C_FLAG_STOP;
res = qapi_I2CM_Transfer (client_handle, &config, &desc[0], 2,
    client_callback, NULL);

// Read N bytes from eeprom address 0x0102
// <S><slave_address><W><A><0x01><A><0x02><A><S><slave_address><R><A>
//                               <data1><A><data2><A>...<dataN><N><P>
uint8_t reg[2] = { 0x01, 0x02 };
desc[0].buffer      = reg;
desc[0].length      = 2;
desc[0].transferred = &transferred1;
desc[0].flags       = QAPI_I2C_FLAG_START | QAPI_I2C_FLAG_WRITE;

desc[1].buffer      = buffer;
desc[1].length      = 4;
desc[1].transferred = &transferred2;
desc[1].flags       = QAPI_I2C_FLAG_START | QAPI_I2C_FLAG_READ |
    QAPI_I2C_FLAG_STOP;
res = qapi_I2CM_Transfer (client_handle, &config, &desc[0], 2,
    client_callback, NULL);

// Close the connection handle to the i2c bus instance
res = qapi_I2CM_Close (client_handle);
}

void client_callback (uint32_t status, void *ctxt)
{
    // Transfer completed
}

```

## 16.1.1 Define Documentation

### 16.1.1.1 #define QAPI\_I2C\_FLAG\_START 0x00000001

Specifies that the transfer begins with a START bit - S.

### 16.1.1.2 #define QAPI\_I2C\_FLAG\_STOP 0x00000002

Specifies that the transfer ends with a STOP bit - P.



**16.1.1.3 #define QAPI\_I2C\_FLAG\_WRITE 0x00000004**

Must be set to indicate a WRITE transfer.

**16.1.1.4 #define QAPI\_I2C\_FLAG\_READ 0x00000008**

Must be set to indicate a READ transfer.

**16.1.1.5 #define QAPI\_I2C\_TRANSFER\_MASK (QAPI\_I2C\_FLAG\_WRITE | QAPI\_I2C\_FLAG\_READ)**

Transfer types.

**16.1.1.6 #define QAPI\_VALID\_FLAGS( x ) (((x & QAPI\_I2C\_TRANSFER\_MASK) == QAPI\_I2C\_FLAG\_READ) || ((x & QAPI\_I2C\_TRANSFER\_MASK) == QAPI\_I2C\_FLAG\_WRITE))**

Verifies the validity of flags.

**16.1.2 Data Structure Documentation****16.1.2.1 struct qapi\_I2CM\_Config\_t**

I2C client configuration parameters that the client uses to communicate to an I2C slave.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	bus_Frequency-_KHz	I2C bus speed in kHz.
uint32_t	slave_Address	7-bit I2C slave address.
qbool_t	SMBUS_Mode	SMBUS mode transfers. Set to TRUE for SMBUS mode.
uint32_t	slave_Max-_Clock_Stretch-_Us	Maximum slave clock stretch in us that a slave might perform.
uint32_t	core_-Configuration1	Core specific configuration. Recommended is 0.
uint32_t	core_-Configuration2	Core specific configuration. Recommended is 0.

**16.1.2.2 struct qapi\_I2CM\_Descriptor\_t**

I2C transfer descriptor.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t *	buffer	Buffer for the data transfer.
uint32_t	length	Length of the data to be transferred in bytes.

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	transferred	Number of bytes actually transferred.
uint32_t	flags	I2C flags for the transfer.

### 16.1.3 Typedef Documentation

#### 16.1.3.1 typedef void(\* qapi\_I2CM\_Transfer\_CB\_t)(const uint32\_t status, void \*CB\_Parameter)

Transfer callback.

Declares the type of callback function that is to be defined by the client. The callback is called when the data is completely transferred on the bus or the transfer ends due to an error or cancellation.

Clients pass the callback function pointer and the callback context to the driver in the [qapi\\_I2CM\\_Transfer\(\)](#) API.

**Note:** The callback is called in the interrupt context. Calling any of the APIs defined here in the callback will result in the error QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_API\_INVALID\_EXECUTION\_LEVEL. Processing in the callback function must be kept to a minimum to avoid latencies in the system.

#### Parameters

out	<i>status</i>	Completion status of the transfer. A call to <a href="#">qapi_I2CM_Get_QStatus_Code()</a> will convert this status to QAPI status codes.
out	<i>CB_Parameter</i>	CP_Parameter context that was passed in the call to <a href="#">qapi_I2CM_Transfer()</a> .

### 16.1.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 16.1.4.1 enum qapi\_I2CM\_Instance\_t

Instance of the I2C core that the client wants to use. This instance is passed in [qapi\\_I2CM\\_Open\(\)](#).

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_001\_E** I2C core 01.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_002\_E** I2C core 02.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_003\_E** I2C core 03.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_004\_E** I2C core 04.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_005\_E** I2C core 05.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_006\_E** I2C core 06.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_007\_E** I2C core 07.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_008\_E** I2C core 08.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_009\_E** I2C core 09.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_010\_E** I2C core 10.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_011\_E** I2C core 11.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_012\_E** I2C core 12.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_013\_E** I2C core 13.

**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_014\_E** I2C core 14.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_015\_E** I2C core 15.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_016\_E** I2C core 16.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_017\_E** I2C core 17.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_018\_E** I2C core 18.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_019\_E** I2C core 19.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_020\_E** I2C core 20.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_021\_E** I2C core 21.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_022\_E** I2C core 22.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_023\_E** I2C core 23.  
**QAPI\_I2CM\_INSTANCE\_024\_E** I2C core 24.

## 16.1.5 Function Documentation

### 16.1.5.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_I2CM_Open ( qapi_I2CM_Instance_t instance, void ** i2c_Handle )`

Called by the client code to initialize the respective I2C instance. On success, `i2c_Handle` points to the handle for the I2C instance. The API allocates resources for use by the client handle and the I2C instance. These resources are release in the [qapi\\_I2CM\\_Close\(\)](#) call. The API also enables power to the I2C HW instance. To disable the power to the instance, a corresponding call to [qapi\\_I2CM\\_Close\(\)](#) must be made.

#### Parameters

in	<i>instance</i>	I2C instance that the client intends to initialize; see <a href="#">qapi_I2CM_Instance_t</a> for details.
out	<i>i2c_Handle</i>	Pointer location to be filled by the driver with a handle to the instance.

#### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – Function was successful.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_API\_INVALID\_EXECUTION\_LEVEL – Invalid execution level.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_UNSUPPORTED\_CORE\_INSTANCE – Unsupported core instance.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_HANDLE\_ALLOCATION – Handle allocation error.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_HW\_INFO\_ALLOCATION – Hardware information allocation error.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_PLATFORM\_INIT\_FAIL – Platform initialization failure.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_PLATFORM\_REG\_INT\_FAIL – Platform registration internal failure.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_PLATFORM\_CLOCK\_ENABLE\_FAIL – Platform clock enable failure.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_PLATFORM\_GPIO\_ENABLE\_FAIL – Platform GPIO enable failure.

### 16.1.5.2 `qapi_Status_t qapi_I2CM_Close ( void * i2c_Handle )`

De-initializes the I2C instance and releases any resources allocated by the [qapi\\_I2CM\\_Open\(\)](#) API.

#### Parameters

in	<i>i2c_Handle</i>	Handle to the I2C instance.
----	-------------------	-----------------------------

#### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – Function was successful.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_API\_INVALID\_EXECUTION\_LEVEL – Invalid execution level.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_PLATFORM\_DEINIT\_FAIL – Platform de-initialization failure.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_PLATFORM\_DE\_REG\_INT\_FAIL – Platform de-registration internal failure.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_PLATFORM\_CLOCK\_DISABLE\_FAIL – Platform clock disable failure.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_PLATFORM\_GPIO\_DISABLE\_FAIL – Platform GPIO disable failure.

### 16.1.5.3 `qapi_Status_t qapi_I2CM_Transfer ( void * i2c_Handle, qapi\_I2CM\_Config\_t * config, qapi\_I2CM\_Descriptor\_t * desc, uint16\_t num_Descriptors, qapi\_I2CM\_Transfer\_CB\_t CB_Function, void * CB_Parameter, uint32\_t delay_us )`

Performs an I2C transfer. In case a transfer is already in progress by another client, this call queues the transfer. If the transfer returns a failure, the transfer has not been queued and no callback will occur. If the transfer returns QAPI\_OK, the transfer has been queued and a further status of the transfer can only be obtained when the callback is called.

#### Note

After a client calls this API, it must wait for the completion callback to occur before it can call the API again. If the client wishes to queue multiple transfers, it must use an array of descriptors of type [qapi\\_I2CM\\_Descriptor\\_t](#) instead of calling the API multiple times.

#### Parameters

in	<i>i2c_Handle</i>	Handle to the I2C instance.
in	<i>config</i>	Slave configuration. See <a href="#">qapi_I2CM_Config_t</a> for details.
in	<i>desc</i>	I2C transfer descriptor. See <a href="#">qapi_I2CM_Descriptor_t</a> for details. This can be an array of descriptors.
in	<i>num_Descriptors</i>	Number of descriptors in the descriptor array.
in	<i>CB_Function</i>	Callback function that is called at the completion of the transfer occurs in the interrupt context. The call must do minimal processing and must not call any API defined here.
in	<i>CB_Parameter</i>	Context that the client passes here is returned as is in the callback function.

in	<i>delay_us</i>	A delay in microseconds that specifies the time to wait before starting the transfer.
----	-----------------	---

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Function was successful.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_API\_INVALID\_EXECUTION\_LEVEL – Invalid execution level.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_TRANSFER\_TIMEOUT – Transfer timed out.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERR\_QSTATE\_INVALID – QState is invalid.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERROR\_HANDLE\_ALREADY\_IN\_QUEUE – Client IO is pending.

**16.1.5.4 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_I2CM\_Power\_On ( void \* *i2c\_Handle* )**

Enables the I2C Hardware resources for an I2C transaction.

This function enables all resources required for a successful I2C transaction. This includes clocks, power resources and pin multiplex functions. This function should be called before a transfer or a batch of I2C transfers.

**Parameters**

in	<i>i2c_Handle</i>	Driver handle returned by <a href="#">qapi_I2CM_Open()</a> .
----	-------------------	--

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – I2C master enabled successfully.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid handle parameter.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERROR\_CLK\_ENABLE\_FAIL – Could not enable clocks or NPA.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERROR\_GPIO\_ENABLE\_FAIL – Could not enable GPIOs.

**16.1.5.5 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_I2CM\_Power\_Off ( void \* *i2c\_Handle* )**

Disables the I2C Hardware resources for an I2C transaction.

This function turns off all resources used by the I2C master. This includes clocks, power resources and GPIOs. This function should be called to put the I2C master in its lowest possible power state.

**Parameters**

in	<i>i2c_Handle</i>	Driver handle returned by <a href="#">qapi_I2CM_Open()</a> .
----	-------------------	--

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – I2C master disabled successfully.

- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid handle parameter.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERROR\_CLK\_DISABLE\_FAIL – Could not disable clocks or NPA.
- QAPI\_I2CM\_ERROR\_GPIO\_DISABLE\_FAIL – Could not disable GPIOs.

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## 16.2 SPI Master APIs

The serial peripheral interface (SPI) is a full duplex communication bus to interface peripherals in several communication modes as configured by the client software. The SPI driver API provides a high-level interface to expose the capabilities of the SPI master.

Typical usage:

- [qapi\\_SPIM\\_Open\(\)](#) – Get a handle to an SPI instance.
- [qapi\\_SPIM\\_Power\\_On\(\)](#) – Turn on all resources required for a successful SPI transaction.
- [qapi\\_SPIM\\_Full\\_Duplex\(\)](#) – Generic transfer API to perform a transfer on the SPI bus.
- [qapi\\_SPIM\\_Power\\_Off\(\)](#) – Turn off all resources set by [qapi\\_SPIM\\_Power\\_On\(\)](#).
- [qapi\\_SPIM\\_Close\(\)](#) – Destroy all objects created by the SPI handle.

A note about SPI power:

Calling [qapi\\_SPIM\\_Open\(\)](#) and leaving it open does not drain any power. If the client is expecting to do several back-to-back SPI transfers, the recommended approach is to call `Power_On`, perform all transfers, then call `Power_Off`. Calling `Power_On/Power_Off` for every transfer will affect throughput and increase the bus idle period.

SPI transfers:

SPI transfers use BAM (DMA mode), so we expect buffers passed by the client to be uncached RAM addresses. There is no address or length alignment requirement.

SPI modes:

The SPI master supports all four SPI modes, and this can be changed per transfer. See [qapi\\_SPIM\\_Config\\_t](#) for configuration specification details. The driver supports parallel transfers on different SPI instances.

A note about SPI modes:

Always check the meaning of SPI modes in your SPI slave specifications. Some manufacturers use different mode meanings.

- SPI Mode 0: CPOL = 0, and CPHA = 0
- SPI Mode 1: CPOL = 0, and CPHA = 1
- SPI Mode 2: CPOL = 1, and CPHA = 0
- SPI Mode 3: CPOL = 1, and CPHA = 1

### 16.2.1 Data Structure Documentation

#### 16.2.1.1 struct qapi\_SPIM\_Config\_t

SPI master configuration.

The SPI master configuration is the collection of settings specified for each SPI transfer call to select the various possible SPI transfer parameters.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
<a href="#">qapi_SPIM_Shift_Mode_t</a>	SPIM_Mode	SPIM mode type to be used for the SPI core.
<a href="#">qapi_SPIM_CS_Polarity_t</a>	SPIM_CS_Polarity	CS polarity type to be used for the SPI core.
<a href="#">qapi_SPIM_Byte_Order_t</a>	SPIM_endianness	
uint8_t	SPIM_Bits_Per_Word	Endian-ness type used for the SPI transfer. SPI bits per word; any value from 3 to 31.
uint8_t	SPIM_Slave_Index	Slave index, beginning at 0 if multiple SPI devices are connected to the same master. At most 7 slaves are allowed. If an invalid number (7 or higher) is set, the CS signal will not be used.
uint32_t	Clk_Freq_Hz	Host sets the SPI clock frequency closest to the requested frequency.
uint8_t	CS_Clk_Delay_Cycles	Number of clock cycles to wait after asserting CS before starting transfer.
uint8_t	Inter_Word_Delay_Cycles	Number of clock cycles to wait between SPI words.
<a href="#">qapi_SPIM_CS_Mode_t</a>	SPIM_CS_Mode	CS mode to be used for the SPI core.
qbool_t	loopback_Mode	Normally 0. If set, the SPI controller will enable Loopback mode; used primarily for testing.

**16.2.1.2 struct qapi\_SPIM\_Descriptor\_t**

SPI transfer type.

This type specifies the address and length of the buffer for an SPI transaction.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t *	tx_buf	Buffer address for transmitting data.
uint8_t *	rx_buf	Buffer address for receiving data.
uint32_t	len	Size in bytes. No alignment requirements; the arbitrary length data can be transferred.

**16.2.2 Typedef Documentation****16.2.2.1 typedef void(\* qapi\_SPIM\_Callback\_Fn\_t)(uint32\_t status, void \*callback\_Ctxt)**

SPI callback function type.

This type is used by the client to register its callback notification function. The callback\_Ctxt is the context object that will be passed untouched by the SPI Master driver to help the client identify which transfer completion instance is being signaled.



## 16.2.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 16.2.3.1 enum qapi\_SPIM\_Instance\_t

SPI instance enumeration.

This enumeration lists the possible SPI instance indicating which HW SPI master is to be used for the current SPI transaction.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_1\_E** SPIM instance 1.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_2\_E** SPIM instance 2.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_3\_E** SPIM instance 3.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_4\_E** SPIM instance 4.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_5\_E** SPIM instance 5.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_6\_E** SPIM instance 6.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_7\_E** SPIM instance 7.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_8\_E** SPIM instance 8.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_9\_E** SPIM instance 9.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_10\_E** SPIM instance 10.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_11\_E** SPIM instance 11.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_12\_E** SPIM instance 12.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_13\_E** SPIM instance 13.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_14\_E** SPIM instance 14.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_15\_E** SPIM instance 15.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_16\_E** SPIM instance 16.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_17\_E** SPIM instance 17.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_18\_E** SPIM instance 18.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_19\_E** SPIM instance 19.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_20\_E** SPIM instance 20.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_21\_E** SPIM instance 21.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_22\_E** SPIM instance 22.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_23\_E** SPIM instance 23.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_INSTANCE\_24\_E** SPIM instance 24.

### 16.2.3.2 enum qapi\_SPIM\_Shift\_Mode\_t

SPI phase type.

This type defines the clock phase that the client can set in the SPI configuration.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_SPIM\_MODE\_0\_E** CPOL = 0, CPHA = 0.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_MODE\_1\_E** CPOL = 0, CPHA = 1.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_MODE\_2\_E** CPOL = 1, CPHA = 0.  
**QAPI\_SPIM\_MODE\_3\_E** CPOL = 1, CPHA = 1.

### 16.2.3.3 enum qapi\_SPIM\_CS\_Polarity\_t

SPI chip select polarity type.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_SPIM\_CS\_ACTIVE\_LOW\_E** During Idle state, the CS line is held low.

**QAPI\_SPIM\_CS\_ACTIVE\_HIGH\_E** During Idle state, the CS line is held high.

### 16.2.3.4 enum qapi\_SPIM\_Byte\_Order\_t

Order in which bytes from Tx/Rx buffer words are put on the bus.

Enumerator:

**SPI\_NATIVE** Native.

**SPI\_LITTLE\_ENDIAN** Little Endian.

**SPI\_BIG\_ENDIAN** Big Endian (network).

### 16.2.3.5 enum qapi\_SPIM\_CS\_Mode\_t

SPI chip select assertion type.

This type defines how the chip select line is configured between N word cycles.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_SPIM\_CS\_DEASSERT\_E** CS is deasserted after transferring data for N clock cycles.

**QAPI\_SPIM\_CS\_KEEP\_ASSERTED\_E** CS is asserted as long as the core is in the Run state.

## 16.2.4 Function Documentation

### 16.2.4.1 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_SPIM\_Open ( qapi\_SPIM\_Instance\_t *instance*, void \*\* *spi\_Handle* )

Initializes the SPI Master.

This function initializes internal data structures along with associated static data. In any operating mode, this function should be called before calling any other SPI master API.

Parameters

in	<i>instance</i>	SPI instance specified by <a href="#">qapi_SPIM_Instance_t</a> .
out	<i>spi_Handle</i>	Pointer to a location in which to store the driver handle.

Returns

- QAPI\_OK – Module initialized successfully.
- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid instance or handle parameter.
- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERROR\_MEM\_ALLOC – Could not allocate space for driver structures.

- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERR\_INTERRUPT\_REGISTER – Could not register for an interrupt.

#### 16.2.4.2 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_SPIM\_Power\_On ( void \* *spi\_Handle* )**

Enables the SPI Hardware resources for an SPI transaction.

This function enables all resources required for a successful SPI transaction. This includes clocks, power resources and pin multiplex functions. This function should be called before a transfer or a batch of SPI transfers.

##### Parameters

in	<i>spi_Handle</i>	Driver handle returned by <a href="#">qapi_SPIM_Open()</a> .
----	-------------------	--

##### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – SPI master enabled successfully.
- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid handle parameter.
- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERROR\_CLK\_ENABLE\_FAIL – Could not enable clocks or NPA.
- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERROR\_GPIO\_ENABLE\_FAIL – Could not enable GPIOs.

#### 16.2.4.3 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_SPIM\_Power\_Off ( void \* *spi\_Handle* )**

Disables the SPI Hardware resources for an SPI transaction.

This function turns off all resources used by the SPI master. This includes clocks, power resources, and GPIOs. This function should be called to put the SPI master in its lowest possible power state.

##### Parameters

in	<i>spi_Handle</i>	Driver handle returned by <a href="#">qapi_SPIM_Open()</a> .
----	-------------------	--

##### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – SPI master disabled successfully.
- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid handle parameter.
- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERROR\_CLK\_DISABLE\_FAIL – Could not disable clocks or NPA.
- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERROR\_GPIO\_DISABLE\_FAIL – Could not disable GPIOs.

#### 16.2.4.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_SPIM\_Full\_Duplex ( void \* *spi\_Handle*, qapi\_SPIM\_Config\_t \* *config*, qapi\_SPIM\_Descriptor\_t \* *desc*, uint32\_t *num\_Descriptors*, qapi\_SPIM\_Callback\_Fn\_t *c\_Fn*, void \* *c\_Ctxt*, qbool\_t *get\_timestamp* )**

Performs a data transfer over the SPI bus.

This function performs an asynchronous transfer over the SPI bus. Transfers can be one-directional or

bi-directional. A callback is generated upon transfer completion.

#### Parameters

in	<i>spi_Handle</i>	Driver handle returned by <a href="#">qapi_SPIM_Open()</a> .
in	<i>config</i>	Pointer to the SPI configuration structure described by <a href="#">qapi_SPIM_Config_t</a> .
in	<i>desc</i>	Pointer to the structure described by <a href="#">qapi_SPIM_Descriptor_t</a> . The descriptor can have NULL Tx OR Rx buffers if a half duplex transfer is selected.
in	<i>num_Descriptors</i>	Number of descriptor pointers the client wants to process.
in	<i>c_Fn</i>	Callback function to be invoked when the SPI transfer completes successfully or with an error.
in	<i>c_Ctxt</i>	Pointer to a client object that will be returned as an argument to <i>c_Fn</i> .
in	<i>get_timestamp</i>	Boolean variable to indicate whether a transaction timestamp needs to be provided; this is not supported for the QUPv2 version.

#### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – SPI master was enabled successfully.
- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM – One or more invalid parameters.
- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERROR\_QUP\_STATE\_INVALID – SPI or BAM hardware is in a bad state.
- QAPI\_SPIM\_ERROR\_TRANSFER\_TIMEOUT – Transfer timed out.

#### 16.2.4.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_SPIM\_Close ( void \* *spi\_handle* )**

Closes the SPI master.

This function frees all internal data structures and closes the SPI master interface. The handle returned by [qapi\\_SPIM\\_Open\(\)](#) is then rendered invalid.

#### Parameters

in	<i>spi_handle</i>	Driver handle returned by <a href="#">qapi_SPIM_Open()</a> .
----	-------------------	--

#### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – SPI driver closed successfully.

## 16.3 UART APIs

This section describes the UART data types and APIs.

### 16.3.1 Data Structure Documentation

#### 16.3.1.1 union QAPI\_UART\_ioctl\_Param

IOCTL command ID list of the UART.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	baud_Rate	Supported baud rates are 115200 bps, 1 Mbps, 2 Mbps, 3 Mbps, and 4 Mbps.
<a href="#">QAPI_Flow_Control_Type</a>	Flow_Control_Type	Transmit flow control type.

#### 16.3.1.2 struct qapi\_UART\_Open\_Config\_t

Structure for UART configuration.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	baud_Rate	Supported baud rates are 115200 bps, 1 Mbps, 2 Mbps, 3 Mbps, and 4 Mbps.
<a href="#">qapi_UART_Parity_Mode_e</a>	parity_Mode	Parity mode.
<a href="#">qapi_UART_Num_Stop_Bits_e</a>	num_Stop_Bits	Number of stop bits.
<a href="#">qapi_UART_Bits_Per_Char_e</a>	bits_Per_Char	Bits per character.
qbool_t	enable_Loopback	Enable loopback.
qbool_t	enable_Flow_Ctrl	Enable flow control.
<a href="#">qapi_UART_Callback_Fn_t</a>	tx_CB_ISR	Transmit callback, called from ISR context. Be sure not to violate ISR guidelines. <b>Note:</b> Do not call uart_transmit or uart_receive APIs from this callback.
<a href="#">qapi_UART_Callback_Fn_t</a>	rx_CB_ISR	Receive callback, called from ISR context. Be sure not to violate ISR guidelines. <b>Note:</b> Do not call uart_transmit or uart_receive APIs from this callback.

## 16.3.2 Typedef Documentation

### 16.3.2.1 typedef void\* qapi\_UART\_Handle\_t

UART handle that is passed to the client when a UART port is opened.

### 16.3.2.2 typedef void(\* qapi\_UART\_Callback\_Fn\_t)(uint32\_t num\_bytes, void \*cb\_data)

Transmit and receive operation callback type.

#### Parameters

in	<i>num_bytes</i>	Number of bytes.
out	<i>cb_data</i>	Pointer to the callback data.

## 16.3.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 16.3.3.1 enum qapi\_UART\_Port\_Id\_e

UART port ID enumeration.

This enumeration is used to specify which port is to be opened during the `uart_open` call.

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_001\_E** UART core 01.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_002\_E** UART core 02.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_003\_E** UART core 03.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_004\_E** UART core 04.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_005\_E** UART core 05.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_006\_E** UART core 06.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_007\_E** UART core 07.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_008\_E** UART core 08.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_009\_E** UART core 09.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_010\_E** UART core 10.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_011\_E** UART core 11.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_012\_E** UART core 12.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_013\_E** UART core 13.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_014\_E** UART core 14.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_015\_E** UART core 15.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_016\_E** UART core 16.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_017\_E** UART core 17.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_018\_E** UART core 18.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_019\_E** UART core 19.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_020\_E** UART core 20.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_021\_E** UART core 21.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_022\_E** UART core 22.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_023\_E** UART core 23.  
**QAPI\_UART\_PORT\_024\_E** UART core 24.

### 16.3.3.2 enum qapi\_UART\_Bits\_Per\_Char\_e

UART bits per character configuration enumeration.

Enumeration to specify how many UART bits are to be used per character configuration.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_UART\_5\_BITS\_PER\_CHAR\_E** 5 bits per character.  
**QAPI\_UART\_6\_BITS\_PER\_CHAR\_E** 6 bits per character.  
**QAPI\_UART\_7\_BITS\_PER\_CHAR\_E** 7 bits per character.  
**QAPI\_UART\_8\_BITS\_PER\_CHAR\_E** 8 bits per character.

### 16.3.3.3 enum qapi\_UART\_Num\_Stop\_Bits\_e

Enumeration for UART number of stop bits configuration.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_UART\_0\_5\_STOP\_BITS\_E** 0.5 stop bits.  
**QAPI\_UART\_1\_0\_STOP\_BITS\_E** 1.0 stop bit.  
**QAPI\_UART\_1\_5\_STOP\_BITS\_E** 1.5 stop bits.  
**QAPI\_UART\_2\_0\_STOP\_BITS\_E** 2.0 stop bits.

### 16.3.3.4 enum qapi\_UART\_Parity\_Mode\_e

Enumeration for UART parity mode configuration.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_UART\_NO\_PARITY\_E** No parity.  
**QAPI\_UART\_ODD\_PARITY\_E** Odd parity.  
**QAPI\_UART\_EVEN\_PARITY\_E** Even parity.  
**QAPI\_UART\_SPACE\_PARITY\_E** Space parity.

### 16.3.3.5 enum qapi\_UART\_ioctl\_Command\_e

IOCTL command ID list of the UART.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_SET\_FLOW\_CTRL\_E** Set auto flow control.  
**QAPI\_SET\_BAUD\_RATE\_E** Set baud rate.  
**QAPI\_SET\_POWER\_SLEEP** Put UART device in sleep mode.

### 16.3.3.6 enum QAPI\_Flow\_Control\_Type

Flow control types for UART.

**Enumerator:****QAPI\_FCTL\_OFF\_E** Disable flow control**QAPI\_CTSRFR\_AUTO\_FCTL\_E** Use CTS/RFR flow control with auto RX RFR signal generation.**16.3.4 Function Documentation****16.3.4.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_UART_Close ( qapi_UART_Handle_t handle )`**

Closes the UART port.

Releases clock, interrupt, and GPIO handles related to this UART and cancels any pending transfers.

**Note:** Do not call this API from ISR context.**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	UART handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_UART_Open()</a> .
----	---------------	--

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Port close was successful.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Port close failed.

**16.3.4.2 `qapi_Status_t qapi_UART_Open ( qapi_UART_Handle_t * handle, qapi_UART_Port_Id_e id, qapi_UART_Open_Config_t * config )`**

Initializes the UART port.

Opens the UART port and configures the corresponding clocks, interrupts, and GPIO.

**Note:** Do not call this API from ISR context.**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	UART handle.
in	<i>id</i>	ID of the port to be opened.
in	<i>config</i>	Structure that holds all configuration data.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Port open was successful.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Port open failed.



### 16.3.4.3 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_UART\_Receive ( qapi\_UART\_Handle\_t *handle*, char \* *buf*, uint32\_t *buf\_Size*, void \* *cb\_Data* )**

Queues the buffer provided for receiving the data.

This is an asynchronous call. rx\_cb\_isr is called when the Rx transfer completes. The buffer is owned by the UART driver until rx\_cb\_isr is called.

There must always be a pending Rx. The UART hardware has a limited buffer (FIFO), and if there is no software buffer available for HS-UART, the flow control will de-assert the RFR line.

Call uart\_receive immediately after uart\_open to queue a buffer. After every rx\_cb\_isr, from a different non-ISR thread, queue the next transfer.

There can be a maximum of two buffers queued at a time.

**Note:** Do not call this API from ISR context.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	UART handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_UART_Open()</a> .
in	<i>buf</i>	Buffer to be filled with data.
in	<i>buf_Size</i>	Buffer size. Must be $\geq 4$ and a multiple of 4.
in	<i>cb_Data</i>	Callback data to be passed when rx_cb_isr is called during Rx completion.

#### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – Queuing of the receive buffer was successful.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Queuing of the receive buffer failed.

### 16.3.4.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_UART\_Transmit ( qapi\_UART\_Handle\_t *handle*, char \* *buf*, uint32\_t *bytes\_To\_Tx*, void \* *cb\_Data* )**

Transmits data from a specified buffer.

This is an asynchronous call. The buffer is queued for Tx, and when transmit is completed, tx\_cb\_isr is called.

The buffer is owned by the UART driver until tx\_cb\_isr is called.

**Note:** Do not call this API from ISR context.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	UART handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_UART_Open()</a> .
in	<i>buf</i>	Buffer with data for transmit.
in	<i>bytes_To_Tx</i>	Bytes of data to transmit.
in	<i>cb_Data</i>	Callback data to be passed when tx_cb_isr is called during Tx completion.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Queuing of the transmit buffer was successful.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Queuing of the transmit buffer failed.

**16.3.4.5 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_UART\_Power\_On ( qapi\_UART\_Handle\_t UART\_Handle )**

Enables the UART hardware resources for a UART transaction.

This function enables all resources required for a successful UART transaction. This includes clocks, power resources, and pin multiplex functions. This function should be called before a transfer or a batch of UART transfers.

**Parameters**

in	UART_Handle	Driver handle returned by <a href="#">qapi_UART_Open()</a> .
----	-------------	--

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – UART powered on successfully.
- QAPI\_ERROR – UART power on failed.

**16.3.4.6 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_UART\_Power\_Off ( qapi\_UART\_Handle\_t UART\_Handle )**

Disables the UART hardware resources for a UART transaction.

This function turns off all resources used by the UART master. This includes clocks, power resources, and GPIOs. This function should be called to put the UART master in its lowest possible power state.

**Parameters**

in	UART_Handle	Driver handle returned by <a href="#">qapi_UART_Open()</a> .
----	-------------	--

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – UART powered off successfully.
- QAPI\_ERROR – UART power off failed.

**16.3.4.7 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_UART\_Ioctl ( qapi\_UART\_Handle\_t handle, qapi\_UART\_Ioctl\_Command\_e ioctl\_Command, void \* ioctl\_Param )**

Controls the UART configurations for a UART transaction.

This function controls the UART configurations apart from the IO operations, which cannot be achieved through standard APIs.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Driver handle returned by <a href="#">qapi_UART_Open()</a> .
in	<i>ioctl_Command</i>	Pass the commands listed with <a href="#">qapi_UART_Ioctl_Command_e</a> .
in	<i>ioctl_Param</i>	Pass the argument associated with <a href="#">qapi_UART_Ioctl_Command_e</a> .

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – UART IOCTL configuration was successful.
- QAPI\_ERROR – UART IOCTL configuration failed.

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# 17 Location Module

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This chapter describes the data types and APIs for the GNSS location driver.

- [Location APIs](#)

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## 17.1 Location APIs

This section describes data types and functions for the GNSS location driver.

### 17.1.1 Data Structure Documentation

#### 17.1.1.1 struct qapi\_Location\_t

Structure for location information.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	size	Size. Set to the size of <a href="#">qapi_Location_t</a> .
qapi_Location- _Flags_Mask_t	flags	Bitwise OR of <a href="#">qapi_Location_Flags_t</a> .
uint64_t	timestamp	UTC timestamp for a location fix; milliseconds since Jan. 1, 1970.
double	latitude	Latitude in degrees.
double	longitude	Longitude in degrees.
double	altitude	Altitude in meters above the WGS 84 reference ellipsoid.
double	altitudeMean- SeaLevel	Altitude in meters with respect to mean sea level.
float	speed	Speed in meters per second.
float	bearing	Bearing in degrees; range: 0 to 360.
float	accuracy	Accuracy in meters.
float	vertical- Accuracy	Vertical accuracy in meters.
float	speedAccuracy	Speed accuracy in meters/second.
float	bearing- Accuracy	Bearing accuracy in degrees (0 to 359.999).

#### 17.1.1.2 struct qapi\_Gnss\_Data\_t

Structure for GNSS data information.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	size	Size. Set to the size of <a href="#">qapi_Gnss_Data_t</a> .
uint32_t	jammerInd	Array of jammer indication. See <a href="#">QAPI_MAX_NUMBER_OF_CONSTELLATIONS</a> .

#### 17.1.1.3 struct qapi\_Location\_Options\_t

Structure for location options.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	size	Size. Set to the size of <a href="#">qapi_Location_Options_t</a> .

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	minInterval	There are three different interpretations of this field, depending if minDistance is 0 or not: 1. Time-based tracking (minDistance = 0). minInterval is the minimum time interval in milliseconds that must elapse between final position reports. 2. Distance-based tracking (minDistance > 0). minInterval is the maximum time period in milliseconds after the minimum distance criteria has been met within which a location update must be provided. If set to 0, an ideal value will be assumed by the engine. 3. Batching. minInterval is the minimum time interval in milliseconds that must elapse between position reports.
uint32_t	minDistance	Minimum distance in meters that must be traversed between position reports. Setting this interval to 0 will be a pure time-based tracking/batching.

#### 17.1.1.4 struct qapi\_Geofence\_Option\_t

Structure for Geofence options.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	size	Size. Set to the size of <a href="#">qapi_Geofence_Option_t</a> .
qapi_Geofence_Breach_Mask_t	breachType-Mask	Bitwise OR of <a href="#">qapi_Geofence_Breach_Mask_Bits_t</a> bits.
uint32_t	responsiveness	Specifies in milliseconds the user-defined rate of detection for a Geofence breach. This may impact the time lag between the actual breach event and when it is reported. The gap between the actual breach and the time it is reported depends on the user setting. The power implication is inversely proportional to the responsiveness value set by the user. The higher the responsiveness value, the lower the power implications, and vice-versa.
uint32_t	dwelTime	Dwell time is the time in milliseconds a user spends in the Geofence before a dwell event is sent.

#### 17.1.1.5 struct qapi\_Geofence\_Info\_t

Structure for Geofence information.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	size	Size. Set to the size of <a href="#">qapi_Geofence_Info_t</a> .
double	latitude	Latitude of the center of the Geofence in degrees.
double	longitude	Longitude of the center of the Geofence in degrees.
double	radius	Radius of the Geofence in meters.

### 17.1.1.6 struct qapi\_Geofence\_Breach\_Notification\_t

Structure for Geofence breach notification.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	size	Size. Set to the size of <a href="#">qapi_Geofence_Breach_Notification_t</a> .
size_t	count	Number of IDs in the array.
uint32_t *	ids	Array of IDs that have been breached.
<a href="#">qapi_Location_t</a>	location	Location associated with a breach.
<a href="#">qapi_Geofence_Breach_t</a>	type	Type of breach.
uint64_t	timestamp	Timestamp of the breach.

### 17.1.1.7 struct qapi\_Location\_Callbacks\_t

Location callbacks requirements.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	size	Size. Set to the size of <a href="#">qapi_Location_Callbacks_t</a> .
<a href="#">qapi_Capabilities_Callback</a>	capabilitiesCb	Capabilities callback is mandatory.
<a href="#">qapi_Response_Callback</a>	responseCb	Response callback is mandatory.
<a href="#">qapi_Collective_Response_Callback</a>	collective-ResponseCb	Collective response callback is mandatory.
<a href="#">qapi_Tracking_Callback</a>	trackingCb	Tracking callback is optional.
<a href="#">qapi_Batching_Callback</a>	batchingCb	Batching callback is optional.
<a href="#">qapi_Geofence_Breach_Callback</a>	geofence-BreachCb	Geofence breach callback is optional.
<a href="#">qapi_Single_Shot_Callback</a>	singleShotCb	Single shot callback is optional.
<a href="#">qapi_Gnss_Data_Callback</a>	gnssDataCb	GNSS data callback is optional.

## 17.1.2 Typedef Documentation

### 17.1.2.1 typedef void(\* qapi\_Capabilities\_Callback)(qapi\_Location\_Capabilities\_Mask\_t capabilitiesMask)

Provides the capabilities of the system. It is called once after [qapi\\_Loc\\_Init\(\)](#) is called.

#### Parameters

in	<i>capabilitiesMask</i>	Bitwise OR of <a href="#">qapi_Location_Capabilities_Mask_Bits_t</a> .
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#### Returns

None.

### 17.1.2.2 typedef void(\* qapi\_Response\_Callback)(qapi\_Location\_Error\_t err, uint32\_t id)

Response callback, which is used by all tracking, batching and Single Shot APIs. It is called for every tracking, batching and single shot API.

#### Parameters

in	<i>err</i>	<a href="#">qapi_Location_Error_t</a> associated with the request. If this is not QAPI_LOCATION_ERROR_SUCCESS then id is not valid.
in	<i>id</i>	ID to be associated with the request.

#### Returns

None.

### 17.1.2.3 typedef void(\* qapi\_Collective\_Response\_Callback)(size\_t count, qapi\_Location\_Error\_t \*err, uint32\_t \*ids)

Collective response callback is used by Geofence APIs. It is called for every Geofence API call.

#### Parameters

in	<i>count</i>	Number of locations in arrays.
in	<i>err</i>	Array of <a href="#">qapi_Location_Error_t</a> associated with the request.
in	<i>ids</i>	Array of IDs to be associated with the request.

#### Returns

None.



#### 17.1.2.4 typedef void(\* qapi\_Tracking\_Callback)(qapi\_Location\_t location)

Tracking callback used for the [qapi\\_Loc\\_Start\\_Tracking\(\)](#) API. This is an optional function and can be NULL. It is called when delivering a location in a tracking session.

##### Parameters

in	<i>location</i>	Structure containing information related to the tracked location.
----	-----------------	---

##### Returns

None.

#### 17.1.2.5 typedef void(\* qapi\_Batching\_Callback)(size\_t count, qapi\_Location\_t \*location)

Batching callback used for the [qapi\\_Loc\\_Start\\_Batching\(\)](#) API. This is an optional function and can be NULL. It is called when delivering a location in a batching session.

##### Parameters

in	<i>count</i>	Number of locations in an array.
in	<i>location</i>	Array of location structures containing information related to the batched locations.

##### Returns

None.

#### 17.1.2.6 typedef void(\* qapi\_Geofence\_Breach\_Callback)(qapi\_Geofence\_Breach\_Notification\_t geofenceBreachNotification)

Geofence breach callback used for the [qapi\\_Loc\\_Add\\_Geofences\(\)](#) API. This is an optional function and can be NULL. It is called when any number of geofences have a state change.

##### Parameters

in	<i>geofenceBreach-Notification</i>	Breach notification information.
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##### Returns

None.

### 17.1.2.7 typedef void(\* qapi\_Single\_Shot\_Callback)(qapi\_Location\_t location, qapi\_Location\_Error\_t err)

Single shot callback used for the [qapi\\_Loc\\_Get\\_Single\\_Shot\(\)](#) API. This is an optional function and can be NULL. It is called when delivering a location in a single shot session broadcasted to all clients, no matter if a session has started by client.

#### Parameters

in	<i>location</i>	Structure containing information related to the tracked location.
in	<i>err</i>	<a href="#">qapi_Location_Error_t</a> associated with the request. This could be QAPI_LOCATION_ERROR_SUCCESS (location is valid) or QAPI_LOCATION_ERROR_TIMEOUT (a timeout occurred, location is not valid).

#### Returns

None.

### 17.1.2.8 typedef void(\* qapi\_Gnss\_Data\_Callback)(qapi\_Gnss\_Data\_t gnssData)

GNSS data callback used for the [qapi\\_Loc\\_Start\\_Get\\_Gnss\\_Data\(\)](#) API. This is an optional function and can be NULL. It is called when delivering a GNSS Data structure. The GNSS data structure contains useful information (e.g., jammer indication). This callback will be called every second.

#### Parameters

in	<i>gnssData</i>	Structure containing information related to the requested GNSS Data.
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#### Returns

None.

### 17.1.2.9 typedef uint32\_t qapi\_loc\_client\_id

Location client identifier.

## 17.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 17.1.3.1 enum qapi\_Location\_Error\_t

GNSS location error codes.

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS** Success.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_GENERAL\_FAILURE** General failure.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_CALLBACK\_MISSING** Callback is missing.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER** Invalid parameter.

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_EXISTS** ID already exists.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN** ID is unknown.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_STARTED** Already started.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED** Not initialized.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_GEOFENCES\_AT\_MAX** Maximum number of geofences reached.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED** Not supported.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_TIMEOUT** Timeout when asking single shot.

### 17.1.3.2 enum qapi\_Location\_Flags\_t

Flags to indicate which values are valid in a location.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_HAS\_LAT\_LONG\_BIT** Location has a valid latitude and longitude.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_HAS\_ALTITUDE\_BIT** Location has a valid altitude.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_HAS\_SPEED\_BIT** Location has a valid speed.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_HAS\_BEARING\_BIT** Location has a valid bearing.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_HAS\_ACCURACY\_BIT** Location has valid accuracy.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_HAS\_VERTICAL\_ACCURACY\_BIT** Location has valid vertical accuracy.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_HAS\_SPEED\_ACCURACY\_BIT** Location has valid speed accuracy.  
**QAPI\_LOCATION\_HAS\_BEARING\_ACCURACY\_BIT** Location has valid bearing accuracy.

### 17.1.3.3 enum qapi\_Geofence\_Breach\_t

Flags to indicate Geofence breach status.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_GEOFENCE\_BREACH\_ENTER** Entering Geofence breach.  
**QAPI\_GEOFENCE\_BREACH\_EXIT** Exiting Geofence breach.  
**QAPI\_GEOFENCE\_BREACH\_DWELL\_IN** Dwelling in a breached Geofence.  
**QAPI\_GEOFENCE\_BREACH\_DWELL\_OUT** Dwelling outside of a breached Geofence.  
**QAPI\_GEOFENCE\_BREACH\_UNKNOWN** Breach is unknown.

### 17.1.3.4 enum qapi\_Geofence\_Breach\_Mask\_Bits\_t

Flags to indicate Geofence breach mask bit.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_GEOFENCE\_BREACH\_ENTER\_BIT** Breach enter bit.  
**QAPI\_GEOFENCE\_BREACH\_EXIT\_BIT** Breach exit bit.  
**QAPI\_GEOFENCE\_BREACH\_DWELL\_IN\_BIT** Breach dwell in bit.  
**QAPI\_GEOFENCE\_BREACH\_DWELL\_OUT\_BIT** Breach dwell out bit.

### 17.1.3.5 enum qapi\_Location\_Capabilities\_Mask\_Bits\_t

Flags to indicate the capabilities bit.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_CAPABILITIES\_TIME\_BASED\_TRACKING\_BIT** Capabilities time-based tracking bit.

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_CAPABILITIES\_TIME\_BASED\_BATCHING\_BIT** Capabilities time-based batching bit.

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_CAPABILITIES\_DISTANCE\_BASED\_TRACKING\_BIT** Capabilities distance-based tracking bit.

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_CAPABILITIES\_DISTANCE\_BASED\_BATCHING\_BIT** Capabilities distance-based batching bit.

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_CAPABILITIES\_GEOFENCE\_BIT** Capabilities Geofence bit.

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_CAPABILITIES\_GNSS\_DATA\_BIT** Capabilities Geofence bit.

**17.1.3.6 enum qapi\_Gnss\_Sv\_t**

Flags to indicate the constellation type.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_GNSS\_SV\_TYPE\_UNKNOWN** Unknown.

**QAPI\_GNSS\_SV\_TYPE\_GPS** GPS.

**QAPI\_GNSS\_SV\_TYPE\_SBAS** SBAS.

**QAPI\_GNSS\_SV\_TYPE\_GLONASS** GLONASS.

**QAPI\_GNSS\_SV\_TYPE\_QZSS** QZSS.

**QAPI\_GNSS\_SV\_TYPE\_BEIDOU** BEIDOU.

**QAPI\_GNSS\_SV\_TYPE\_GALILEO** GALILEO.

**QAPI\_MAX\_NUMBER\_OF\_CONSTELLATIONS** Maximum number of constellations.

**17.1.4 Function Documentation****17.1.4.1 qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Init ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id \* pClientId, const qapi\_Location\_Callbacks\_t \* pCallbacks )**

Initializes a location session and registers the callbacks.

**Parameters**

out	<i>pClientId</i>	Pointer to client ID type, where the unique identifier for this location client is returned.
in	<i>pCallbacks</i>	Pointer to the structure with the callback functions to be registered.

**Returns**

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS** – The operation was successful.

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_CALLBACK\_MISSING** – One of the mandatory callback functions is missing.

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_GENERAL\_FAILURE** – There is an internal error.

**QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_STARTED** – A location session has already been initialized.

**17.1.4.2 qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Deinit ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id *clientId* )**

De-initializes a location session.

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client to be deinitialized.
----	-----------------	--

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

**17.1.4.3 qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Set\_User\_Buffer ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id *clientId*, uint8\_t \* *pUserBuffer*, size\_t *bufferSize* )**

Sets the user buffer to be used for sending back callback data.

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client ID for which user buffer is to be set
in	<i>pUserBuffer</i>	User memory buffer to hold information passed in callbacks. Note that since buffer is shared by all the callbacks this has to be consumed at the user side before it can be used by another callback to avoid any potential race condition.
in	<i>bufferSize</i>	Size of user memory buffer to hold information passed in callbacks. This size should be large enough to accomodate the largest data size passed in a callback.

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_GENERAL\_FAILURE – There is an internal error.

**17.1.4.4 qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Start\_Tracking ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id *clientId*, const qapi\_Location\_Options\_t \* *pOptions*, uint32\_t \* *pSessionId* )**

Starts a tracking session, which returns a session ID that will be used by the other tracking APIs and in the response callback to match the command with a response. Locations are reported on the tracking callback passed in [qapi\\_Loc\\_Init\(\)](#) periodically according to the location options. responseCb returns:

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if session was successfully started.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_STARTED if a qapi\_Loc\_Start\_Tracking session is already in progress. QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_CALLBACK\_MISSING if no trackingCb was passed in

[qapi\\_Loc\\_Init\(\)](#). QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER if pOptions parameter is invalid.

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>pOptions</i>	Pointer to a structure containing the options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>minInterval</b> – There are two different interpretations of this field, depending if <b>minDistance</b> is 0 or not: 1. Time-based tracking (<b>minDistance</b> = 0). <b>minInterval</b> is the minimum time interval in milliseconds that must elapse between final position reports. 2. Distance-based tracking (<b>minDistance</b> &gt; 0). <b>minInterval</b> is the maximum time period in milliseconds after the minimum distance criteria has been met within which a location update must be provided. If set to 0, an ideal value will be assumed by the engine.</li> <li>• <b>minDistance</b> – Minimum distance in meters that must be traversed between position reports. Setting this interval to 0 will be a pure time-based tracking.</li> </ul>
out	<i>pSessionId</i>	Pointer to the session ID to be returned.

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.5 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Stop\_Tracking ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id *clientId*, uint32\_t *sessionId* )**

Stops a tracking session associated with the id parameter. responseCb returns:

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if successful. QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN if *clientId* is not associated with a tracking session.

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>sessionId</i>	ID of the session to be stopped.

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.6 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Update\_Tracking\_Options ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id *clientId*, uint32\_t *sessionId*, const qapi\_Location\_Options\_t \* *pOptions* )**

Changes the location options of a tracking session associated with the id parameter. responseCb returns:

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER if *pOptions* parameter is invalid.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN if *clientId* is not associated with a tracking session.

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>sessionId</i>	ID of the session to be changed.
in	<i>pOptions</i>	Pointer to a structure containing the options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>minInterval</i> – There are two different interpretations of this field, depending if <i>minDistance</i> is 0 or not: 1. Time-based tracking (<i>minDistance</i> = 0). <i>minInterval</i> is the minimum time interval in milliseconds that must elapse between final position reports. 2. Distance-based tracking (<i>minDistance</i> &gt; 0). <i>minInterval</i> is the maximum time period in milliseconds after the minimum distance criteria has been met within which a location update must be provided. If set to 0, an ideal value will be assumed by the engine.</li> <li>• <i>minDistance</i> – Minimum distance in meters that must be traversed between position reports. Setting this interval to 0 will be a pure time-based tracking.</li> </ul>

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.7 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Start\_Batching ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id *clientId*, const qapi\_Location\_Options\_t \* *pOptions*, uint32\_t \* *pSessionId* )**

Starts a batching session, which returns a session ID that will be used by the other batching APIs and in the response callback to match the command with a response.

Locations are reported on the batching callback passed in [qapi\\_Loc\\_Init\(\)](#) periodically according to the location options. A batching session starts tracking on the low power processor and delivers them in batches by the batching callback when the batch is full or when [qapi\\_Loc\\_Get\\_Batched\\_Locations\(\)](#) is called. This allows for the processor that calls this API to sleep when the low power processor can batch locations in the background and wake up the processor calling the API only when the batch is full, thus saving power.

responseCb returns: QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if session was successfully started.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_STARTED if a qapi\_Loc\_Start\_Batching session is already in progress.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_CALLBACK\_MISSING if no batchingCb was passed in

[qapi\\_Loc\\_Init\(\)](#). QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER if pOptions parameter is invalid.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED if batching is not supported.

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>pOptions</i>	Pointer to a structure containing the options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>minInterval</i> – <i>minInterval</i> is the minimum time interval in milliseconds that must elapse between position reports.</li> <li>• <i>minDistance</i> – Minimum distance in meters that must be traversed between position reports.</li> </ul>
out	<i>pSessionId</i>	Pointer to the session ID to be returned.

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.8 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Stop\_Batching ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id *clientId*, uint32\_t *sessionId* )**

Stops a batching session associated with the id parameter. responseCb returns:

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if successful. QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN if *clientId* is not associated with a batching session.

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>sessionId</i>	ID of the session to be stopped.

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.9 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Update\_Batching\_Options ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id *clientId*, uint32\_t *sessionId*, const qapi\_Location\_Options\_t \* *pOptions* )**

Changes the location options of a batching session associated with the id parameter. responseCb returns:

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER if *pOptions* parameter is invalid.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN if *clientId* is not associated with a batching session.

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>sessionId</i>	ID of the session to be changed.
in	<i>pOptions</i>	Pointer to a structure containing the options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>minInterval</i> – <i>minInterval</i> is the minimum time interval in milliseconds that must elapse between position reports.</li> <li>• <i>minDistance</i> – Minimum distance in meters that must be traversed between position reports.</li> </ul>

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.



#### 17.1.4.10 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Get\_Batched\_Locations ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id clientId, uint32\_t sessionId, size\_t count )**

Gets a number of locations that are currently stored or batched on the low power processor, delivered by the batching callback passed to [qapi\\_Loc\\_Init\(\)](#). Locations are then deleted from the batch stored on the low power processor. responseCb returns: QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if successful, will be followed by batchingCallback call. QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_CALLBACK\_MISSING if no batchingCb was passed in [qapi\\_Loc\\_Init\(\)](#). QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN if clientId is not associated with a batching session.

##### Parameters

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>sessionId</i>	ID of the session for which the number of locations is requested.
in	<i>count</i>	Number of requested locations. The client can set this to MAXINT to get all the batched locations. If set to 0 no location will be present in the callback function.

##### Returns

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.11 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Add\_Geofences ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id clientId, size\_t count, const qapi\_Geofence\_Option\_t \* pOptions, const qapi\_Geofence\_Info\_t \* pInfo, uint32\_t \*\* pldArray )**

Adds a specified number of Geofences and returns an array of Geofence IDs that will be used by the other Geofence APIs, as well as in the collective response callback to match the command with a response. The Geofence breach callback delivers the status of each Geofence according to the Geofence options for each. collectiveResponseCb returns: QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if session was successful  
QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_CALLBACK\_MISSING if no geofenceBreachCb  
QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER if any parameters are invalid  
QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED if geofence is not supported.

##### Parameters

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>count</i>	Number of Geofences to be added.
in	<i>pOptions</i>	Array of structures containing the options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• breachTypeMask – Bitwise OR of GeofenceBreachTypeMask bits</li> <li>• responsiveness in milliseconds</li> <li>• dwellTime in seconds</li> </ul>
in	<i>pInfo</i>	Array of structures containing the data: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Latitude of the center of the Geofence in degrees</li> <li>• Longitude of the center of the Geofence in degrees</li> <li>• Radius of the Geofence in meters</li> </ul>

out	<i>pIdArray</i>	Array of IDs of Geofences to be returned.
-----	-----------------	---

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.12 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Remove\_Geofences ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id clientId, size\_t count, const uint32\_t \* pIDs )**

Removes a specified number of Geofences. collectiveResponseCb returns:

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if session was successful

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN if clientId is not associated with a geofence session.

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>count</i>	Number of Geofences to be removed.
in	<i>pIDs</i>	Array of IDs of the Geofences to be removed.

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.13 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Modify\_Geofences ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id clientId, size\_t count, const uint32\_t \* pIDs, const qapi\_Geofence\_Option\_t \* options )**

Modifies a specified number of Geofences. collectiveResponseCb returns:

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if session was successful

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN if clientId is not associated with a geofence session.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER if any parameters are invalid.

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>count</i>	Number of Geofences to be modified.
in	<i>pIDs</i>	Array of IDs of the Geofences to be modified.
in	<i>options</i>	Array of structures containing the options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• breachTypeMask – Bitwise OR of GeofenceBreachTypeMask bits</li> <li>• responsiveness in milliseconds</li> <li>• dwellTime in seconds</li> </ul>

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.14 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Pause\_Geofences ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id clientId, size\_t count, const uint32\_t \* pIDs )**

Pauses a specified number of Geofences, which is similar to [qapi\\_Loc\\_Remove\\_Geofences\(\)](#) except that they can be resumed at any time. collectiveResponseCb returns: QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if session was successful QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN if clientId is not associated with a geofence session.

##### Parameters

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>count</i>	Number of Geofences to be paused.
in	<i>pIDs</i>	Array of IDs of the Geofences to be paused.

##### Returns

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.15 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Resume\_Geofences ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id clientId, size\_t count, const uint32\_t \* pIDs )**

Resumes a specified number of Geofences that are paused. collectiveResponseCb returns: QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if session was successful QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN if clientId is not associated with a geofence session.

##### Parameters

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>count</i>	Number of Geofences to be resumed.
in	<i>pIDs</i>	Array of IDs of the Geofences to be resumed.

##### Returns

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.16 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Get\_Single\_Shot ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id clientId, qapi\_Location\_Power\_Level\_t powerLevel, uint32\_t \* pSessionId )**

Attempts a single location fix. It returns a session ID that will be used by [qapi\\_Loc\\_Cancel\\_Single\\_Shot](#) API and in the response callback to match the command with a response. responseCb returns: QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if session was successfully started. QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_CALLBACK\_MISSING if no singleShotCb passed in [qapi\\_Loc\\_Init\(\)](#). QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER if anyparameter is invalid. If responseCb reports LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCESS, then the following is what can happen to end the single shot session: 1) A

location will be reported on the singleShotCb. 2) QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_TIMEOUT will be reported on the singleShotCb. 3) The single shot session is canceled using the qapi\_Loc\_Cancel\_Single\_Shot API. In either of these cases, the session is considered complete and the session id will no longer be valid.

#### Parameters

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>powerLevel</i>	Indicates what available technologies to use to compute the location.
out	<i>pSessionId</i>	Pointer to the session ID to be returned.

#### Returns

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.17 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Cancel\_Single\_Shot ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id clientId, uint32\_t sessionId )**

Cancels a single shot session. responseCb returns: QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if successful. QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN if clientId is not associated with a single shot session.

#### Parameters

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>sessionId</i>	ID of the single shot session to be cancelled.

#### Returns

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.18 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Start\_Get\_Gnss\_Data ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id clientId, uint32\_t \* pSessionId )**

Starts a Get GNSS data session, which returns a session ID that will be used by the [qapi\\_Loc\\_Stop\\_Get\\_Gnss\\_Data\(\)](#) API and in the response callback to match the command with a response. GNSS data is reported on the GNSS data callback passed in [qapi\\_Loc\\_Init\(\)](#) periodically (every second until [qapi\\_Loc\\_Stop\\_Get\\_Gnss\\_Data\(\)](#) is called).

responseCb returns:

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if session was successfully started.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ALREADY\_STARTED if a [qapi\\_Loc\\_Start\\_Get\\_Gnss\\_Data\(\)](#) session is already in progress.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_CALLBACK\_MISSING if no gnssDataCb was passed in [qapi\\_Loc\\_Init\(\)](#).

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
out	<i>pSessionId</i>	Pointer to the session ID to be returned.

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

#### 17.1.4.19 **qapi\_Location\_Error\_t qapi\_Loc\_Stop\_Get\_Gnss\_Data ( qapi\_loc\_client\_id clientId, uint32\_t sessionId )**

Stops a Get GNSS data session associated with the ID parameter.

responseCb returns:

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS if successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_ID\_UNKNOWN if clientId is not associated with a Get GNSS data session.

**Parameters**

in	<i>clientId</i>	Client identifier for the location client.
in	<i>sessionId</i>	ID of the session to be stopped.

**Returns**

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_SUCCESS – The operation was successful.

QAPI\_LOCATION\_ERROR\_NOT\_INITIALIZED – No location session has been initialized.

# 18 Timer and Battery Modules

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This chapter describes the timer and battery data types and APIs.

- [Timer APIs](#)
- [PMIC RTC APIs](#)
- [PMIC Battery Status Information](#)

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## 18.1 Timer APIs

This interface implements Advanced Time Services (ATS) timer services. This timer service is different than the RTOS timer service. This timer service will be available in SOM mode.

**Note:** These routines are fully re-entrant. In order to prevent memory leaks, whenever timer usage is done, the timer should be undefined using the `qapi_Timer_Undef()` API. Timer callbacks should do minimal processing. Time callbacks implementation should not contain any mutex or RPC.

```
* The code snippet below demonstrates usage of timer interface. In the
* example below, a client defines a timer, sets a timer, stops the timer,
* and undefines a timer.
* For brevity, the sequence assumes that all calls succeed.
```

```
qapi_TIMER_handle_t timer_handle;

qapi_TIMER_def_attr_t timer_def_attr;
timer_def_attr.cb_type = TIMER_FUNC1_CB_TYPE; //notification type
timer_def_attr.sigs_func_ptr = &timer_test_cb; //callback to call when
//the timer expires
timer_def_attr.sigs_mask_data = 0x1; //this data will be returned in
//the callback
timer_def_attr.deferrable = false; //set to true for nondeferrable timer

//define the timer. Note: This call allocates memory and hence
//qapi_Timer_Undef() should be called whenever the timer usage is done.
qapi_Timer_def( &timer_handle, &timer_def_attr);

qapi_TIMER_set_attr_t timer_set_attr;
timer_set_attr.reload = reload_duration; //Timer would expire after every
//reload_duration value.
timer_set_attr.time = time_duration;
timer_set_attr.unit = T_MSEC;

//set or start the timer
qapi_Timer_set( timer_handle, &timer_set_attr);

//stop a running timer
qapi_Timer_stop( timer_handle);

//Undef the timer. Releases memory allocated in qapi_Timer_Def()
qapi_Timer_undef( timer_handle);
```

### 18.1.1 Data Structure Documentation

#### 18.1.1.1 struct qapi\_TIMER\_define\_attr\_t

Timer define attribute type.

This type is used to specify parameters when defining a timer.

```
* sigs_func_ptr will depend on the value of qapi_TIMER_notify_t.
* qapi_TIMER_notify_t == QAPI_TIMER_NO_NOTIFY_TYPE,
* sigs_func_ptr = Don't care
*
* qapi_TIMER_notify_t == QAPI_TIMER_NATIVE_OS_SIGNAL_TYPE,
* sigs_func_ptr = qurt signal object
*
* qapi_TIMER_notify_t == QAPI_TIMER_FUNC1_CB_TYPE,
* sigs_func_ptr == specify a callback of type qapi_TIMER_cb_t
```

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
qbool_t	deferrable	FALSE = deferrable.
<a href="#">qapi_TIMER_notify_t</a>	cb_type	Type of notification to receive.
void *	sigs_func_ptr	Specify the signal object or callback function.
uint32_t	sigs_mask_data	Specify the signal mask or callback data.

**18.1.1.2 struct qapi\_TIMER\_get\_cbinfo\_t**

Type used to get a user space expired timer's callback information.

This type is used to get a user space expired timer's callback information.

\* data = Specify the callback data for func\_ptr,  
 \* func\_ptr = function pointer needs to be invoked.  
 \*

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
void *	func_ptr	Specify the callback function.
uint32_t	data	Specify the callback data.

**18.1.1.3 struct qapi\_TIMER\_set\_attr\_t**

Type used to specify parameters when starting a timer.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint64_t	time	Timer duration.
uint64_t	reload	Reload duration.
<a href="#">qapi_TIMER_unit_type</a>	unit	Specify units for timer duration.

**18.1.1.4 struct qapi\_TIMER\_get\_info\_attr\_t**

Type used to get information for a given timer.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
<a href="#">qapi_TIMER_info_type</a>	timer_info	Timer information type.
<a href="#">qapi_TIMER_unit_type</a>	unit	Specify units to use for return.



### 18.1.1.5 struct qapi\_time\_julian\_type

Time in Julian format.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16_t	year	Year (1980 through 2100).
uint16_t	month	Month of the year (1 through 12).
uint16_t	day	Day of the month (1 through 31).
uint16_t	hour	Hour of the day (0 through 23).
uint16_t	minute	Minute of the hour (0 through 59).
uint16_t	second	Second of the minute (0 through 59).
uint16_t	day_of_week	Day of the week (0 through 6 or Monday through Sunday).

### 18.1.1.6 union qapi\_time\_get\_t

Used to specify parameters when getting the time.

```
* Pointers depend on the value of qapi_time_unit_type.
* qapi_time_unit_type == QAPI_TIME_STAMP,
* time_ts = Of type qapi_time_type
*
* qapi_time_unit_type == QAPI_TIME_MSECS,
* time_msecs = Of type uint64_t
*
* qapi_time_unit_type == QAPI_TIME_SECS,
* time_secs = Of type uint64_t
*
* qapi_time_unit_type == QAPI_TIME_JULIAN,
* time_julian = Of type qapi_time_julian_type
```

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_time_type	time_ts	Specify the qapi_time_type variable pointer.
uint64_t	time_msecs	Variable for getting time in msec.
uint64_t	time_secs	Variable for getting time in sec.
<a href="#">qapi_time_julian_type</a>	time_julian	Variable for getting time in Julian.

## 18.1.2 Typedef Documentation

### 18.1.2.1 typedef void\* qapi\_TIMER\_handle\_t

Timer handle.

Handle provided by the timer module to the client. Clients must pass this handle as a token with subsequent timer calls. Note that the clients should cache the handle. Once lost, it cannot be queried back from the module.

**18.1.2.2 typedef void(\* qapi\_TIMER\_cb\_t)(uint32\_t data)**

Timer callback type.

Timer callbacks should adhere to this signature.

**18.1.2.3 typedef unsigned long qapi\_qword[2]**

Time type.

Native timestamp type.

**18.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation****18.1.3.1 enum qapi\_TIMER\_notify\_t**

Timer notification type.

Enumeration of the notifications available on timer expiry.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_TIMER\_NO\_NOTIFY\_TYPE** No notification.

**QAPI\_TIMER\_NATIVE\_OS\_SIGNAL\_TYPE** Signal an object.

**QAPI\_TIMER\_FUNC1\_CB\_TYPE** Call back a function.

**18.1.3.2 enum qapi\_TIMER\_unit\_type**

Timer unit type.

Enumeration of the units in which timer duration can be specified.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_TIMER\_UNIT\_TICK** Return time in ticks.

**QAPI\_TIMER\_UNIT\_USEC** Return time in microseconds.

**QAPI\_TIMER\_UNIT\_MSEC** Return time in milliseconds.

**QAPI\_TIMER\_UNIT\_SEC** Return time in seconds.

**QAPI\_TIMER\_UNIT\_MIN** Return time in minutes.

**QAPI\_TIMER\_UNIT\_HOUR** Return time in hours.

**18.1.3.3 enum qapi\_TIMER\_info\_type**

Timer information type.

Enumeration of the types of information that can be obtained for a timer.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_TIMER\_TIMER\_INFO\_ABS\_EXPIRY** Return the timetick of timer expiry in native ticks.

**QAPI\_TIMER\_TIMER\_INFO\_TIMER\_DURATION** Return the total duration of the timer in specified units.

**QAPI\_TIMER\_TIMER\_INFO\_TIMER\_REMAINING** Return the remaining duration of the timer in

specified units.

### 18.1.3.4 enum qapi\_time\_unit\_type

Time unit type.

Enumeration of the types of time that can be obtained from time get QAPI.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_TIME\_STAMP** Return the time in timestamp format.

**QAPI\_TIME\_MSECS** Return the time in millisecond format.

**QAPI\_TIME\_SECS** Return the time in second format.

**QAPI\_TIME\_JULIAN** Return the time in Julian calendar format.

## 18.1.4 Function Documentation

### 18.1.4.1 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_time\_get ( qapi\_time\_unit\_type *time\_get\_unit*, qapi\_time\_get\_t \* *time* )

Gets the time in the specified format.

Parameters

in	<i>time_get_unit</i>	Unit in which to get the time.
in	<i>time</i>	Pointer to the <a href="#">qapi_time_get_t</a> variable.

Returns

QAPI\_OK on success, an error code on failure.

### 18.1.4.2 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Timer\_Def ( qapi\_TIMER\_handle\_t \* *timer\_handle*, qapi\_TIMER\_define\_attr\_t \* *timer\_attr* )

Allocates internal memory in the timer module. The internal memory is then formatted with parameters provided in the timer\_def\_attr variable. The timer\_handle is returned to the client, and this handle must be used for any subsequent timer operations.

Parameters

in	<i>timer_handle</i>	Handle to the timer.
in	<i>timer_attr</i>	Attributes for defining the timer.

Returns

QAPI\_OK on success, an error code on failure.

Side effects

Calling this API causes memory allocation. Therefore, whenever the timer usage is done and not

required, [qapi\\_Timer\\_Undef\(\)](#) must be called to release the memory, otherwise it will cause a memory leak.

#### 18.1.4.3 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Timer\_Set ( qapi\_TIMER\_handle\_t *timer\_handle*, qapi\_TIMER\_set\_attr\_t \* *timer\_attr* )**

Starts the timer with the duration specified in *timer\_attr*. If the timer is specified as a reload timer in *timer\_attr*, the timer will restart after its expiry.

##### Parameters

in	<i>timer_handle</i>	Handle to the timer.
in	<i>timer_attr</i>	Attributes for setting the timer.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success, an error code on failure.

##### Dependencies

The [qapi\\_Timer\\_Def\(\)](#) API should be called for the timer before calling *qapi\_Timer\_Set* function.

#### 18.1.4.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Timer\_Get\_Timer\_Info ( qapi\_TIMER\_handle\_t *timer\_handle*, qapi\_TIMER\_get\_info\_attr\_t \* *timer\_info*, uint64\_t \* *data* )**

Gets specified information about the timer.

##### Parameters

in	<i>timer_handle</i>	Handle to the timer.
out	<i>timer_info</i>	Type of information needed from the timer.
out	<i>data</i>	Returned timer information.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success, an error code is returned on failure.

#### 18.1.4.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Timer\_Sleep ( uint64\_t *timeout*, qapi\_TIMER\_unit\_type *unit*, qbool\_t *non\_deferrable* )**

Timed wait. Blocks a thread for a specified time.

**Parameters**

in	<i>timeout</i>	Specify the duration to block the thread.
in	<i>unit</i>	Specify the units of the duration.
in	<i>non_deferrable</i>	TRUE = processor (if in deep sleep or power collapse) will be awakened on timeout. FALSE = processor will not be awakened from deep sleep or power collapse on timeout. Whenever the processor wakes up due to some other reason after timeout, the thread will be unblocked.

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success, an error code on failure.

**18.1.4.6 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Timer\_Undef ( qapi\_TIMER\_handle\_t timer\_handle )**

Undefines the timer. This API must be called whenever timer usage is done. Calling this API releases the internal timer memory that was allocated when the timer was defined.

**Parameters**

in	<i>timer_handle</i>	Timer handle for which to undefine the timer.
----	---------------------	---

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success, an error code on failure

**18.1.4.7 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Timer\_Stop ( qapi\_TIMER\_handle\_t timer\_handle )**

Stops the timer.

**Note:** This function does not deallocate the memory that was allocated when the timer was defined.

**Parameters**

in	<i>timer_handle</i>	Timer handle for which to stop the timer.
----	---------------------	---

**Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success, an error code on failure.

## 18.2 PMIC RTC APIs

This module provides the definitions to configure the real-time clock (RTC) alarm peripheral in the power management IC (PMIC).

### 18.2.1 Data Structure Documentation

#### 18.2.1.1 struct qapi\_PM\_Rtc\_Julian\_Type\_t

PMIC's version of the Julian time structure.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16_t	year	Year [1980 to 2100].
uint16_t	month	Month of the year [1 to 12].
uint16_t	day	Day of the month [1 to 31].
uint16_t	hour	Hour of the day [0 to 23].
uint16_t	minute	Minute of the hour [0 to 59].
uint16_t	second	Second of the minute [0 to 59].
uint16_t	day_of_week	Day of the week [0 to 6]; Monday through Sunday.

### 18.2.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 18.2.2.1 enum qapi\_PM\_Rtc\_Cmd\_Type\_t

Real-time clock command type.

##### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_PM\_RTC\_SET\_CMD\_E** Set command.

**QAPI\_PM\_RTC\_GET\_CMD\_E** Get command.

#### 18.2.2.2 enum qapi\_PM\_Rtc\_Display\_Type\_t

Real-time clock display mode type.

##### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_PM\_RTC\_12HR\_MODE\_E** 12 hour display mode.

**QAPI\_PM\_RTC\_24HR\_MODE\_E** 24 hour display mode.

#### 18.2.2.3 enum qapi\_PM\_Rtc\_Alarm\_Type\_t

RTC alarms.

##### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_PM\_RTC\_ALARM\_1\_E** Alarm 1.

**QAPI\_PM\_RTC\_ALL\_ALARMS\_E** Refers collectively to all supported alarms.

## 18.2.3 Function Documentation

### 18.2.3.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_PM_Rtc_Init ( void )`

Initializes the RTC after a power reset.

#### Returns

Possible values (see [qapi\\_Status\\_t](#)):

- QAPI\_OK – Operation succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED – Feature is not supported.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Any other errors.

### 18.2.3.2 `qapi_Status_t qapi_PM_Set_Rtc_Display_Mode ( qapi_PM_Rtc_Display_Type_t mode )`

Configures the real time clock display mode (24 or 12 hour mode). The RTC defaults to 24 hr mode on phone power up and remains so until it is set to 12 hr mode explicitly using [qapi\\_PM\\_Set\\_Rtc\\_Display\\_Mode\(\)](#).

#### Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>mode</i>	New RTC time display mode to be used. Valid values (see <a href="#">qapi_PM_Rtc_Display_Type_t</a> ): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• QAPI_PM_RTC_12HR_MODE_E</li> <li>• QAPI_PM_RTC_24HR_MODE_E</li> </ul>
-----------	-------------	--

#### Returns

Possible values (see [qapi\\_Status\\_t](#)):

- QAPI\_OK – Operation succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED – Feature is not supported.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Any other errors.

### 18.2.3.3 `qapi_Status_t qapi_PM_Rtc_Read_Cmd ( qapi_PM_Rtc_Julian_Type_t * qapi_current_time_ptr )`

Reads the time and date from the PMIC RTC. The time/date format must be in 24 or 12 hr mode depending on in which mode the RTC was initialized. See the description of [qapi\\_PM\\_Set\\_Rtc\\_Display\\_Mode\(\)](#) for details.

24 hr and 12 hr mode displays are:

24 HR – 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

12 HR – 12 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 32 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

**Parameters**

in	<i>qapi_current_time_ptr</i>	Depending on the command, this function will use the <a href="#">qapi_PM_Rtc_Julian_Type_t</a> pointer to update or return the current time in the RTC.
----	------------------------------	---

**Note**

day\_of\_week is not required for setting the current time, but it returns the correct information when retrieving time from the RTC.

**Returns**

Possible values (see [qapi\\_Status\\_t](#)):

- QAPI\_OK – Operation succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Any other errors.

#### 18.2.3.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_PM\_Rtc\_Alarm\_RW\_Cmd ( qapi\_PM\_Rtc\_Cmd\_Type\_t cmd, qapi\_PM\_Rtc\_Alarm\_Type\_t what\_alarm, qapi\_PM\_Rtc\_Julian\_Type\_t \* qapi\_alarm\_time\_ptr )**

Reads/writes the time and date from/to the PMIC RTC. The time/date format must be in 24 or 12 hr mode depending on in which mode the RTC was initialized. See the description of [qapi\\_PM\\_Set\\_Rtc\\_Display\\_Mode\(\)](#) for details.

24 hr and 12 hr mode displays are:

24 HR – 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

12 HR – 12 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 32 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

**Parameters**

in	<i>cmd</i>	Indicates whether to set or get the current time in the RTC. Valid values (see <a href="#">qapi_PM_Rtc_Cmd_Type_t</a> ): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• QAPI_PM_RTC_SET_CMD_E</li> <li>• QAPI_PM_RTC_GET_CMD_E</li> </ul>
in	<i>what_alarm</i>	Alarm type. See <a href="#">qapi_PM_Rtc_Alarm_Type_t</a> .
in	<i>qapi_alarm_time_ptr</i>	Depending on the command, this function will use the structure <a href="#">qapi_PM_Rtc_Julian_Type_t</a> pointer to update or return the alarm time in the RTC.

**Note**

day\_of\_week is not required for setting the current time, but it returns the correct information when retrieving time from the RTC.

**Returns**

Possible values (see [qapi\\_Status\\_t](#)):



- QAPI\_OK – Operation succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Any other errors.

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## 18.3 PMIC Battery Status Information

This module provides the definitions to get the battery status information.

### 18.3.1 Define Documentation

**18.3.1.1** `#define __QAPI_ERROR_PMIC( x ) ((qapi_Status_t)(__QAPI_ERROR(QAPI-  
_MOD_BSP_PMIC, x)))`

Error macros defined for QAPI errors.

**18.3.1.2** `#define QAPI_ERR_BATT_ABSENT __QAPI_ERROR_PMIC(1)`

Error macro for battery absent.

### 18.3.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

**18.3.2.1** `enum qapi_PM_Battery_Technology_t`

PMIC battery technology.

Enumerator:

`QAPI_PMIC_BAT_TECH_LI_ION_E` Li-Ion battery.  
`QAPI_PMIC_BAT_TECH_LI_POLYMER_E` Li-Polymer battery.

**18.3.2.2** `enum qapi_PM_Smb_Presence_t`

PMIC SMB presence.

Enumerator:

`QAPI_SMB_ABSENT_E` SMB is present.  
`QAPI_SMB_PRESENT_E` SMB is absent.

**18.3.2.3** `enum qapi_PM_Battery_Temperature_t`

Battery temperature.

Enumerator:

`QAPI_BAT_COLD_E` Battery is cold.  
`QAPI_BAT_HOT_E` Battery is hot.  
`QAPI_BAT_GOOD_E` Battery temperature is good.

**18.3.2.4** `enum qapi_PM_Battery_Health_t`

Battery health.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_BAT\_OV\_E** Battery is over voltage.  
**QAPI\_BAT\_UV\_E** Battery is under voltage.  
**QAPI\_BAT\_MISSING\_E** Battery is missing.  
**QAPI\_BAT\_GOOD\_HEALTH\_E** Battery health is good.

**18.3.2.5 enum qapi\_PM\_Battery\_Chg\_Status\_t**

Battery chargin status.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_BAT\_DISCHARGING\_E** Battery is discharging.  
**QAPI\_BAT\_CHARGING\_E** Battery is charging.

**18.3.2.6 enum qapi\_PM\_Battery\_Chg\_Src\_t**

Battery charger source.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_USB\_CDP\_E** Charger type is USB\_CDP.  
**QAPI\_USB\_DCP\_E** Charger type is USB\_DCP.  
**QAPI\_USB\_SDP\_E** Charger type is USB\_SDP.  
**QAPI\_CHG\_ABSENT\_E** Charger is absent.

**18.3.3 Function Documentation****18.3.3.1 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Pmapp\_Vbatt\_Get\_Battery\_Status ( uint8\_t \* *qapi\_batt\_status* )**

Gets the battery charge percentage.

**Parameters**

out	<i>qapi_batt_status</i>	Buffer from which to get the battery charge percentage.
-----	-------------------------	---

**Returns**

See qapi\_Status\_t. Possible values:

- QAPI\_OK – Operation succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED – Feature is not supported.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Other errors.

### 18.3.3.2 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Pmapp\_Vbatt\_Get\_Battery\_Health ( qapi\_PM\_Battery\_Health\_t \* *qapi\_batt\_health* )**

Gets the battery health.

#### Parameters

out	<i>qapi_batt_health</i>	Buffer from which to get the battery health.
-----	-------------------------	--

#### Returns

See qapi\_Status\_t. Possible values:

- QAPI\_OK – Operation succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED – Feature is not supported.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Other errors.

### 18.3.3.3 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Pmapp\_Vbatt\_Get\_Battery\_Temperature ( qapi\_PM\_Battery\_Temperature\_t \* *qapi\_batt\_temp* )**

Gets the battery temperature.

#### Parameters

out	<i>qapi_batt_temp</i>	Buffer from which to get the battery temperature.
-----	-----------------------	---

#### Returns

See qapi\_Status\_t. Possible values:

- QAPI\_OK – Operation succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED – Feature is not supported.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Other errors.

### 18.3.3.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Pmapp\_Vbatt\_Get\_Battery\_Technology ( qapi\_PM\_Battery\_Technology\_t \* *qapi\_batt\_tech* )**

Gets the battery technology.

#### Parameters

out	<i>qapi_batt_tech</i>	Buffer from which to get the battery technology.
-----	-----------------------	--

#### Returns

See qapi\_Status\_t. Possible values:

- QAPI\_OK – Operation succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED – Feature is not supported.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Other errors.

### 18.3.3.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Pmapp\_Vbatt\_Get\_Battery\_Charge\_Status ( qapi\_PM\_Battery\_Chg\_Status\_t \* *qapi\_charge\_status* )**

Gets the battery charging status.

#### Parameters

out	<i>qapi_charge_status</i>	Buffer from which to get the battery charging status.
-----	---------------------------	---

#### Returns

See qapi\_Status\_t. Possible values:

- QAPI\_OK – Operation succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED – Feature is not supported.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Other errors.

### 18.3.3.6 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Pmapp\_Vbatt\_Get\_Battery\_Charger\_Source ( qapi\_PM\_Battery\_Chg\_Src\_t \* *qapi\_charger\_source* )**

Gets the charger type.

#### Parameters

out	<i>qapi_charger_source</i>	Buffer from which to get the battery charge source type, i.e., the charger type.
-----	----------------------------	--

#### Returns

See qapi\_Status\_t. Possible values:

- QAPI\_OK – Operation succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameter.
- QAPI\_ERR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED – Feature is not supported.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Other errors.

# 19 Hardware Engine APIs

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This chapter describes the ADC and TSENS data types and APIs.

- [ADC Data Types](#)
- [ADC APIs](#)
- [TSENS Data Types](#)
- [TSENS APIs](#)

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## 19.1 ADC Data Types

### 19.1.1 Define Documentation

#### 19.1.1.1 #define ADC\_INPUT\_BATT\_ID "BATT\_ID"

Physical units are in millivolts.

#### 19.1.1.2 #define ADC\_INPUT\_PA\_THERM "PA\_THERM"

Physical units are in degrees C.

#### 19.1.1.3 #define ADC\_INPUT\_PA\_THERM1 "PA\_THERM1"

Physical units are in degrees C.

#### 19.1.1.4 #define ADC\_INPUT\_PMIC\_THERM "PMIC\_THERM"

Physical units are in 0.001 gradients of degrees C.

#### 19.1.1.5 #define ADC\_INPUT\_VBATT "VBATT"

Physical units are in millivolts.

#### 19.1.1.6 #define ADC\_INPUT\_VPH\_PWR "VPH\_PWR"

Physical units are in millivolts.

#### 19.1.1.7 #define ADC\_INPUT\_XO\_THERM "XO\_THERM"

Physical units are in  $2^{-10}$  degrees C.

#### 19.1.1.8 #define ADC\_INPUT\_XO\_THERM\_GPS "XO\_THERM\_GPS"

Physical units are in  $2^{-10}$  degrees C.

### 19.1.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 19.1.2.1 struct qapi\_ADC\_Read\_Result\_t

ADC read results.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
unsigned int	eStatus	Status of the conversion.
uint32_t	nToken	Token that identifies the conversion.
uint32_t	nDeviceIdx	Device index for the conversion.
uint32_t	nChannelIdx	Channel index for the conversion.
int32_t	nPhysical	Result in physical units. Units depends on the BSP.

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	nPercent	Result as a percentage of the reference voltage used for the conversion: 0 = 0%, 65535 = 100%
uint32_t	nMicrovolts	Result in microvolts.
uint32_t	nCode	Raw ADC code from the hardware.

### 19.1.2.2 struct qapi\_Adc\_Input\_Properties\_Type\_t

ADC input properties.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	nDeviceIdx	Device index.
uint32_t	nChannelIdx	Channel index.

### 19.1.2.3 struct qapi\_AdcTM\_Input\_Properties\_Type\_t

ADC TM input properties.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	nDeviceIdx	Device index.
uint32_t	nChannelIdx	Channel index.

### 19.1.2.4 struct qapi\_ADC\_Range\_t

ADC range structure.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
int32_t	min_uv	Minimum value in microvolts.
int32_t	max_uv	Maximum value in microvolts.

### 19.1.2.5 struct qapi\_ADC\_Threshold\_Result\_t

ADC amplitude threshold result structure.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	channel	Channel that was triggered.
qapi_AD-C_Amp-Threshold_t	threshold	Threshold that was triggered.



**19.1.2.6 struct qapi\_ADC\_Device\_Properties\_t**

ADC device properties structure.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	uNumChannels	Number of ADC channels.

**19.1.2.7 struct qapi\_AdcTM\_Callback\_Payload\_Type\_t**

ADC TM callback payload structure

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
<a href="#">qapi_AD-C_Amp_Threshold_t</a>	eThreshold-Triggered	Type of threshold that triggered.
uint32_t	uTMChannel-Idx	TM channel index.
int32_t	nPhysical-Triggered	Physical value that triggered.

**19.1.2.8 struct qapi\_AdcTM\_Range\_Type\_t**

ADC TM channel range structure.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
int32_t	nPhysicalMin	Minimum threshold in physical units.
int32_t	nPhysicalMax	Maximum threshold in physical units.

**19.1.2.9 struct qapi\_AdcTM\_Request\_Params\_Type\_t**

ADC TM request parameters structure.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
<a href="#">qapi_Adc-_Input_Properties_Type_t</a>	adcTMInput-Props	ADC channel input properties.
<a href="#">qapi_AdcTM_Threshold_Cb_Type</a>	pfnAdcTM-ThresholdCb	Amplitude threshold callback type.
void *	pCtxt	Context specified when setting the threshold.

## 19.1.3 Typedef Documentation

### 19.1.3.1 typedef void(\* qapi\_ADC\_Threshold\_CB\_t)(void \*ctxt, const qapi\_ADC\_Threshold\_Result\_t \*result)

Callback invoked when an amplitude threshold is crossed.

Once the threshold is crossed, it must be re-armed or it will not trigger again.

#### Parameters

in	<i>ctxt</i>	Context specified when setting the threshold.
in	<i>result</i>	Threshold crossing result.

#### Returns

None.

### 19.1.3.2 typedef void(\* qapi\_AdcTM\_Threshold\_Cb\_Type)(void \*ctxt, const qapi\_ADC\_Threshold\_Result\_t \*result)

Callback invoked when an amplitude threshold is crossed.

Once the threshold is crossed, it must be re-armed or it will not trigger again.

#### Parameters

in	<i>ctxt</i>	Context specified when setting the threshold.
in	<i>result</i>	Threshold crossing result.

#### Returns

None.

## 19.1.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 19.1.4.1 enum qapi\_ADC\_Amp\_Threshold\_t

ADC amplitude threshold types that can be configured to be monitored using qapi\_ADC\_Set\_Threshold().

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_ADC\_THRESHOLD\_LOWER\_E** Lower threshold.  
**QAPI\_ADC\_THRESHOLD\_HIGHER\_E** Higher threshold.

## 19.2 ADC APIs

The analog-to-digital converter (ADC) allows an analog signal to be sampled and digitally represented. The SoC features an on-die ADC that supports reading multiple channels. The ADC can perform single-shot and recurring measurements.

The ADC is configurable via static parameters. See the ADC tunable board file for the statically defined parameters.

This programming interface allows client software to configure channels, perform single readings, set a threshold if the channel is an ADC TM channel before reading the channel, and get ADC data samples. The code snippet below shows an example usage.

```
* The code snippet below demonstrates use of this interface. The example
* below opens ADC to obtain a handle, sets the thresholds if the channel
* is an ADC TM channel, reads each ADC channel, and then closes the handle.
```

```
qapi_Status_t status;
qapi_ADC_Handle_t handle;
uint32_t num_channels;
uint32_t channel;
qapi_ADC_Read_Result_t result;
const char Channel_Name;
uint32_t Channel_Name_Size;
qapi_AdcTM_Input_Properties_Type_t Properties_TM;
qapi_Adc_Input_Properties_Type_t Properties;
uint32_t Enable;
const qapi_AdcTM_Request_Params_Type_t ADC_TM_Params, TM_Params_Type;
const int32 Lower_Tolerance, Higher_Tolerance, Threshold_Desired;
qapi_ADC_Amp_Threshold_t Threshold_Type;
qapi_AdcTM_Range_Type_t ADC_TM_Range;
int32 TM_Threshold_Set;

status = qapi_ADC_Open(&handle, Dummy);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

//To read ADC channels
status=qapi_ADC_Get_Input_Properties(&handle, Channel_Name,
                                     Channel_Name_Size, Properties);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

// To read and configure ADC TM channels
status=qapi_ADC_TM_Get_Input_Properties(&handle, Channel_Name,
                                       Channel_Name_Size, Properties_TM);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }
else
{
    status=qapi_ADC_Get_Range(&handle, channel, ADC_TM_Range);
    if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

    status=qapi_ADC_Set_Amp_Threshold(&handle, ADC_TM_Params,
                                     Threshold_Type, Threshold_Desired, TM_Threshold_Set);
    if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

    //Enable Thresholds (Enable = 1)
    status=qapi_ADC_TM_Enable_Thresholds(&handle, Enable, Threshold_Type);
    if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

    status=qapi_ADC_TM_Set_Tolerance(&handle, TM_Params_Type_Ptr,
                                    Lower_Tolerance, Higher_Tolerance);
```

```

if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

//Disable Thresholds (Enable = 0)
status=qapi_ADC_TM_Enable_Thresholds(&handle, Enable, Threshold_Type);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }
}

for (channel = 0; channel < num_channels; channel++)
{
    status = qapi_ADC_Read_Channel(handle, channel, &result);
    if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

    // result.microvolts contains the reading
}
status = qapi_ADC_Close(handle, false);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }
handle = NULL;

```

## 19.2.1 Function Documentation

### 19.2.1.1 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_ADC\_Open ( qapi\_ADC\_Handle\_t \* *Handle*, uint32\_t *Attributes* )**

Opens the ADC for use by a software client.

ADC clients values can only be read after successfully opening ADC.

#### Parameters

out	<i>Handle</i>	Pointer to an ADC handle.
in	<i>Attributes</i>	Reserved parameter.

#### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.
- QAPI\_ERR\_NO\_MEMORY – No memory available to support this operation.
- QAPI\_ERR\_NO\_RESOURCE – No more handles are available.

### 19.2.1.2 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_ADC\_Get\_Input\_Properties ( qapi\_ADC\_Handle\_t *Handle*, const char \* *Channel\_Name\_Ptr*, uint32\_t *Channel\_Name\_Size*, qapi\_Adc\_Input\_Properties\_Type\_t \* *Properties\_Ptr* )**

Gets the ADC channel configuration.

This function is used to get properties of ADC channels.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_ADC_Open()</a> .
in	<i>Channel_Name_Ptr</i>	Pointer to ADC channel name pointer.
in	<i>Channel_Name_Size</i>	Size of channel name string.
out	<i>Properties_Ptr</i>	ADC channel configuration.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

### 19.2.1.3 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_ADC\_Read\_Channel ( qapi\_ADC\_Handle\_t *Handle*, const qapi\_Adc\_Input\_Properties\_Type\_t \* *Input\_Prop\_Ptr*, qapi\_ADC\_Read\_Result\_t \* *Result\_Ptr* )**

Reads an ADC channel.

This function performs a blocking ADC read for the device and channel specified by the client in pAdcInputProps.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_ADC_Open()</a> .
in	<i>Input_Prop_Ptr</i>	Properties pointer of channel provided by <a href="#">qapi_ADC_Get_Input_Properties()</a> .
out	<i>Result_Ptr</i>	ADC reading result structure.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

### 19.2.1.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_ADC\_TM\_Get\_Input\_Properties ( qapi\_ADC\_Handle\_t *Handle*, const char \* *Channel\_Name\_Ptr*, uint32\_t *Channel\_Name\_Size*, qapi\_AdcTM\_Input\_Properties\_Type\_t \* *Properties\_Ptr* )**

Gets the ADC TM channel configuration.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_ADC_Open()</a> .
in	<i>Channel_Name_Ptr</i>	Pointer to the ADC TM channel name pointer.
in	<i>Channel_Name_Size</i>	Size of channel name string.
out	<i>Properties_Ptr</i>	ADC TM channel configuration.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

### 19.2.1.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_ADC\_Get\_Range ( qapi\_ADC\_Handle\_t *Handle*, const qapi\_AdcTM\_Input\_Properties\_Type\_t \* *In\_Properties\_Ptr*, qapi\_AdcTM\_Range\_Type\_t \* *ADC\_TM\_Range\_Ptr* )**

Gets the ADC TM channels range of operation.

This function gets the minimum and maximum physical value that can be set as a threshold for a given VADC TM channel.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_ADC_Open()</a> .
in	<i>In_Properties_Ptr</i>	Properties pointer of the channel provided by <a href="#">qapi_ADC_TM_Get_Input_Properties()</a> .
out	<i>ADC_TM_Range_Ptr</i>	Pointer to the channel range.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

### 19.2.1.6 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_ADC\_Set\_Amp\_Threshold ( qapi\_ADC\_Handle\_t *Handle*, const qapi\_AdcTM\_Request\_Params\_Type\_t \* *ADC\_TM\_Params\_Ptr*, qapi\_ADC\_Amp\_Threshold\_t *Threshold\_Type*, const int32\_t \* *Threshold\_Desired\_Ptr*, int32\_t \* *TM\_Threshold\_Set\_Ptr* )**

Sets the threshold-related configuration for ADC TM channels.

The threshold event is triggered once when the threshold is crossed:

- ADC\_TM\_THRESHOLD\_LOWER: current reading  $\leq$  \*Threshold\_Desired\_Ptr
- ADC\_TM\_THRESHOLD\_HIGHER: current reading  $\geq$  \*Threshold\_Desired\_Ptr

After the event is triggered, the threshold will not trigger the event again and will be in a triggered state until the client calls [qapi\\_ADC\\_Set\\_Amp\\_Threshold\(\)](#) to set a new threshold.

Note that thresholds can be disabled/re-enabled on a per client basis by calling [qapi\\_ADC\\_Clear\\_Amp\\_Threshold\(\)](#). Thresholds are enabled by default, but calling [qapi\\_ADC\\_Clear\\_Amp\\_Threshold\(\)](#) does not automatically re-enable them if they were previously disabled by a call to [qapi\\_ADC\\_Clear\\_Amp\\_Threshold\(\)](#).

**Parameters**

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_ADC_Open()</a> .
in	<i>ADC_TM_Params_Ptr</i>	Pointer to the threshold parameters.
in	<i>Threshold_Type</i>	Type of threshold.
in	<i>Threshold_Desired_Ptr</i>	Pointer to desired threshold value.
out	<i>TM_Threshold_Set_Ptr</i>	Pointer to threshold value actually set.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

### 19.2.1.7 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_ADC\_TM\_Enable\_Thresholds ( qapi\_ADC\_Handle\_t *Handle*, uint32\_t *Enable*, qapi\_ADC\_Amp\_Threshold\_t *Threshold\_Type* )**

Enables or Disables thresholds on ADC TM channel. By default, thresholds are enabled.

Thresholds are not monitored while they are disabled, and any threshold crossings that occurred while the thresholds were disabled are ignored.

Threshold values and event handles set by [qapi\\_ADC\\_Set\\_Amp\\_Threshold\(\)](#) are retained while thresholds are disabled.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_ADC_Open()</a> .
in	<i>Enable</i>	Enable or disable thresholds.
in	<i>Threshold_Type</i>	Type of threshold.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

### 19.2.1.8 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_ADC\_TM\_Set\_Tolerance ( qapi\_ADC\_Handle\_t *Handle*, const qapi\_AdcTM\_Request\_Params\_Type\_t \* *TM\_Params\_Type*, const int32\_t \* *Lower\_Tolerance*, const int32\_t \* *Higher\_Tolerance* )**

Sets thresholds based on an allowable tolerance or delta.

This API allows clients to specify a tolerance for how much the measurement can change before being notified, e.g., notify when XO\_THERM changes by 0.02 degrees C. Thresholds are set based on the current

measurement value +/- the allowable delta.

Once the tolerance has been reached or exceeded, the ADC notifies the client and automatically sets new thresholds for the tolerance. Clients must clear the tolerances for the ADC to stop monitoring. Tolerances can be cleared by setting a NULL value.

Clients can set or clear either a low tolerance, high tolerance, or both during the same function call. If the client is already monitoring a tolerance, setting a new tolerance results in an update to the previously set tolerance, i.e., the new tolerance replaces the old tolerance.

A client can set either a threshold or a tolerance on any one measurement, but not both at the same time. To allow a threshold to be set after registering a tolerance, the tolerance must be cleared by passing in NULL parameters for the tolerances.

The client event is triggered when the tolerance is met or exceeded:

- Lower: The event triggers when the `current_value <= original_value - tolerance`
- Upper: The event triggers when the `current_value >= original_value + tolerance`

#### Parameters

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_ADC_Open()</a> .
in	<i>TM_Params_Type</i>	Pointer to threshold configuration of ADCM TM channel.
in	<i>Lower_Tolerance</i>	Pointer to lower tolerance.
in	<i>Higher_Tolerance</i>	Pointer to higher tolerance.

#### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

#### 19.2.1.9 `qapi_Status_t qapi_ADC_Close ( qapi_ADC_Handle_t Handle, qbool_t keep_enabled )`

Closes a handle to the ADC when a software client is done with it.

#### Parameters

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_ADC_Open()</a> .
in	<i>keep_enabled</i>	Reserved parameter.

#### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.



## 19.3 TSENS Data Types

This section provides the type definitions for temperature sensor APIs.

### 19.3.1 Data Structure Documentation

#### 19.3.1.1 struct qapi\_TSENS\_CallbackPayloadType\_t

TSENS callback payload type structure.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_TSENS_ThresholdType_t	eThreshold	Type of threshold that was triggered.
uint32_t	uSensor	Sensor that was triggered.
int32_t	nTriggeredDeg-C	Temperature value that was triggered.

#### 19.3.1.2 struct qapi\_TSENS\_Result\_t

TSENS temperature result structure.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
int32_t	deg_c	Temperature in degrees Celsius.

## 19.3.2 Typedef Documentation

### 19.3.2.1 typedef void(\* QAPI\_Tsens\_Threshold\_Cb\_Type)(void \*pCtxt, const qapi\_TSENS\_CallbackPayloadType\_t \*pPayload)

TSENS callback function type.

### 19.3.2.2 typedef void\* qapi\_TSENS\_Handle\_t

TSENS handler type.

## 19.3.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 19.3.3.1 enum qapi\_TSENS\_ThresholdType\_t

Enumeration of TSENS temperature thresholds.

Enumerator:

**QAPIS\_TSENS\_THRESHOLD\_LOWER** Lower threshold.

**QAPIS\_TSENS\_THRESHOLD\_UPPER** Upper threshold.

**QAPIS\_TSENS\_NUM\_THRESHOLDS** Number of thresholds.

## 19.4 TSENS APIs

The temperature sensor is used to monitor the temperature of the SoC using on-die analog sensors.

This programming interface allows client software to read the temperature returned by each sensor. The code snippet below shows an example usage.

Consult hardware documentation for the placement of the sensors on the die.

```
* The code snippet below demonstrates usage of this interface. The example
* below opens TSENS to obtain a handle, gets the number of sensors, sets
* temperature thresholds for each sensor, reads each sensor's
* temperature, and then closes the handle.
```

```
qapi_Status_t status;
qapi_TSENS_Handle_t handle;
uint32_t num_sensors;
uint32_t sensor;
qapi_TSENS_Result_t result;
qapi_TSENS_ThresholdType_t Threshold_Type;
int32_t Threshold_Degree;
QAPI_Tsens_Threshold_Cb_Type Threshold_CB;

status = qapi_TSENS_Open(&handle);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

status = qapi_TSENS_Get_Num_Sensors(handle, &num_sensors);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

for (sensor = 0; sensor < num_sensors; sensor++)
{
    status = qapi_TSENS_Get_Calibration_Status(handle, sensor, &result);
    if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

    else
    {
        status=qapi_TSENS_Get_Temp(handle, sensor, &result);
        if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

        else
        {
            status= qapi_TSENS_Set_Thresholds(handle, sensor,
                Threshold_Type, Threshold_Degree,
                Threshold_CB, context_ptr);
            if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }

            else
            {
                status=qapi_TSENS_Set_Enable_Thresholds(handle,enable);
                if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }
            }
        }
    }

    // result->Deg_C is the temperature in degrees Celsius
}

status = qapi_TSENS_Close(handle);
if (status != QAPI_OK) { ... }
handle = NULL;
```

## 19.4.1 Function Documentation

### 19.4.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_TSENS_Open ( qapi_TSENS_Handle_t * Handle )`

Opens TSENS.

#### Parameters

out	<i>Handle</i>	Pointer to a TSENS handle.
-----	---------------	----------------------------

#### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

### 19.4.1.2 `qapi_Status_t qapi_TSENS_Get_Num_Sensors ( qapi_TSENS_Handle_t Handle, int32_t * Num_Sensors_Ptr )`

Gets the number of TSENS sensors.

This function gets the number of TSENS sensors supported by the SoC. The sensor index is zero-based and ranges from 0 to the number of sensors minus one.

#### Parameters

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_TSENS_Open()</a> .
out	<i>Num_Sensors_Ptr</i>	Number of sensors

#### Returns

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

### 19.4.1.3 `qapi_Status_t qapi_TSENS_Get_Temp ( qapi_TSENS_Handle_t Handle, uint32_t Sensor_Num, qapi_TSENS_Result_t * Temp_Result_Ptr )`

Gets the temperature of a specified sensor.

This function waits until a measurement is complete. This means the calling thread can be blocked by up to several hundredths of microseconds. The exact delay depends on the number of sensors present in the hardware and the hardware conversion time per sensor. There is a fixed timeout value built into this function. If the measurement does not complete before the timeout, this function returns TSENS\_ERROR\_TIMEOUT.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_TSENS_Open()</a> .
in	<i>Sensor_Num</i>	Selected sensor
out	<i>Temp_Result_Ptr</i>	Temperature reported by the sensor.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

#### 19.4.1.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_TSENS\_Get\_Calibration\_Status ( qapi\_TSENS\_Handle\_t *Handle*, uint32\_t *Sensor\_Num* )**

Gets the calibration status for a temperature sensor.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_TSENS_Open()</a> .
in	<i>Sensor_Num</i>	Selected sensor number.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.
- QAPI\_ERR\_TIMEOUT – The sensor did not return a reading before the timeout.

#### 19.4.1.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_TSENS\_Set\_Thresholds ( qapi\_TSENS\_Handle\_t *Handle*, uint32\_t *Sensor\_Num*, qapi\_TSENS\_ThresholdType\_t *Threshold\_Type*, int32\_t *Threshold\_Degree*, QAPI\_Tsens\_Threshold\_Cb\_Type *Threshold\_CB*, void \* *Context\_Ptr* )**

Sets the threshold for a sensor.

The threshold event is triggered once when the threshold is crossed. After the event is triggered, the threshold will not trigger the event again and will be in a triggered state until the client calls this function again to set a new threshold.

Note that thresholds can be disabled/reenabled on a per client basis by calling [qapi\\_TSENS\\_Set\\_Enable\\_Thresholds\(\)](#). Thresholds are enabled by default, but calling [qapi\\_TSENS\\_Set\\_Thresholds\(\)](#) does not automatically reenable them if they were previously disabled by a call to [qapi\\_TSENS\\_Set\\_Enable\\_Thresholds\(\)](#).

**Parameters**

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_TSENS_Open()</a> .
in	<i>Sensor_Num</i>	Selected sensor.
in	<i>Threshold_Type</i>	Threshold typeSelected sensor.
in	<i>Threshold_Degree</i>	Threshold in degrees centigrade.
in	<i>Threshold_CB</i>	Threshold callback.
in	<i>Context_Ptr</i>	Context pointer that is returned with the callback.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

#### 19.4.1.6 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_TSENS\_Set\_Enable\_Thresholds ( qapi\_TSENS\_Handle\_t *Handle*, int32\_t *Enable\_Threshold* )**

Sets enable/disable of a specified sensor.

Enables or disables the upper and lower thresholds that were registered by this client by calls to [qapi\\_TSENS\\_Set\\_Thresholds\(\)](#). By default, thresholds are enabled.

Thresholds are not monitored while the thresholds are disabled, and any threshold crossings that occurred while the thresholds were disabled are ignored.

Threshold values and event handles set by `DalTSENS_SetThreshold` are still retained while thresholds are disabled. This does not affect the critical thresholds. Critical thresholds are always enabled.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_TSENS_Open()</a> .
in	<i>Enable_Threshold</i>	Enable or disable the threshold.

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

#### 19.4.1.7 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_TSENS\_Close ( qapi\_TSENS\_Handle\_t *Handle* )**

Closes TSENS.

**Parameters**

in	<i>Handle</i>	Handle provided by <a href="#">qapi_TSENS_Open()</a> .
----	---------------	--

**Returns**

- QAPI\_OK – Call succeeded.
- QAPI\_ERROR – Call failed.
- QAPI\_ERR\_INVALID\_PARAM – Invalid parameters were specified.

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## 20 System Power Save Management

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This chapter describes the system power save management (PSM) data types and APIs.

- [PSM Data Types and Macros](#)
- [PSM APIs](#)

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## 20.1 PSM Data Types and Macros

This section provides PSM type definitions and macros.

### PSM Client Status Messages

- #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_FAIL` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(1)
- #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_GENERIC_FAILURE` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(2)
- #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_APP_NOT_REGISTERED` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(3)
- #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_WRONG_ARGUMENTS` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(4)
- #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_IPC_FAILURE` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(5)
- #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_INVALID_ACTIVE_TIME` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(6)

### 20.1.1 Define Documentation

#### 20.1.1.1 #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_FAIL` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(1)

Failure or invalid operation (unused).

#### 20.1.1.2 #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_GENERIC_FAILURE` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(2)

Failure to send a request to the PSM Daemon.

#### 20.1.1.3 #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_APP_NOT_REGISTERED` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(3)

The client ID passed is not a registered application.

#### 20.1.1.4 #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_WRONG_ARGUMENTS` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(4)

NULL or invalid arguments were sent.

#### 20.1.1.5 #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_IPC_FAILURE` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(5)

Internal failure to establish communication with the PSM Daemon.

#### 20.1.1.6 #define `QAPI_ERR_PSM_INVALID_ACTIVE_TIME` \_\_QAPI\_PSM\_ERROR(6)

An invalid active time was sent.

### 20.1.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 20.1.2.1 struct `psm_time_info_type`

PSM time information.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
<a href="#">psm_time_format_type_e</a>	time_format_flag	Time format. See <a href="#">psm_time_format_type_e</a> .
pm_rtc_julian_type	wakeup_time	Time in broken down format if the time_format_flag is set to PSM_TIME_IN_TM.
int	psm_duration_in_secs	Time in seconds if the time_format_flag is set to PSM_TIME_IN_SECS.

**20.1.2.2 struct psm\_info\_type**

PSM information type.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
int	active_time_in_secs	Active time is the duration the PSM server must wait before entering PSM mode. The purpose of this time is to provide a chance for the MTC server to react.
<a href="#">psm_wakeup_type_e</a>	psm_wakeup_type	Next wake up from PSM mode is for measurement purpose or measurement and network access.
<a href="#">psm_time_info_type</a>	psm_time_info	PSM time information. See <a href="#">psm_time_info_type</a> .

**20.1.2.3 struct psm\_status\_msg\_type**

PSM status message type.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
int	client_id	Client ID.
int	status	PSM status. See <a href="#">psm_status_type_e</a> .
int	reason	PSM reject reason. See <a href="#">psm_reject_reason_type_e</a> .

**20.1.3 Typedef Documentation****20.1.3.1 typedef void(\* psm\_client\_cb\_type)(psm\_status\_msg\_type \*)**

PSM status callback type.

**20.1.3.2 typedef void(\* psm\_util\_timer\_expiry\_cb\_type)(void \*, size\_t)**

PSM timer expiry callback type.

## 20.1.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 20.1.4.1 enum psm\_status\_type\_e

Enumeration of status types.

Enumerator:

**PSM\_STATUS\_REJECT** PSM enter request is rejected  
**PSM\_STATUS\_READY** Ready to enter PSM mode.  
**PSM\_STATUS\_NOT\_READY** Not ready to enter PSM.  
**PSM\_STATUS\_COMPLETE** Entered PSM mode; the system might shut down at any time.  
**PSM\_STATUS\_DISCONNECTED** PSM server is down.  
**PSM\_STATUS\_MODEM\_LOADED** Modem is loaded as part of bootup.  
**PSM\_STATUS\_MODEM\_NOT\_LOADED** Modem is not loaded as part of bootup.  
**PSM\_STATUS\_NW\_OOS** Network is OOS.  
**PSM\_STATUS\_NW\_LIMITED\_SERVICE** Network is in Limited Service state.  
**PSM\_STATUS\_HEALTH\_CHECK** Application health check.  
**PSM\_STATUS\_FEATURE\_ENABLED** Feature is dynamically enabled.  
**PSM\_STATUS\_FEATURE\_DISABLED** Feature is dynamically disabled.

### 20.1.4.2 enum psm\_reject\_reason\_type\_e

Enumeration of reasons for rejection.

Enumerator:

**PSM\_REJECT\_REASON\_NONE** No reject reason.  
**PSM\_REJECT\_REASON\_NOT\_ENABLED** PSM feature is not enabled.  
**PSM\_REJECT\_REASON\_MODEM\_NOT\_READY** Modem is not ready to enter PSM mode.  
**PSM\_REJECT\_REASON\_DURATION\_TOO\_SHORT** PSM duration is too short to enter PSM mode.  
**PSM\_REJECT\_REASON\_INCORRECT\_USAGE** PSM usage is wrong. Incorrect voting, re-vote before cancel, and other aspects will be rejected with this message.

### 20.1.4.3 enum psm\_error\_type\_e

Enumeration of PSM error types.

Enumerator:

**PSM\_ERR\_NONE** Success.  
**PSM\_ERR\_FAIL** Failure.  
**PSM\_ERR\_GENERIC\_FAILURE** Miscellaneous failure.  
**PSM\_ERR\_APP\_NOT\_REGISTERED** Application is not registered with the PSM server.  
**PSM\_ERR\_WRONG\_ARGUMENTS** Wrong input arguments.  
**PSM\_ERR\_IPC\_FAILURE** Failure to communicate with the PSM server.  
**PSM\_ERR\_INVALID\_ACTIVE\_TIME** Invalid active time value passed. Refer to 3GPP TS 24.008, Table 10.5.172 and Table 10.5.163a for valid active time values.

#### 20.1.4.4 enum psm\_time\_format\_type\_e

PSM time format.

**Enumerator:**

**PSM\_TIME\_IN\_TM** Specify time in broken down format.

**PSM\_TIME\_IN\_SECS** Specify time in seconds.

#### 20.1.4.5 enum psm\_wakeup\_type\_e

PSM wakeup type.

**Enumerator:**

**PSM\_WAKEUP\_MEASUREMENT\_ONLY** Next wake up from PSM is for measurement purpose only.

**PSM\_WAKEUP\_MEASUREMENT\_NW\_ACCESS** Next wake up from PSM is for measurement and network access.

## 20.2 PSM APIs

This section provides the PSM functions.

### 20.2.1 Function Documentation

#### 20.2.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_PSM_Client_Register ( int32_t * client_id, psm_client_cb_type cb_func, psm_status_msg_type * cb_msg )`

Makes the application known to the PSM server as a PSM-aware application. This is the first API every PSM-aware application is to call. Every application that needs network related-functionality must call this API.

Registering a client enabled the PSM-aware application to vote for the PSM time and readiness when required. The callback is used by the PSM server to inform the application of all PSM events. A maximum of 20 clients can be registered at a time with server.

##### Parameters

out	<i>client_id</i>	Pointer to the stored ID (as an integer) of the registered client.
in	<i>cb_func</i>	Callback function of type <code>psm_client_cb_type</code> . The server invokes this function to notify the client of PSM events. PSM events contain status and reason. See <a href="#">psm_status_type_e</a> and <a href="#">psm_reject_reason_type_e</a> .
in	<i>cb_msg</i>	Callback message of type <code>psm_status_msg_type</code> passed when the sent callback is invoked. This message contains the ID, status, and reason. See <a href="#">psm_status_msg_type</a> , <a href="#">psm_status_type_e</a> , and <a href="#">psm_reject_reason_type_e</a> .

##### Returns

Returns `QAPI_OK` on success or a -ve error code on failure.

- `QAPI_ERR_PSM_WRONG_ARGUMENTS` – One or more of the arguments are invalid or NULL.
- `QAPI_ERR_PSM_GENERIC_FAILURE` – Registration failed because the maximum client limit of 20 was exceeded.
- `QAPI_ERR_ESPIPE` – Some file descriptors (like pipes and FIFOs) are not seekable.

#### 20.2.1.2 `qapi_Status_t qapi_PSM_Client_Unregister ( int32_t client_id )`

Unregisters the PSM-aware application with the PSM server. Callbacks registered with the server by the application will no longer be used to send any messages by the server.

Unregistered applications cannot vote for PSM. Reregistration can be done using the [qapi\\_PSM\\_Client\\_Register\(\)](#) call. Unregistered PSM-aware applications should be prepared for device shutdown without any further information.

**Parameters**

in	<i>client_id</i>	Client ID obtained during registration.
----	------------------	---

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success or a -ve error code on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_APP\_NOT\_REGISTERED – Invalid client ID.
- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_GENERIC\_FAILURE – Communication with the server failed.

### 20.2.1.3 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_PSM\_Client\_Enter\_Psm ( int32\_t *client\_id*, psm\_info\_type \* *psm\_info* )**

Used by the application to indicate its intent to enter PSM mode.

The application must pass active\_time in seconds, time in PSM mode, and whether the next wake up is for measurement purposes or access to the network. PSM time can be accepted in either broken down format or in seconds. A PSM-aware application blocks PSM entry if this API is not called indefinitely.

**Parameters**

in	<i>client_id</i>	Client ID obtained during registration.
in	<i>psm_info</i>	Pointer to a <a href="#">psm_info_type</a> structure consisting of active time, the next wakeup time (time in PSM), and the next wakeup type. Based on the wakeup type, the server decides whether to load the modem as part of bootup.

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success or a -ve error code on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_WRONG\_ARGUMENTS – One or more of the arguments are invalid or NULL.
- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_APP\_NOT\_REGISTERED – Invalid client ID.
- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_GENERIC\_FAILURE – Communication with the server failed.

### 20.2.1.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_PSM\_Client\_Enter\_Backoff ( int32\_t *client\_id* )**

Used by the application to indicate its intent to enter PSM mode due to a network out-of-service state or if the MTC server is not reachable. The MTC server refers to any entity with which the PSM client tries to communicate over the network.

The duration for which the application wants to enter PSM mode is decided by the PSM server based on the NV item configuration NV73784 (psm\_duration\_due\_to\_oos). In a case where there is no PSM-aware application registered, the server sets the device to the PSM state independently. PSM aware can even decide to use the Enter PSM API with the intended time on receiving such status indications.

A call to backoff overwrites any valid PSM vote of the same client. Calling backoff when there is no network out-of-service will be treated as a vote to PSM with a default time as set in NV73784.

**Parameters**

in	<i>client_id</i>	Client ID obtained during registration.
----	------------------	---

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success or a -ve error code on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_APP\_NOT\_REGISTERED – Invalid client ID.
- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_GENERIC\_FAILURE – Communication with the server failed.

**20.2.1.5 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_PSM\_Client\_Cancel\_Psm ( int32\_t *client\_id* )**

Cancels a previous request to enter PSM.

**Parameters**

in	<i>client_id</i>	Client ID obtained during registration.
----	------------------	---

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success or a -ve error code on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_APP\_NOT\_REGISTERED – Invalid client ID.
- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_GENERIC\_FAILURE – Communication with the server failed.

**20.2.1.6 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_PSM\_Client\_Load\_Modem ( int32\_t *client\_id* )**

Requests the PSM server to load the modem if it is not already loaded (PIL-based flavors only).

PSM-aware applications can load the modem dynamically based on the use case to save power. Applications are informed through the callback of the modem loading success/failure. Further, applications can vote for modem loading in the next bootstrap through the [qapi\\_PSM\\_Client\\_Enter\\_Psm\(\)](#) call.

**Parameters**

in	<i>client_id</i>	Client ID obtained during registration.
----	------------------	---

**Returns**

Returns QAPI\_OK on success or a -ve error code on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_APP\_NOT\_REGISTERED – Invalid client ID.
- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_GENERIC\_FAILURE – Communication with the server failed.

### 20.2.1.7 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_PSM\_Client\_Hc\_Ack ( int32\_t *client\_id* )

Application health check acknowledge API. PSM-aware applications must call this API every time it receives a PSM\_STATUS\_HEALTH\_CHECK event.

This API ensures that every registered PSM-aware application is alive and functioning, and not stuck in a deadlock situation. Periodically, the PSM server uses the callback to send a PSM\_STATUS\_HEALTH\_CHECK event. The application must call this API to acknowledge that the application is working. On failing to respond to Health Check, the application is treated as a dead application and the server votes for PSM on behalf of the dead application.

Time in PSM is as configured in NV setting NV73784 (psm\_duration\_due\_to\_oos).

#### Parameters

in	<i>client_id</i>	Client ID obtained during registration.
----	------------------	---

#### Returns

Returns QAPI\_OK on success or a -ve error code on failure.

- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_APP\_NOT\_REGISTERED – Invalid client ID.
- QAPI\_ERR\_PSM\_GENERIC\_FAILURE – Communication with the server failed.



# 21 Device Information Module

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This chapter describes the device information data types and APIs.

- [Device Information](#)

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## 21.1 Device Information

### 21.1.1 Define Documentation

#### 21.1.1.1 #define QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_BUF\_SIZE 128

Maximum size of `qapi_Device_Info_t` valuebuf.

### 21.1.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 21.1.2.1 struct qapi\_Device\_Info\_t

QAPI device information structure.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
<code>qapi_Device_Info_ID_t</code>	id	Required information ID.
<code>qapi_Device_Info_Type_t</code>	info_type	Response type.
union <code>qapi_Device_Info_t</code>	u	Union of values.

#### 21.1.2.2 union qapi\_Device\_Info\_t.u

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
u	valuebuf	Union of buffer values.
int	valueint	Response integer value.
bool	valuebool	Response Boolean value.

#### 21.1.2.3 struct qapi\_Device\_Info\_t.u.valuebuf

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
char	buf	Response buffer.
uint32_t	len	Length of the response string.

### 21.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 21.1.3.1 enum qapi\_Device\_Info\_ID\_t

Device information types.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_BUILD\_ID\_E** Device BUILD\_ID.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_IMEI\_E** Device IMEI.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_IMSI\_E** UIM IMSI.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_OS\_VERSION\_E** Device OS version.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_MANUFACTURER\_E** Device manufacturer.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_MODEL\_ID\_E** Device model ID.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_BATTERY\_STATUS\_E** Device battery status.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_BATTERY\_PERCENTAGE\_E** Device battery percentage.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_TIME\_ZONE\_E** Device time zone.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_ICCID\_E** Device ICCID.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_4G\_SIG\_STRENGTH\_E** Network signal strength.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_BASE\_STATION\_ID\_E** Network base station ID.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_MCC\_E** Network MCC.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_MNC\_E** Network MNC.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_SERVICE\_STATE\_E** Network service status.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_MDN\_E** Device MDN.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_TAC\_E** Network tracking area code.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_CELL\_ID\_E** Network cell ID.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_RCCS\_E** Network RRC state.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_EMMS\_E** Network EMM state.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_SERVING\_PCI\_E** Network serving cell PCI.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_SERVING\_RSRQ\_E** Serving cell RSRQ.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_SERVING\_EARFCN\_E** Serving cell EARFCN.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_NETWORK\_IND\_E** Network indication.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_ROAMING\_E** Roaming status.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_LAST\_POWER\_ON\_E** Last power on time.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_CHIPID\_STRING\_E** Chipset name.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_APN\_PROFILE\_INDEX\_E** APN profile index.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_SIM\_STATE\_E** SIM state.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_NETWORK\_BEARER\_E** Network bearer.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_LINK\_QUALITY\_E** Network link quality.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_TX\_BYTES\_E** Device Tx bytes.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_RX\_BYTES\_E** Device Rx bytes.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_ANY** Any device information.

**21.1.3.2 enum qapi\_Device\_Info\_Type\_t**

Device information response types.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_TYPE\_BOOLEAN\_E** Response type is Boolean.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_TYPE\_INTEGER\_E** Response type is integer.  
**QAPI\_DEVICE\_INFO\_TYPE\_BUFFER\_E** Response type is buffer.

## 21.1.4 Function Documentation

### 21.1.4.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Device_Info_Init ( void )`

Initializes the device information context.

This function must be called before invoking other `qapi_Device_Info` APIs.

#### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success, QAPI\_ERROR on failure.

### 21.1.4.2 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Device_Info_Get ( qapi_Device_Info_ID_t id, qapi_Device_Info_t * info )`

Gets the device information for specified ID.

#### Parameters

in	<i>id</i>	Information ID.
out	<i>info</i>	Information received for the specified ID.

#### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success, QAPI\_ERROR on failure.

#### Dependencies

Before calling this API, [qapi\\_Device\\_Info\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called.

### 21.1.4.3 `qapi_Status_t qapi_Device_Info_Set_Callback ( qapi_Device_Info_ID_t id, qapi_Device_Info_Callback_t callback )`

Sets a device information callback.

#### Parameters

in	<i>id</i>	Information ID.
in	<i>callback</i>	Callback to be registered.

#### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success, QAPI\_ERROR on failure.

#### Dependencies

Before calling this API, [qapi\\_Device\\_Info\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called.

#### 21.1.4.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Device\_Info\_Release ( void )**

Releases the device information context.

##### **Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success, QAPI\_ERROR on failure.

##### **Dependencies**

Before calling this API, [qapi\\_Device\\_Info\\_Init\(\)](#) must have been called.

#### 21.1.4.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Device\_Info\_Reset ( void )**

Resets the device.

##### **Returns**

QAPI\_OK on success, QAPI\_ERROR on failure.

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## 22 LWM2M APIs

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This chapter describes the Light Weight Machine to Machine (LWM2M) data types and APIs.

- [LWM2M Data Types](#)
- [LWM2M APIs](#)

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## 22.1 LWM2M Data Types

This section provides the LWM2M data types.

### LWM2M Client Request IDs

- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_REGISTER_APP TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 1`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_REGISTER_APP_EXTENDED TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 2`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_DEREGISTER_APP TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 3`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_OBSERVE TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 4`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_CANCEL_OBSERVE TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 5`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_CREATE_OBJECT_INSTANCE TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 6`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_DELETE_OBJECT_INSTANCE TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 7`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_GET TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 8`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_SET TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 9`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LW2M_SEND_MESSAGE TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 10`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_ENCODE_APP_PAYLOAD TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 11`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_DECODE_APP_PAYLOAD TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 12`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_WAKEUP TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 13`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_CONFIG_CLIENT TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 14`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_DEFAULT_ATTR_INFO TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 15`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_SET_SRV_LIFETIME TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 16`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_GET_SRV_LIFETIME TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 17`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_ENCODE_DATA TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 18`
- `#define TXM_QAPI_LWM2M_DECODE_DATA TXM_QAPI_NET_LWM2M_BASE + 19`

### 22.1.1 Define Documentation

**22.1.1.1 #define QAPI\_LWM2M\_SERVER\_ID\_INFO( msg\_buf, msg\_len, server\_id )****Value:**

```

{
    server_id = 0x00;
    if (msg_len)
        server_id = *((uint16_t *) (msg_buf + (msg_len - 2)));
}

```

Retrieve the LWM2M server short ID from the message ID information.

**22.1.1.2 #define qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Pass\_Pool\_Ptr( a, b ) lwm2m\_update\_byte\_pool(a, b)**

Macro that passes a Byte Pool pointer for the LWM2M application.

Parameter a – Handle.

Parameter b – Pointer to the Byte Pool.

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

**Note:** This macro is only used in the DAM space.

**22.1.1.3 #define qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_DeRegister\_App( a ) lwm2m\_destroy\_indirection(a, TXM\_QAPI\_LWM2M\_DEREGISTER\_APP)**

Macro that releases a Byte Pool pointer for the LWM2M application.

Parameter a – Handle.

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

**Note:** This macro is only used in the DAM space.

**22.1.2 Data Structure Documentation****22.1.2.1 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Id\_Info\_t**

Structure to indicate the object/instance/resource ID for which the application is interested in monitoring or getting the value.

**Data fields**

Type	Parameter	Description
struct qapi_Net_LWM2M_Id_Info_s *	next	Pointer to the next ID information.
uint8_t	id_set	ID category defined in qapi_lwm2m_id.
uint16_t	object_ID	Object ID.
uint8_t	instance_ID	Object instance ID.
uint8_t	resource_ID	Resource ID.



### 22.1.2.2 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Object\_Info\_t

Structure to indicate the object/instance/resource for which the application is interested in monitoring or getting the value.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	no_object_info	Number of object information blocks.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Id_Info_t</a> *	id_info	Pointer to the ID information.

### 22.1.2.3 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Flat\_Data\_t

LWM2M resource information (in flat format) to encode/decode data payload.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
<a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Value_Type_t</a>	type	Value type.
uint16_t	id	Resource ID.
union <a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Flat_Data_t</a>	value	Union of value types.

### 22.1.2.4 union qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Flat\_Data\_t.value

Union of value types.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
bool	asBoolean	Value in boolean format.
int64_t	asInteger	Value as an integer.
double	asFloat	Value as a floating point.
<a href="#">objlink_t</a>	asObjLink	Value as a object link.
value	asBuffer	Value as a string.
value	asChildren	Value as children.

### 22.1.2.5 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Flat\_Data\_t.value.asBuffer

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	length	String length.

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t *	buffer	Pointer to the string buffer.
uint8_t	block1_more	More blocks to be received.
uint32_t	block1_num	Block number
uint16_t	block1_size	Block size
uint32_t	block1_offset	Block offset

### 22.1.2.6 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Flat\_Data\_t.value.asChildren

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	count	Count of the children.
struct qapi_Net_LWM2M_Flat_Data_s *	array	Flat data array.

### 22.1.2.7 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Resource\_Info\_t

Structure that indicates the resource information that is to be created.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
struct qapi_Net_LWM2M_Resource_Info_s *	next	Pointer to the next resource information.
uint16_t	resource_ID	Resource ID.
qapi_Net_LWM2M_Value_Type_t	type	Type of resource.
union qapi_Net_LWM2M_Resource_Info_t	value	Union of resource values.

### 22.1.2.8 union qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Resource\_Info\_t.value

Union of resource values.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
bool	asBoolean	Value in Boolean format.
int64_t	asInteger	Value as an integer.
double	asFloat	Value as a floating point.
objlink_t	asObjLink	Value as a object link.

Type	Parameter	Description
value	asBuffer	Value as a string.
value	asChildren	Value as a multi-resource instance

### 22.1.2.9 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Resource\_Info\_t.value.asBuffer

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	length	String length.
uint8_t *	buffer	Pointer to the string buffer.
uint8_t	block1_more	More blocks to be received.
uint32_t	block1_num	Block number
uint16_t	block1_size	Block size
uint32_t	block1_offset	Block offset

### 22.1.2.10 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Resource\_Info\_t.value.asChildren

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	count	Number of resources in the array.
qapi_Net_LWM2M_Flat_Data_t *	array	Array of resources.

### 22.1.2.11 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Instance\_Info\_t

Structure to indicate the instance information that is to be created.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
struct qapi_Net_LWM2M_Instance_Info_t *	next	Pointer to the next object instance.
uint8_t	instance_ID	Instance ID.
uint8_t	no_resources	Number of resources.
qapi_Net_LWM2M_Resource_Info_t *	resource_info	Pointer to the resource information.

### 22.1.2.12 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Data\_t

Structure that is populated by the application and provided to an LWM2M client when the application wants to create an instance of the LWM2M object to perform set and get operations.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
struct qapi_Net_LWM2M_Data_s *	next	Pointer to the next object data.
uint16_t	object_ID	Object ID.
uint8_t	no_instances	Number of instances.
qapi_Net_LWM2M_Instance_Info_t *	instance_info	Pointer to the instance information.

### 22.1.2.13 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Obj\_Info\_t

LWM2M object/URI-related information.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_Net_LWM2M_ID_t	obj_mask	Bitmap indicating valid object fields.
uint16_t	obj_id	Object ID.
uint16_t	obj_inst_id	Object instance ID.
uint16_t	res_id	Resource ID.
uint16_t	res_inst_id	Resource instance ID.

### 22.1.2.14 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Attributes\_t

LWM2M write attribute information.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_Net_LWM2M_Obj_Info_t	obj_info	LWM2M object information associated with write attributes.
qapi_Net_LWM2M_Write_Attr_t	set_attr_mask	Bitmap indicating valid attribute fields to set.
qapi_Net_LWM2M_Write_Attr_t	clr_attr_mask	Bitmap indicating attribute fields to clear.
uint8_t	dim	Dimension.
uint32_t	minPeriod	Minimum period.

Type	Parameter	Description
uint32_t	maxPeriod	Maximum period.
double	greaterThan	Greater than.
double	lessThan	Less than.
uint8_t	step_valid	Step validity.
double	step	Step.
struct qapi_Net_LWM2M_Attributes_s *	next	Pointer to the next attributes information.

### 22.1.2.15 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Server\_Data\_t

LWM2M server request message data and internal LWM2M client state information.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
qapi_Net_LWM2M_DL_Msg_t	msg_type	DL message type (requests, acknowledgements, or internal).
qapi_Net_LWM2M_Obj_Info_t	obj_info	Object information.
uint8_t	msg_id_len	Message ID length.
uint8_t	msg_id	Message ID. The message ID is transparent to the application, but is passed to the application for every message received from the server. The expectation is that the application stores the message ID associated with the message and passes it to the LWM2M client when a response or notification must be sent to the server. After the transaction pertaining to the message is complete, the message ID can be discarded from the application.
uint16_t	notification_id	Notification ID. When a notification is sent using <a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Send_Message()</a> , the notification ID associated with the message is returned to the caller. It is the caller's responsibility to maintain the notification ID for observation mapping. Later, when the network does a Cancel Observation for a particular notification using RESET, it is indicated using the notification ID to the caller. Using this notification ID, the caller can cancel the observation. If the cancel observation was not using RESET, obj_info should have the information based on the observation that is to be cancelled.
qapi_Net_LWM2M_Content_Type_t	content_type	Current encoded data payload content type.
uint32_t	payload_len	Encoded data payload length.
uint8_t *	payload	Encoded data payload.

Type	Parameter	Description
<a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Attributes_t</a> *	lwm2m_attr	Write attributes.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Event_t</a>	event	Internal events.
bool	accept_is_valid	Flag to check accept field is set or not.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Content_Type_t</a>	accept	Intended data payload content type.

### 22.1.2.16 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Ex\_Obj\_Data\_t

LWM2M application response message data and notification-related information.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
<a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_UL_Msg_t</a>	msg_type	UL message type (response or notification).
<a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Obj_Info_t</a>	obj_info	Object information.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Response_Code_t</a>	status_code	Application message status (applicable for responses only).
uint8_t	conf_msg	Confirmable (ACK) or nonconfirmable application response/notifications.
uint8_t	msg_id_len	Message ID length.
uint8_t	msg_id	Message ID.  The message ID is transparent to the application, but is passed to the application for every message received from the server. The expectation is that the application stores the message ID associated with the message and passes it to the LWM2M client when a response or notification must be sent to the server. After the transaction pertaining to the message is complete, the message ID can be discarded from the application.
uint32_t	observation_seq_num	Observation sequence number.

Type	Parameter	Description
uint16_t	notification_id	Notification ID. When a notification is sent using <a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Send_Message()</a> , the notification ID associated with the message is returned to the caller. It is the caller's responsibility to maintain the notification ID for observation mapping. Later, when the network does a Cancel Observation for a particular notification using RESET, it is indicated using the notification ID to the caller. Using this notification ID, the caller can cancel the observation. If the cancel observation was not using RESET, obj_info should have the information based on the observation that is to be cancelled.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Content_Type_t</a>	content_type	Encoded data payload content type.
uint32_t	payload_len	Encoded data payload length.
uint8_t *	payload	Encoded data payload.

### 22.1.2.17 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Config\_Data\_t

LWM2M config message data.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
struct qapi_Net_LWM2M_Config_Data_t *	next	Pointer to the next object data.
<a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Config_Type_t</a>	config_type	Configuration type.
union qapi_Net_LWM2M_Config_Data_t	value	Union of values.

### 22.1.2.18 union qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Config\_Data\_t.value

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
bool	asBoolean	Present as a Boolean value.
int64_t	asInteger	Present as an integer value.
double	asFloat	Present as a float value.
value	asBuffer	Present as a buffer.

### 22.1.2.19 struct qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Config\_Data\_t.value.asBuffer

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
size_t	length	Length of the buffer.
uint8_t *	buffer	Pointer to the buffer.

## 22.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 22.1.3.1 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Object\_ID\_t

Enum used to identify a particular object with an object ID.

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_OBJECT\_ID\_E** Device object ID.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FIRMWARE\_UPDATE\_OBJECT\_ID\_E** Firmware update object ID.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_LOCATION\_OBJECT\_ID\_E** Location object ID.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SOFTWARE\_MGNT\_OBJECT\_ID\_E** Software management object ID.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_CAP\_OBJECT\_ID\_E** Device capability object ID.

### 22.1.3.2 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Devicecap\_Resource\_Id\_t

Enum used to identify a particular resource of a device capability object.

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_RES\_M\_PROPERTY\_E** Property resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_RES\_M\_GROUP\_E** Group resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_RES\_O\_DESCRIPTION\_E** Description resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_RES\_O\_ATTACHED\_E** Attached resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_RES\_M\_ENABLED\_E** Enabled resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_RES\_M\_OP\_ENABLE\_E** Operation enable.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_RES\_M\_OP\_DISABLE\_E** Operation disable.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_RES\_O\_NOTIFY\_EN\_E** Notify EN ??.

### 22.1.3.3 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Fota\_Resource\_Id\_t

Enum to identify valid firmware update resource IDs.

#### Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RES\_M\_PACKAGE\_E** Package resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RES\_M\_PACKAGE\_URI\_E** Package URI resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RES\_M\_UPDATE\_E** Update resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RES\_M\_STATE\_E** State resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RES\_M\_UPDATE\_RESULT\_E** Update result resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RES\_O\_PACKAGE\_NAME\_E** Package name resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RES\_O\_PACKAGE\_VERSION\_E** Package version resource.



**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RES\_O\_UPDATE\_PROTOCOL\_SUPPORT\_E** Update protocol support resource.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RES\_M\_UPDATE\_DELIVERY\_METHOD\_E** Update delivery method resource.

#### 22.1.3.4 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Fota\_Result\_t

Enum to identify valid firmware update results.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RESULT\_INITIAL\_E** Initial result.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RESULT\_UPDATE\_SUCCESS\_E** Update success.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RESULT\_NOT\_ENOUGH\_STORAGE\_E** Not enough storage.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RESULT\_OUT\_OF\_MEMORY\_E** Out of memory.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RESULT\_CONNECTION\_LOST\_E** Connection was lost.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RESULT\_CRC\_CHECK\_FAIL\_E** CRC check failed.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RESULT\_UNSUPPORTED\_PACKAGE\_TYPE\_E** Unsupported package type.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RESULT\_INVALID\_URI\_E** Invalid URI.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RESULT\_UPDATE\_FAILED\_E** Update failed.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_RESULT\_UNSUPPORTED\_PROTOCOL\_E** Unsupported protocol.

#### 22.1.3.5 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Fota\_Supported\_Protocols\_t

Enum to identify supported protocols.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_PROTOCOL\_COAP** COAP Protocol.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_PROTOCOL\_COAPS** COAPS Protocol.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_PROTOCOL\_HTTP** HTTP Protocol.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_PROTOCOL\_HTTPS** HTTPS Protocol.

#### 22.1.3.6 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Fota\_Update\_Delivery\_Method\_t

Enum to identify the update delivery method.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_UPDATE\_PULL\_E** Supports only the package method.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_UPDATE\_PUSH\_E** Supports only the package URI method.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FOTA\_UPDATE\_BOTH\_E** Supports both the package and package URI methods.

#### 22.1.3.7 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Location\_Resource\_Id\_t

Enum to identify the location resource ID.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_LOCATION\_RES\_O\_RADIUS\_E** Location resource is the radius.

**22.1.3.8 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_SW\_Mgmt\_Resource\_Id\_t**

Enum to identify a particular resource of a software management object.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_RES\_O\_PACKAGE\_NAME\_E** Resource ID for Package Name.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_RES\_O\_PACKAGE\_VERSION\_E** Resource ID for Package Version.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_RES\_O\_PACKAGE\_E** Resource ID for Package.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_RES\_O\_PACKAGE\_URI\_E** Resource ID for Package URI.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_RES\_M\_INSTALL\_E** Resource ID for Install.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_RES\_M\_UNINSTALL\_E** Resource ID for Uninstall.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_RES\_M\_UPDATE\_STATE\_E** Resource ID for Update State.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_RES\_M\_UPDATE\_RESULT\_E** Resource ID for Update Result.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_RES\_M\_ACTIVATE\_E** Resource ID for Activate.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_RES\_M\_DEACTIVATE\_E** Resource ID for Deactivate.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_RES\_M\_ACTIVATION\_STATE\_E** Resource ID for Activation State.

**22.1.3.9 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_SW\_Mgmt\_Error\_Value\_t**

Enum to identify a particular error value of a software management object.

**Enumerator:**

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_INITIAL\_E** Update result is Initial.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_DOWNLOADING\_E** Update result is Downloading.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_INSTALL\_SUCCESS\_E** Update result is Install Success.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_NO\_ENOUGH\_STORAGE\_E** Update result is Not Enough Storage.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_OUT\_OF\_MEMORY\_E** Update result is Device is Out of Memory.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_CONNECTION\_LOST\_E** Update result is Connection Lost.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_PKG\_CHECK\_FAILURE\_E** Update result is Package Check Failure.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_PKG\_UNSUPPORTED\_E** Update result is Package Unsupported.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_INVALID\_URI\_E** Update result is Invalid URI.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_UPDATE\_ERROR\_E** Update result is Update Error.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_INSTALL\_ERROR\_E** Update result is Install Error.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_RES\_UNINSTALL\_ERROR\_E** Update result is Uninstall Error.

**22.1.3.10 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_SW\_Mgnt\_State\_t**

Enum to identify the particular state of a software management object.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_STATE\_INITIAL\_E** Update state is Initial.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_STATE\_DOWNLOAD\_STARTED\_E** Update state is Download Started.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_STATE\_DOWNLOADED\_E** Update state is Downloaded.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_STATE\_DELIVERED\_E** Update state is Delivered.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SW\_MGNT\_UPDATE\_STATE\_INSTALLED\_E** Update state is Installed.

**22.1.3.11 enum qapi\_Net\_Firmware\_State\_t**

Enum to identify the particular state of a firmware object.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FIRMWARE\_STATE\_IDLE\_E** Firmware state is Idle.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FIRMWARE\_STATE\_DOWNLOADING\_E** Firmware state is Downloading.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FIRMWARE\_STATE\_DOWNLOADED\_E** Firmware state is Downloaded.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_FIRMWARE\_STATE\_UPDATING\_E** Firmware state is Updating.

**22.1.3.12 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_ID\_t**

Enum to identify the type of ID set in the LWM2M object information.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_OBJECT\_ID\_E** Object ID.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_INSTANCE\_ID\_E** Instance ID.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_RESOURCE\_ID\_E** Resource ID.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_RESOURCE\_INSTANCE\_ID\_E** Resource instance ID.

**22.1.3.13 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Value\_Type\_t**

Enum to identify the type of resource value.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TYPE\_UNDEFINED** Resource value type is Undefined.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TYPE\_OBJECT** Resource value type is Object.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TYPE\_OBJECT\_INSTANCE** Resource value type is Object Instance.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TYPE\_MULTIPLE\_RESOURCE** Resource value type is Multiple Resource.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TYPE\_STRING\_E** Resource value type is String.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TYPE\_OPAQUE\_E** Resource value type is Opaque.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TYPE\_INTEGER\_E** Resource value type is Integer.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TYPE\_FLOAT\_E** Resource value type is Float.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TYPE\_BOOLEAN\_E** Resource value type is Boolean.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TYPE\_OBJECT\_LINK** Resource value type is Object Link.

### 22.1.3.14 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Write\_Attr\_t

LWM2M write attribute types.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_MIN\_PERIOD\_E** Minimum period.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_MAX\_PERIOD\_E** Maximum period.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_GREATER\_THAN\_E** Greater than.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_LESS\_THAN\_E** Less than.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_STEP\_E** Step.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DIM\_E** Dimension.

### 22.1.3.15 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_DL\_Msg\_t

LWM2M downlink message types.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_READ\_REQ\_E** Read request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_WRITE\_REPLACE\_REQ\_E** Write replace request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_WRITE\_PARTIAL\_UPDATE\_REQ\_E** Write partial update request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_WRITE\_ATTR\_REQ\_E** Write attribute request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DISCOVER\_REQ\_E** Discover request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_EXECUTE\_REQ\_E** Execute request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DELETE\_REQ\_E** Delete request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_OBSERVE\_REQ\_E** Observe request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_CANCEL\_OBSERVE\_REQ\_E** Cancel observe request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_ACK\_MSG\_E** Acknowledge message.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_INTERNAL\_CLIENT\_IND\_E** Internal client indication.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_CREATE\_REQ\_E** Create request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DELETE\_ALL\_REQ\_E** Delete all request.

### 22.1.3.16 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_UL\_Msg\_t

LWM2M uplink message types.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_RESPONSE\_MSG\_E** Response message.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_NOTIFY\_MSG\_E** Notify message.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_CREATE\_RESPONSE\_MSG\_E** Create response message.

### 22.1.3.17 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Event\_t

LWM2M event information.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_STATE\_INITIAL\_E** Initial state.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_BOOTSTRAP\_REQUIRED\_E** Bootstrap required event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_BOOTSTRAP\_COMPLETED\_E** Bootstrap completed event.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_BOOTSTRAP\_FAILED\_E** Bootstrap failed event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_REGISTRATION\_COMPLETED\_E** Registration completed event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_REGISTRATION\_FAILED\_E** Registration failed event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_REBOOT\_E** Device reboot event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_FACTORY\_RESET\_E** Device factory reset event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_DEVICE\_REBOOTSTRAPPING\_E** Device rebootstrapping event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TX\_MESSAGE\_MAX\_RETRY\_FAILURE\_E** Tx message maximum retry failure event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_RX\_MESSAGE\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE\_E** Rx message internal failure event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SLEEP\_E** Sleep event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_WAKEUP\_E** Wake-up event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_CLIENT\_RESET\_E** Reset event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_LIFETIME\_UPDATE\_E** Lifetime update event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_REGISTER\_UPDATE\_E** Register update event.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_BOOTSTRAP\_START\_E** Bootstrap required event.

### 22.1.3.18 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Response\_Code\_t

LWM2M response status codes.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_IGNORE\_E** Ignore.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_201\_CREATED\_E** 201 - Created.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_202\_DELETED\_E** 202 - Deleted.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_204\_CHANGED\_E** 204 - Changed.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_205\_CONTENT\_E** 205 - Content.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_400\_BAD\_REQUEST\_E** 400 - Bad request.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_401\_UNAUTHORIZED\_E** 401 - Unauthorized.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_402\_BAD\_OPTION\_E** 402 - Bad option.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_403\_FORBIDDEN\_E** 403 - Forbidden.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_404\_NOT\_FOUND\_E** 404 - Not found.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_405\_METHOD\_NOT\_ALLOWED\_E** 405 - Method is not allowed.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_406\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_E** 406 - Not acceptable.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_408\_ENTITY\_INCOMPLETE\_E** 408 - Request Entity Incomplete.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_413\_ENTITY\_TOO\_LARGE\_E** 413 - Request entity too large.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_415\_UNSUPPORTED\_DATA\_FORMAT\_E** 415 - Unsupported content format.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_500\_INTERNAL\_SERVER\_E** 500 - Internal server.

### 22.1.3.19 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Content\_Type\_t

LWM2M message content type.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TEXT\_PLAIN** Plain text.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TEXT\_XML** XML text.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TEXT\_CSV** CSV text.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_TEXT\_HTML** HTML text.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_LINK\_FORMAT** Application link format.

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_XML** Application XML.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_OCTET\_STREAM** Application Octet stream.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_RDF\_XML** Application RDF XML.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_SOAP\_XML** Application SOAP XML.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_ATOM\_XML** Application ATOM XML.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_XMPP\_XML** Application XMPP XML.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_EXI** Application EXI.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_FASTINFOSET** Application FastInfoSet.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_SOAP\_FASTINFOSET** Application SOAP FastInfoSet.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_JSON** Application JSON.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_APPLICATION\_X\_OBIX\_BINARY** Application X OBIX binary.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_M2M\_TLV** M2M TLV.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_M2M\_JSON** M2M JSON.

### 22.1.3.20 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Config\_Type\_t

LWM2M configuration parameter type.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_CONFIG\_BOOTSTRAP\_URL** Configure the bootstrap URL.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_CONFIG\_APN\_NAME** Configure the APN name.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_CONFIG\_SECURITY\_MODE** Configure the security mode.

### 22.1.3.21 enum qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Security\_Mode\_t

LWM2M security mode type.

Enumerator:

**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SECURITY\_MODE\_PRE\_SHARED\_KEY** Preshared Key mode.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SECURITY\_RAW\_PUBLIC\_KEY** Raw Public Key mode.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SECURITY\_CERTIFICATE** Security Certificate mode.  
**QAPI\_NET\_LWM2M\_SECURITY\_NONE** No security mode.

## 22.2 LWM2M APIs

This section provides the LWM2M APIs.

### 22.2.1 Typedef Documentation

#### 22.2.1.1 typedef qapi\_Status\_t(\* qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_CB\_t)(qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t handle, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Data\_t \*lwm2m\_data)

Callback registered from the application, which is used by the LWM2M client to indicate the resource value change to the application.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Register_App_Extended()</a> .
in	<i>lwm2m_data</i>	Pointer to the LWM2M data.

##### Returns

See Section 11.1.

On success, [QAPI\\_OK\(0\)](#) is returned. Other value on error.

#### 22.2.1.2 typedef qapi\_Status\_t(\* qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Extended\_CB\_t)(qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t handle, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Server\_Data\_t \*lwm2m\_srv\_data, void \*user\_data)

Callback registered from the application, which is used by the LWM2M client to indicate any extended object-specific messages from the server to the appropriate application. Each server message request is associated with a message ID and passed to the caller as part of the LWM2M server. The application must maintain the message ID to message mapping and use the message ID for any further transactions that involve responses or notification events pertaining to the message.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_Net_LWM2M_Register_App_Extended()</a> .
in	<i>lwm2m_srv_data</i>	Pointer to the LWM2M server data.
in	<i>user_data</i>	Pointer to the user data.

##### Returns

See Section 11.1.

On success, [QAPI\\_OK\(0\)](#) is returned. Other value on error.

## 22.2.2 Function Documentation

### 22.2.2.1 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Register\_App\_Extended ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t \* *handle*, void \* *user\_data*, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Extended\_CB\_t *user\_cb\_fn* )**

Registers an application with an LWM2M client along with a callback handle. The application gets a handle on successful registration with the LWM2M client and must use this handle for subsequent calls to the LWM2M client in the APIs.

#### Parameters

in, out	<i>handle</i>	Handle that is provided to the application on successful registration.
in	<i>user_data</i>	Transparent user data payload (to be returned in the user callback).
in	<i>user_cb_fn</i>	User client callback handle to forward data to the application.

#### Returns

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

### 22.2.2.2 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_DeRegister\_App ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t *handle* )**

Deregisters an application. Any object instances associated with the handle are automatically cleaned up as a result of deregistration.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle that was provided to the application on successful registration.
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#### Returns

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

### 22.2.2.3 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Observe ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t *handle*, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_CB\_t *observe\_cb\_fn*, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Object\_Info\_t \* *observe\_info* )**

Used by the application to indicate to the LWM2M client the object/instance/resource that the application is interested in observing. Only allowed for standard objects.



**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>observe_cb_fn</i>	Application callback to be invoked on a value change.
in	<i>observe_info</i>	Object/instance/resource information that the application is interested in monitoring on on the LWM2M client.

**Returns**

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

#### 22.2.2.4 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Cancel\_Observe ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t *handle*, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Object\_Info\_t \* *observe\_info* )**

Used by the application to cancel the observation.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>observe_info</i>	Object/instance/resource information for which the application is to cancel the observation.

**Returns**

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

#### 22.2.2.5 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Create\_Object\_Instance ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t *handle*, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Data\_t \* *lwm2m\_data* )**

Creates standard/custom LWM2M object instances from the application. Only one object instance is allowed at a time. Applications are allowed to create instances of standard objects at any time and can pass the information associated with the instance. However, custom/extensible object instances can only be created by the application within the bootstrap window during the bootstrap phase. If the application missed the bootstrap window internally, rebootstrapping can be set to force the device to perform rebootstrapping on the next reboot, and the application is then allowed to create the new object instance. It is not required by the application to pass the information of the custom object instance.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>lwm2m_data</i>	LWM2M object instance and its resource information.

**Returns**

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

#### 22.2.2.6 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Delete\_Object\_Instance ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t *handle*, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Object\_Info\_t \* *instance\_info* )**

Deletes an LWM2M object instance from the application. Only one object instance deletion is allowed at a time.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>instance_info</i>	LWM2M object instance and its resource information.

##### Returns

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

#### 22.2.2.7 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Get ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t *handle*, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Object\_Info\_t \* *lwm2m\_info\_req*, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Data\_t \*\* *lwm2m\_data* )**

Gets the value of the LWM2M object/instance/resource from the application. Only one query of an object instance is allowed at a time.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>lwm2m_info_req</i>	Object/instance/resource information requested from the application.
out	<i>lwm2m_data</i>	Value of the LWM2M object/instance/resource information.

##### Returns

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

#### 22.2.2.8 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Set ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t *handle*, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Data\_t \* *lwm2m\_data* )**

Sets the value of LWM2M resources. Only one object instance setting is allowed at a time.

Note that only the following resources are available to be set (per the OMA Specification):

- Firmware update (by kernel applications only)
  - (3) State
  - (5) Update Result

- (6) PkgName
- (7) PkgVersion
- (8) Firmware Update Protocol Support
- (9) Firmware Update Delivery Method
- Software management object
  - (7) Update State
  - (9) Update Result
  - (12) Activation State
- Device capability
  - (0) Property
  - (1) Group
  - (2) Description
  - (3) Attached
  - (4) Enabled
- Device object
  - (0) Manufacturer
  - (1) Model Number
  - (2) Serial Number (by kernel applications only)
  - (3) Firmware Version (by kernel applications only)
  - (18) Hardware Version (by kernel applications only)
  - (19) Software Version (by kernel applications only)

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>lwm2m_data</i>	Value of the LWM2M resource to be set.

#### Returns

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

#### 22.2.2.9 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Send\_Message ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t *handle*, qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Ex\_Obj\_Data\_t \* *lwm2m\_app\_data* )**

Sends application data, which can be responses or notification events, to the server. For notifications, a notification ID is returned by the LWM2M client, and it is the application's responsibility to store this notification ID. If there is an observation cancellation, the LWM2M client will send this notification ID through the registered callback. Applications can encode the data payload using their own encode functions.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in, out	<i>lwm2m_app_data</i>	Value of the LWM2M extended/custom object information to be sent. The application is responsible for releasing any allocated resources.

**Returns**

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

**22.2.2.10** `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_LWM2M_Encode_Data ( qapi_Net_LWM2M-  
_App_Handler_t handle, qapi_Net_LWM2M_Obj_Info_t * obj_info,  
qapi_Net_LWM2M_Flat_Data_t * in_dec_data, size_t in_dec_data_size,  
qapi_Net_LWM2M_Attributes_t * write_attr, qapi_Net_LWM2M_Content-  
_Type_t enc_content_type, uint8_t ** out_enc_data, uint32_t *  
out_enc_data_len )`

Utility function to encode application response/notification data before sending them to the server. If applications have their own encoding functions, they are free to use those functions to encode the data payload.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>obj_info</i>	Object/URI information.
in	<i>in_dec_data</i>	Input data that is to be encoded.
in	<i>in_dec_data_size</i>	Input data size (in buffers).
in	<i>write_attr</i>	Write attribute information.
in	<i>enc_content_type</i>	Encoding format of the data.
out	<i>out_enc_data</i>	Output data buffer in encoded format. Resources are allocated internally. The application is responsible for releasing any allocated resources.
out	<i>out_enc_data_len</i>	Output encoded data buffer length.

**Returns**

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

**22.2.2.11** `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_LWM2M_Decode_Data ( qapi_Net_LWM2M_App_Handler_t handle, qapi_Net_LWM2M_Obj_Info_t * obj_info, uint8_t * in_enc_data, uint32_t in_enc_data_len, qapi_Net_LWM2M_Content_Type_t dec_content_type, qapi_Net_LWM2M_Flat_Data_t ** out_dec_data, size_t * out_dec_data_size )`

Utility function to decode the server request data received through the registered application callback. If applications have their own decoding functions, they are free to use those functions to decode the data payload.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>obj_info</i>	Object/URI information.
in	<i>in_enc_data</i>	Input data that is to be decoded.
in	<i>in_enc_data_len</i>	Input data length.
in	<i>dec_content_type</i>	Decoding format of the input data.
out	<i>out_dec_data</i>	Output data buffer in decoded format. Resources are allocated internally. The application is responsible for releasing any allocated resources.
out	<i>out_dec_data_size</i>	Output decoded data size (in buffers).

#### Returns

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

**22.2.2.12** `qapi_Status_t qapi_Net_LWM2M_Wakeup ( qapi_Net_LWM2M_App_Handler_t handle, uint8_t * msg_id, uint8_t msg_id_len )`

Wakes up the LWM2M client module to send notifications to the server.

Wake-up and Sleep states of the LWM2M client are indicated to the application using the `qapi_net_LWM2M_Server_Data_t.event` registered callback. The application is responsible for tracking the states of the LWM2M client.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>msg_id</i>	Message ID information associated with the request.
in	<i>msg_id_len</i>	Message ID information length.

#### Returns

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

### 22.2.2.13 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Default\_Attribute\_Info ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t *handle*, uint16\_t *server\_id*, uint32\_t \* *p\_min*, uint32\_t \* *p\_max* )**

Gets the value of the default Pmin and Pmax information for a specific server.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>server_id</i>	Server ID information (use QAPI_LWM2M_SERVER_ID_INFO macro).
out	<i>p_min</i>	Default "p_min" server attribute value.
out	<i>p_max</i>	Default "p_max" server attribute value.

#### Returns

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK(0) is returned. Other value on error.

### 22.2.2.14 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Set\_ServerLifeTime ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t *handle*, uint8\_t \* *url\_info*, uint32\_t *life\_time* )**

Configures the server life time information in the LWM2M client from the application. If the device is connected to only a single server, it is optional to pass the URL information.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>url_info</i>	URL information of the server.
in	<i>life_time</i>	Server life time information to be configured.

#### Returns

See Section 11.1.

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

### 22.2.2.15 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_Get\_ServerLifeTime ( qapi\_Net\_LWM2M\_App\_Handler\_t *handle*, uint8\_t \* *url\_info*, uint32\_t \* *life\_time* )**

Retrieves the server life time information from the LWM2M client to the application. If the device is connected to only a single server, it is optional to pass the URL information.

#### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle received after successful application registration.
in	<i>url_info</i>	URL information of the server.

out	<i>life_time</i>	Server life time information that is configured.
-----	------------------	--

**Returns**

See Section [11.1](#).

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

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## 23 AT Forward Service Framework

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- AT Forward Macros
- Register New AT Commands
- Deregister an AT Command
- Send a Response
- Send a URC Response

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## 23.1 AT Forward Macros

### 23.1.1 Define Documentation

#### 23.1.1.1 #define qapi\_atfwd\_Pass\_Pool\_Ptr( a, b ) atfwd\_set\_byte\_pool(a,b)

Macro that passes a Byte Pool pointer for the ATFWD application.

Parameter a – Pointer to the callback corresponding with the AT commands registered by the client with ATFWD.

Parameter b – Pointer to the Byte Pool.

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

**Note:** This macro is only used in the DAM space.

#### 23.1.1.2 #define qapi\_atfwd\_release\_byte\_pool( a ) atfwd\_release\_byte\_pool(a)

Macro that releases a Byte Pool pointer for the ATFWD application.

Parameter a – Pointer to the callback corresponding with the AT commands registered by the client with ATFWD.

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

**Note:** This macro is only used in the DAM space.

## 23.2 Register New AT Commands

### 23.2.1 Function Documentation

#### 23.2.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_atfwd_reg ( char * name, at_fwd_cb_type atfwd_callback )`

Registers new custom AT commands along with their respective callbacks.

##### Parameters

in	<i>name</i>	Pointer to an AT commands string.
in	<i>atfwd_callback</i>	Pointer to the callback corresponding to the AT commands.

##### Returns

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

## 23.3 Deregister an AT Command

### 23.3.1 Function Documentation

#### 23.3.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_atfwd_dereg ( char * name )`

Deregisters AT commands.

##### Parameters

in	<i>name</i>	Pointer to the AT commands list.
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##### Returns

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

## 23.4 Send a Response

### 23.4.1 Function Documentation

#### 23.4.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_atfwd_send_resp ( char * atcmd_name, char * buf, uint32_t result )`

Sends a response.

##### Parameters

in	<i>atcmd_name</i>	Pointer to the particular AT command to which this response corresponds.
in	<i>buf</i>	Pointer to the buffer containing the response.
in	<i>result</i>	0 – Result ERROR. This is to be set in case of ERROR or CME ERROR. The response buffer contains the entire details. 1 – Result OK. This is to be set if the final response is to send an OK result code to the terminal.

##### Returns

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

## 23.5 Send a URC Response

### 23.5.1 Function Documentation

#### 23.5.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_atfwd_send_urc_resp ( char * atcmd_name, char * at_urc )`

Sends a URC response.

##### Parameters

in	<i>atcmd_name</i>	Pointer to the particular AT command to which this response corresponds.
in	<i>at_urc</i>	Pointer to the buffer containing the response.

##### Returns

On success, QAPI\_OK is returned. On error, QAPI\_ERROR is returned.

## 24 QAPI Utility APIs

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This chapter contains APIs for QAPI utility functions.

- [Driver Access APIs for the DAM Application Space](#)
- [Command Line Interface](#)

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## 24.1 Driver Access APIs for the DAM Application Space

This section provides helper function that can access a list to store user space pointer details for DAM applications.

### 24.1.1 Function Documentation

#### 24.1.1.1 `qapi_Status_t qapi_data_map_u_addr_to_handle ( void * handle, unsigned int app_type, void * u_addr, unsigned int addr_len )`

Utility API to map a user space address to the handle. Only needs to be used in the DAM Application space.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Networking stack module handle.
in	<i>app_type</i>	Identifies the networking stack module.
in	<i>u_addr</i>	User space address pointer.
in	<i>addr_len</i>	Size of the user space address that is allocated.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success or <0 on failure.

#### 24.1.1.2 `qapi_Status_t qapi_data_map_handle_to_u_addr ( void * handle, unsigned int app_type, void ** u_addr )`

Utility API to retrieve the user space address corresponding to the handle. Only needs to be used in the DAM Application space.

##### Parameters

in	<i>handle</i>	Networking stack module handle.
in	<i>app_type</i>	Identifies the networking stack module.
out	<i>u_addr</i>	User space address pointer mapped to the handle.

##### Returns

QAPI\_OK on success or <0 on failure.

## 24.2 Command Line Interface

### 24.2.1 Data Structure Documentation

#### 24.2.1.1 struct qapi\_CLI\_Parameter\_t

This structure contains the information for a single parameter entered into the command line.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t *	String_Value	String value.
int32_t	Integer_Value	Integer value (if the string was successfully converted).
bool	Integer_Is_Valid	Flag indicating whether the integer is valid.

#### 24.2.1.2 struct qapi\_CLI\_Command\_t

Structure that represents the information for a single command in a command list.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
<a href="#">qapi_CLI_Command_Function_t</a>	Command_Function	Function to be called when the command is executed from the CLI.
bool	Start_Thread	Flag that indicates whether the command is to start on its own thread.
const uint8_t *	Command_String	String representation of the function.
const uint8_t *	Usage_String	Usage string for the command.
const uint8_t *	Description	Description string for the command.
<a href="#">qapi_CLI_Command_Function_a</a>	abort_function	Abort function.

#### 24.2.1.3 struct qapi\_CLI\_Command\_Group\_t

Structure that represents a command group that can be registered with the CLI.

##### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
const uint8_t *	group_string	String representation of the group.
uint32_t	command_count	Number of commands in the group.
const <a href="#">qapi_CLI_Command_t</a> *	command_list	List of commands for the group.



### 24.2.1.4 struct qapi\_CLI\_Parameter\_Data\_t

Structure that represents command parameters.

#### Data fields

Type	Parameter	Description
uint8_t	index	Index of the command group corresponding to the command.
uint32_t	parameter_count	Number of parameters passed in the command.
<a href="#">qapi_CLI_Parameter_t</a> *	parameter_list	List of parameters.

## 24.2.2 Typedef Documentation

### 24.2.2.1 typedef qapi\_Status\_t(\* qapi\_CLI\_Command\_Function\_t)(uint32\_t parameter\_count, qapi\_CLI\_Parameter\_t \*parameter\_list)

Type that represents the format of a function that processes commands from the CLI.

#### Parameters

<i>handle</i>	Handle received from <a href="#">qapi_CLI_Register_Command_Group()</a> .
<i>parameter_count</i>	Number of parameters that were specified to the CLI for the function.
<i>parameter_list</i>	List of parameters specified to the CLI for the function.

#### Returns

See Section [11.1](#).

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

## 24.2.3 Function Documentation

### 24.2.3.1 qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_CLI\_Register\_Command\_Group ( qapi\_CLI\_App\_Handler\_t \* *handle*, void \* *user\_data*, qapi\_CLI\_Command\_Group\_t \* *command\_group*, qapi\_CLI\_Command\_CB\_t *user\_cb\_fn* )

Registers a command group with the CLI.

**Parameters**

in, out	<i>handle</i>	Handle that is provided to the application on successful registration.
in	<i>user_data</i>	Transparent user data payload (to be returned in the user callback).
in	<i>command_group</i>	Command group to be registered. Note that this function assumes the command group information will be constant and simply stores a pointer to the data. If the command group and its associated information is not constant, its memory must be retained until the command is unregistered.
in	<i>user_cb_fn</i>	User client callback handle to forward data to the application.

**Returns**

See Section [11.1](#).

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

### 24.2.3.2 **qapi\_Status\_t qapi\_CLI\_Unregister\_Command\_Group ( qapi\_CLI\_App\_Handler\_t \* *handle* )**

Unregisters a command group from the CLI.

**Parameters**

in	<i>handle</i>	Handle for the group to be unregistered. This will be the value returned from <a href="#">qapi_CLI_Register_Command_Group()</a> when the function was registered.
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**Returns**

See Section [11.1](#).

On success, QAPI\_OK (0) is returned. Other value on error.

# A TLS/DTLS Supported Ciphersuites

The ciphersuites in the following table are supported for transport layer security (TLS) and datagram transport layer security (DTLS).

Ciphersuite	Defined ciphersuite's name	TLS1.2/ DTLS1.2 supported ciphers	TLS1.1, TLS1.0, or DTLS 1.0 supported ciphers only
	TLS_NULL_WITH_NULL_NULL	No	No
PSK (preshared keys)	TLS_PSK_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	No	No
	TLS_PSK_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	No	No
	TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	Yes	Yes
	TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	Yes	Yes
	TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	Yes	No
	TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	Yes	No
	TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	Yes	No
ECDHE_ECDSA (Ephemeral Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman with Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm key)	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_NULL_SHA	No	No
	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	No	No
	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	No	No
	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	Yes	Yes
	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	Yes	Yes
	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	Yes	No
	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384	Yes	No
	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	Yes	No
ECDH_ECDSA (Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman with Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm key)	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_NULL_SHA	No	No
	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	No	No
	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	No	No
	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	Yes	Yes
	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	Yes	Yes
	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	Yes	No
	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384	Yes	No
	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	Yes	No
	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	Yes	No

Ciphersuite	Defined ciphersuite's name	TLS1.2/ DTLS1.2 supported ciphers	TLS1.1, TLS1.0, or DTLS 1.0 supported ciphers only
ECDHE_RSA	TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_NULL_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256	No No No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No Yes Yes No No No No No No
ECDH_RSA	TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_NULL_SHA TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	No No No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No Yes Yes No No No No No
DHE_RSA (Diffie-Hellman signed using RSA keys)	TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CCM TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CCM_8 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256	No No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No Yes Yes No No No No No No No No No
RSA	TLS_RSA_WITH_NULL_MD5 TLS_RSA_WITH_NULL_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5 TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_NULL_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	No No No No Yes No Yes Yes No Yes	No No No No Yes Yes Yes Yes No No

<b>Ciphersuite</b>	<b>Defined ciphersuite's name</b>	<b>TLS1.2/ DTLS1.2 supported ciphers</b>	<b>TLS1.1, TLS1.0, or DTLS 1.0 supported ciphers only</b>
	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256	Yes	No
	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256	Yes	No
	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384	Yes	No
	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM	Yes	No
	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CCM	Yes	No
	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8	Yes	No
	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CCM_8	Yes	No

## B References

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### B.1 Related Documents

Title	Number
<b>Qualcomm Technologies</b>	
<i>MDM9206 Data Features Overview</i>	80-P8101-7
<i>MDM9206 Lightweight M2M User Guide</i>	80-P8101-15
<i>QAPI Overview for Application Developers</i>	80-P8101-26
<i>MDM9206 ThreadX QAPI Usage Guide</i>	80-P8101-35

### B.2 Acronyms and Terms

Acronym or term	Definition
APN	Access point name
BSD	Berkeley Software Distribution
CA	Certificate authority
CE	Call end
CLI	Command line interface
CSR	Certificate signing request
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DNS	Domain name or system
DSS	Data services sockets
DTLS	Datagram transport layer security
MTU	Maximum transmission unit
netctrl	Net control
PDP	Packet Data Protocol
PSK	Preshared key
QAPI	Qualcomm API
QMI	Qualcomm messaging interface
SPI	Serial peripheral interface
SSL	Secure sockets layer
TLS	Transport layer security
URC	Unsolicited result code